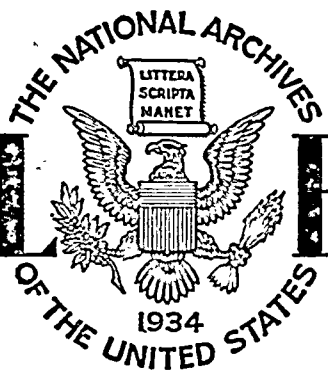


FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 17 1934 NUMBER 15

Washington, Tuesday, January 22, 1952



TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter II—The Loyalty Review Board

PART 210—THE OPERATIONS OF THE LOYALTY REVIEW BOARD

POST-AUDIT AND REVIEW OF FILES

Section 210.14 is amended to read as follows:

§ 210.14 *Post-audit and review of files.* (a) The Board, or an executive committee of the Board, shall, as deemed necessary from time to time, cause post-audits to be made of the files on loyalty cases decided by the employing department or agency, or by a regional loyalty board.

(b) The Board or an executive committee of the Board, or a duly constituted panel of the Board, shall have the right, in its discretion to call up for review any case decided by any department or agency loyalty board or regional loyalty board, or by any head of an employing department or agency, even though no appeal has been taken. Any such review shall be made by a panel of the Board, and the panel, whether or not a hearing has been held in the case, may affirm the procedural method followed and the action taken, or remand the case with appropriate instructions to the agency or regional loyalty board concerned for hearing or for such further action or procedure as the panel may determine.

(c) If a panel reviews a record on post-audit and reaches the conclusion that the determination made below does not fully recognize that it is of "vital importance" as set forth in Executive Order 9835 "that persons employed in the Federal service be of complete and unswerving loyalty to the United States," then the panel may call up the case for a hearing, and after such hearing may affirm or reverse the original determination or decision. Nevertheless, it must always be remembered that while it is important that maximum protection be afforded the United States against infiltration of disloyal persons into the ranks of its employees, equal protection must be afforded loyal employees from unfounded accusations of disloyalty.

(Part III, E. O. 9835, Mar. 21, 1947, 12 F. R. 1935; 3 CFR, 1947 Supp.)

LOYALTY REVIEW BOARD,
UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] HIRAM BINGHAM,
Chairman.

[F. R. Doc. 52-799; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter III—Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter B—Farm Ownership Loans

PART 311—BASIC REGULATIONS

SUBPART B—LOAN LIMITATIONS

AVERAGE VALUES OF FARMS AND INVESTMENT LIMITS; NORTH DAKOTA

For the purposes of title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, average values of efficient family-type farm-management units and investment limits for the counties identified below are determined to be as herein set forth. The average values and investment limits heretofore established for said counties, which appear in the tabulations of average values and investment limits under § 311.30, Chapter III, Title 6 of the Code of Federal Regulations, are hereby superseded by the average values and investment limits set forth below for said counties.

NORTH DAKOTA

County	Average value	Investment limit
Adams.....	\$18,000	\$12,000
Barnes.....	18,000	12,000
Benson.....	20,000	12,000
Billings.....	16,000	12,000
Bottineau.....	21,000	12,000
Bowman.....	15,000	12,000
Burke.....	17,000	12,000
Burleigh.....	17,000	12,000
Cass.....	21,000	12,000
Cavalier.....	21,000	12,000
Dickey.....	17,000	12,000
Divide.....	17,000	12,000
Dunn.....	17,000	12,000
Eddy.....	17,000	12,000
Emmons.....	17,000	12,000
Foster.....	21,000	12,000
Golden Valley.....	21,000	12,000
Grand Forks.....	21,000	12,000
Grant.....	17,000	12,000
Grisps.....	18,000	12,000
Hettinger.....	18,000	12,000

(Continued on p. 633)

CONTENTS

Agriculture Department	Page
See Farmers Home Administration; Forest Service; Production and Marketing Administration.	
Alien Property, Office of	
Notices:	
Vesting orders, etc.:	
Assecuranz-Union von 1865 et al	688
Deutscher Freidenker-Verband	689
Hecker, Hartman	690
Kohl, F. E. Werner	690
Matsuda, Ihichi	689
Matsuzaki, Yumi	689
Ohlgschlaeger, Dr. Carl Alexander	689
Sugata, Sam, et al	688
Wunderwald, Arthur	690
Civil Aeronautics Administration	
Rules and regulations:	
Standard instrument approach procedures; alterations (2 documents)	638, 647
Civil Aeronautics Board	
Notices:	
Accident occurring near Cobourg, Ontario, Canada; hearing	671
Rules and regulations:	
Authorization for air taxi operators to conduct operations	633
Classification and continued exemption of large irregular air carriers; elimination of classification of small irregular carriers from this part and renumbering of sections	635
Classification and exemption of air taxi operators	635
Filing of reports by irregular air carriers, air taxi operators, and noncertificated cargo carriers; elimination of certain reporting requirements for operators of small aircraft	634
Civil Service Commission	
Rules and regulations:	
Operations of Loyalty Review Board; post-audit and review of files	631



Published daily, except Sundays, Mondays, and days following official Federal holidays, by the Federal Register Division, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U. S. C., ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President. Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C. The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended June 19, 1937.

The FEDERAL REGISTER will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for \$1.50 per month or \$15.00 per year, payable in advance. The charge for individual copies (minimum 15¢) varies in proportion to the size of the issue. Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, directly to the Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Now Available

HANDBOOK OF EMERGENCY DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

OCTOBER 1951—MARCH 1952 EDITION

Published by the Federal Register Division, the National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration

125 PAGES—30 CENTS

Order from Superintendent of Documents, United States Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

CONTENTS—Continued

Coast Guard	Page
Rules and regulations:	
Security check and clearance of merchant marine personnel; requirements for documents bearing security clearance endorsement.....	658
Commerce Department	
See Civil Aeronautics Administration; Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau; National Production Authority.	
Defense Mobilization, Office of	
Notices:	
Determination and certification of a critical defense housing area; Warner Robins, Ga., area, and Baraboo, Wis., area.....	686

RULES AND REGULATIONS

CONTENTS—Continued

Defense Production Administration	Page
Notices:	
Baldwin & Carter et al.; withdrawal of companies from membership in Coordinated Manufacturers of Santa Clara County, Inc.....	672
Economic Stabilization Agency	
See Price Stabilization, Office of; Rent Stabilization, Office of; Salary Stabilization Board.	
Farmers Home Administration	
Rules and regulations:	
Farm ownership loans, average values of farms and investment limits; North Dakota.....	631
Federal Power Commission	
Notices:	
Hearings, etc.:	
Mississippi Gas Co.....	685
Texas Gas Transmission Corp. et al.....	684
Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau	
Notices:	
Siegel Chemical Co., Inc., et al.; decision of Appeals Board.....	670
Forest Service	
Notices:	
Gila National Forest; removal of trespassing horses, mules and burros.....	668
Home Loan Bank Board	
Proposed rule making:	
Loans and investments; lifting restrictions on lending beyond fifty miles as to loans insured by Federal Housing Administrator.....	668
Housing and Home Finance Agency	
See Home Loan Bank Board.	
Indian Affairs Bureau	
Proposed rule making:	
Crow Indian Irrigation Project, Montana; charges.....	660
Interior Department	
See Indian Affairs Bureau; National Park Service.	
Interstate Commerce Commission	
Notices:	
Applications for approval of agreement:	
California Household Goods Carriers' Bureau.....	685
Western States Movers' Conference.....	686
Applications for relief:	
Ash, soda, from Baton Rouge and North Baton Rouge, La., to Tennessee and Georgia.....	685
Lead, pig, from Richmond, Va., to New Jersey and Pennsylvania.....	685
Justice Department	
See Alien Property, Office of.	
Labor Department	
See Wage and Hour Division.	

CONTENTS—Continued

National Park Service	Page
Notices:	
Smoky Mountains National Park, Tenn.; concerning acceptance of exclusive jurisdiction over certain lands and highways.....	669
National Production Authority	
Rules and regulations:	
Steel distributors; treatment of purchase orders bearing certain allotment symbols (M-6A, Dir. 1).....	657
Post Office Department	
Rules and regulations:	
Postal service, international:	
Germany et al.....	680
Printed matter and licenses covering shipments of firearms or parts thereof, implements of war and other nonexplosive munitions of war.....	659
Price Stabilization, Office of	
Notices:	
Ceiling prices for retail:	
American Girl Shoe Co.....	674
Dawnelle, Inc.....	681
Julius Kayser & Co.....	681
Mackie-Lovejoy Mfg. Co.....	684
Radio Corp. of America, RCA Victor Division.....	683
Westinghouse Electric Corp., Television-Radio Division.....	682
Directors of District Offices, re-delegation of authority:	
Region II:	
Act under CPR 7.....	672
Process reports of proposed price-determining methods.....	672
Region III:	
Process applications for adjustment filed by manufacturers having yearly sales volume of \$250,000 or less.....	672
Process reports of proposed ceiling prices for sales of farm equipment.....	672
Region VI:	
Act on applications for adjusted ceiling prices.....	673
Act under CPR 7.....	672
Process reports of proposed price-determining methods.....	673
Region VIII:	
Adjust ceiling prices under CPR 34.....	673
Process reports of proposed price-determining methods.....	673
Region IX; act under CPR 7.....	673
Region X:	
Act under CPR 7.....	673
Process reports of proposed price-determining methods.....	673
Region XI; act under CPR 7, retail ceiling prices for certain consumer goods.....	674

CONTENTS—Continued

Price Stabilization, Office of— Continued	Page
Notices—Continued	
Directors of District Offices, re- delegation of authority— Continued	
Region XII:	
Act under CPR 7.....	674
Issue area milk price regu- lations.....	674
Process reports of pro- posed price-determining methods.....	674
Region XIII; act under CPR 7.....	674
Directors of Regional Offices; delegation of authority.....	675
Organizational statement.....	675
Rules and regulations:	
Community pricing (GOR 24) ..	655
Pacific northwest logs, ceiling prices; addition of accredited graders and scalers (CPR 97).....	656
Production and Marketing Ad- ministration	
Proposed rule making:	
Milk handling in Central West Texas marketing area.....	661
St. Paul Union Stockyards Co.; petition for modification of rate order.....	661
Public Contracts Division	
See Wage and Hour Division.	
Rent Stabilization, Office of	
Rules and regulations:	
Texas and Washington:	
Hotels.....	658
Housing.....	658
Rooms in rooming houses and other establishments.....	658
Salary Stabilization Board	
Rules and regulations:	
Extension of time for filing documents and reports (GSO 9).....	656
Securities and Exchange Com- mission	
Notices:	
Hearings, etc.:	
Horder's, Inc.....	687
Investors Diversified Services, Inc.....	687
North American Oil Consoli- dated.....	686
United Gas Corp. and United Gas Pipe Line Co.....	686
Tariff Commission	
Notices:	
Cherries, candied, crystallized, or glaze; hearing.....	688
Treasury Department	
See Coast Guard.	
Veterans' Administration	
Rules and regulations:	
Legal services, Solicitor's Office; investments, inspection of as- sets.....	659
Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944; sale of loans.....	659

CONTENTS—Continued

Wage and Hour Division	Page
Notices:	
Learner employment certifi- cates; issuance to various in- dustries.....	670
Proposed rule making:	
Shoe manufacturing industry; employment of learners.....	667
CODIFICATION GUIDE	
A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.	
Title 5	Page
Chapter II:	
Part 210.....	631
Title 6	
Chapter III:	
Part 311.....	631
Title 7	
Chapter IX:	
Part 982 (proposed).....	661
Title 14	
Chapter I:	
Part 40.....	633
Part 41.....	633
Part 42.....	633
Part 45.....	633
Part 61.....	633
Part 242.....	634
Part 291.....	635
Part 298.....	635
Chapter II:	
Part 609 (2 documents).....	638, 647
Title 24	
Chapter I:	
Part 163 (proposed).....	668
Title 25	
Chapter I:	
Part 130 (proposed).....	660
Title 29	
Chapter V:	
Part 522 (proposed).....	667
Title 32A	
Chapter III (OPS):	
GPR 97.....	656
GOR 24.....	655
Chapter IV:	
Subchapter A (SSB):	
GSO 9.....	656
Chapter VI (NPA):	
M-6A, Dlr. 1.....	657
Chapter XXI (ORS):	
RR 1.....	658
RR 2.....	658
RR 3.....	658
Title 33	
Chapter I:	
Part 121.....	658
Title 38	
Chapter I:	
Part 14.....	659
Part 36.....	659
Title 39	
Chapter I:	
Part 127 (2 documents).....	659, 660

NORTH DAKOTA—Continued

County	Average value	Investment limit
Kidder.....	\$15,000	\$12,000
La Moure.....	17,000	12,000
Logan.....	17,000	12,000
McHenry.....	20,000	12,000
McIntosh.....	17,000	12,000
McLean.....	17,000	12,000
Mercer.....	17,000	12,000
Morton.....	17,000	12,000
Mountrail.....	17,000	12,000
Nelson.....	20,000	12,000
Oliver.....	17,000	12,000
Pembina.....	22,000	12,000
Pierce.....	20,000	12,000
Ramsey.....	20,000	12,000
Ransom.....	17,000	12,000
Renville.....	18,000	12,000
Richland.....	20,000	12,000
Rolette.....	28,000	12,000
Sargent.....	17,000	12,000
Sheridan.....	17,000	12,000
Slope.....	16,000	12,000
Stark.....	18,000	12,000
Steck.....	18,000	12,000
Stutsman.....	17,000	12,000
Towner.....	21,000	12,000
Trall.....	22,000	12,000
Walsh.....	22,000	12,000
Ward.....	20,000	12,000
Wells.....	17,000	12,000

(Sec. 41 (1), 60 Stat. 1066; 7 U. S. C. 1015 (1).
Applies secs. 3 (a), 44 (b), 60 Stat. 1074,
1069; 7 U. S. C. 1003 (a), 1018 (b))

Issued this 16th day of January 1952.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[P. R. Doc. 52-779; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

Subchapter A—Civil Air Regulations

[Regs., Serial No. SR-378]

PART 40—AIR CARRIER OPERATING
CERTIFICATIONPART 41—CERTIFICATION AND OPERATION
RULES FOR SCHEDULED AIR CARRIER
OPERATIONS, OUTSIDE THE CONTINENTAL
LIMITS OF THE UNITED STATESPART 42—IRREGULAR AIR CARRIER AND
OFF-ROUTE RULESPART 45—COMMERCIAL OPERATOR CERTIFI-
CATION AND OPERATION RULES

PART 61—SCHEDULED AIR CARRIER RULES

SPECIAL CIVIL AIR REGULATION; AUTHORIZA-
TION FOR AIR TAXI OPERATORS TO CONDUCT
CERTAIN OPERATIONS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics
Board at its office in Washington, D. C.,
on the 11th day of January 1952.

Concurrently with this regulation, the
Board is adopting a new Part 293² of the
Economic Regulations which establishes
a new class of air carrier to be known as
"Air Taxi Operators." These operators
will have broad economic authorization
to engage in the transportation of per-
sons or property for hire in small air-
craft (less than 12,500 pounds maximum
certificated take-off weight) subject to

² See P. R. Doc. 52-824, *infra*.

exceptions with respect to operations competing with certain helicopter routes and operations in the Territories and Possessions. It may consequently be expected that in addition to their present irregular operations, some, if not most, of the air taxi operators will perform some air services approaching a scheduled nature.

Under present regulations such operators, to the extent that flights are conducted in excess of what may be considered an irregular pattern, would be subject to those parts of the Civil Air Regulations designed primarily to govern the operations of certificated carriers whose principal business is the conduct of scheduled interstate flights with large aircraft. The Board considers that the application of such standards to the operators whose scheduled flights will generally be incidental to other flight operations would be inappropriate, unnecessary, and unduly burdensome. Those operators are currently conducting their irregular services pursuant to the provisions of Part 42, and the Board believes that until operating experience reveals that further or different rules are necessary, air taxi operators should be allowed to continue their operations pursuant to Part 42.

As the exemptions under Part 298 of the Economic Regulations are only temporary and are stated to run for three years from the effective date of that part, it seems desirable to limit the authorization contained herein to the same period of time.

This regulation is necessary in order to give effect to the new Part 298 referred to above, which was published as a notice of proposed rule making dated February 14, 1951, and on which public comment was received and considered. Since this regulation is ancillary to such part and since it continues in effect the same rules as are presently applicable to these operators, without diminution in safety standards, the Board finds that notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby makes and promulgates the following Special Civil Air Regulation, effective February 20, 1952.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Parts 40, 41, and 61 of the Civil Air Regulations, any air taxi operator as defined in § 298.1 (a) (2) of Part 298 of the Economic Regulations shall be certificated and shall conduct operations in air transportation in accordance with the provisions of Part 42 of the Civil Air Regulations. An air carrier operating certificate presently issued by the Civil Aeronautics Administration to a small irregular air carrier shall, until its stated expiration date, be valid as an air carrier operating certificate for air taxi operations, unless such certificate is sooner surrendered, suspended, or revoked. Such certificate may be renewed as an air carrier operating certificate for air taxi operations.

• This regulation shall terminate three years after its effective date unless sooner terminated or rescinded by the Board.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425. - Interpret or apply secs. 601, 604, 52 Stat. 1007, 1010; 49 U. S. C. 551, 554)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-827; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:54 a. m.]

Subchapter B—Economic Regulations

[Regs., Serial No. ER-169]

PART 242—FILING OF REPORTS BY IRREGULAR AIR CARRIERS, AIR TAXI OPERATORS, AND NONCERTIFICATED CARGO CARRIERS

ELIMINATION OF CERTAIN REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR OPERATORS OF SMALL AIRCRAFT

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of January 1952.

Contemporaneously herewith the Board is promulgating a new Part 298¹ of the Economic Regulations, which establishes a classification of air carriers known as Air Taxi Operators and sets forth the regulations governing that class of air carrier. At the same time the Board is adopting a rule revising Part 291² to eliminate Small Irregular Carriers from its coverage. In connection with this new approach to economic regulation of operators of small aircraft, the Board has determined that the burden of the present reporting requirements outweighs the possible public benefit at this time, in so far as they relate to the operation of aircraft with five passenger seats or less, and that it is no longer in the public interest to require these reports with respect to the operation of these aircraft. Accordingly, this amendment to Part 242 is being adopted to eliminate the reporting requirements for operators of aircraft seating five or less passengers.

Apart from the foregoing, it is not the intention of this amendment to make any substantive changes in the present Part 242.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this rule and due consideration has been given to all relevant matters submitted and arguments presented.

In consideration of the foregoing, the Board hereby amends Part 242 of the Economic Regulations effective February 20, 1952, as follows:

1. By amending the title of the part to read as set forth above.
2. By amending § 242.2 to read as follows:

§ 242.2 *Statistical and flight reports required.* Statistical reports, in accordance with the provisions of § 242.3, shall

¹ See F. R. Doc. 52-824, *infra*.

² See F. R. Doc. 52-825, *infra*.

be filed with the Board with respect to operations of aircraft having more than 5 passenger seats by each air taxi operator owning or having the right to operate for compensation or hire any such aircraft. Each large irregular carrier and noncertificated cargo carrier shall file statistical reports in accordance with § 242.4. Flight reports shall be filed with the Board by each large irregular carrier in accordance with § 242.5 and by each noncertificated cargo carrier in accordance with § 242.6. Each such air taxi operator, large irregular carrier, and noncertificated cargo carrier shall keep all accounts, records, and memorandums (including the accounts, records, and memorandums of the movement of traffic as well as of the receipts and expenditures of money), which are needed in order to accomplish full compliance with the reporting requirements of this part. Such accounts, records, and memorandums as relate to statistical reports shall be preserved for 3 years, and such as relate to flight reports shall be preserved for 1 year. The reports to be filed by such carriers shall be prepared in accordance with the following provisions and shall be certified to be correct by a responsible officer of the reporting carriers.

3. By amending § 242.3 to read as follows:

§ 242.3 *Statistical reports by air taxi operators utilizing aircraft with passenger seating capacity of more than 5.* (a) For each calendar year each air carrier, classified as an air taxi operator under the provisions of Part 298 who owns or has the right to operate for compensation or hire one or more aircraft having more than 5 passenger seats shall file a statistical report. Such report shall be filed within 45 days after the termination of the reporting period.

(b) The statistical report shall contain the following data:

(1) *Balance sheet or statement of investment.* At end of reporting period.

(2) *Profit and loss statement.* Insofar as practicable, distinguish items attributable to transportation operations from items attributable to other operations; e. g., plane rentals, flying schools, airport services, etc.

(3) *Airplanes utilized.* Tabulation showing aircraft registration number, type, cost, date of acquisition, and the amount of accrued depreciation for each airplane of more than 5 passenger seats owned as of the end of the reporting period.

(4) *Personnel.* For the payroll period ending nearest the middle of the last month of the reporting period, specify the number of personnel engaged in transportation operations, the number engaged in other operations, and the total.

(5) *Transportation of passengers or cargo in aircraft of more than 5 passenger seats.* (i) Revenue aircraft hours and miles.

(ii) Number of revenue passengers and tons of revenue cargo.

(iii) Revenue passenger-miles and revenue ton-miles of cargo.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 407, 52 Stat. 1000; 49 U. S. C. 487)

NOTE: The reporting requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-826; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:54 a. m.]

[Regs., Serial No. ER-168]

PART 291—CLASSIFICATION AND CONTINUED EXEMPTION OF LARGE IRREGULAR AIR CARRIERS

ELIMINATION OF CLASSIFICATION OF SMALL IRREGULAR CARRIERS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of January 1952.

Contemporaneously herewith the Board is promulgating a new Part 298¹ of the Economic Regulations, which establishes a classification of air carriers known as Air Taxi Operators and sets forth the regulations governing that class of air carriers. Henceforth the operators of aircraft of 12,500 pounds or less maximum certificated take-off weight, heretofore classified as small irregular air carriers, will derive their economic operating authority exclusively from, and be governed by, the provisions of that part. In order to make the new part fully effective it is necessary to amend Part 291 to eliminate the small irregular carriers from its coverage. As a result operators who were previously classified as small irregular carriers will no longer require letters of registration and the Board's action will result in the automatic termination of all letters of registration for such carriers currently in effect.

Moreover, since any person who desires to engage in air transportation as an air taxi operator will be permitted to do so (if he operates small aircraft only) under the provisions of Part 298, irrespective of the number of units operated, it is necessary to amend Part 291 to make provision for those carriers heretofore coming within the definition of "large irregular carriers" solely because the total weight of their fleets exceeded 25,000 pounds. Such operators may elect to retain their present status or to surrender their letters of registration and become air-taxi operators. Apart from the foregoing, it is not the intention of this amendment to make any substantive changes in the present Part 291.

Large irregular carriers now operating both large and small aircraft will, as heretofore, continue to be subject to Part 291 in respect of all their operations. So long as such a carrier is the holder of a

valid letter of registration, all operations conducted by him will be governed by this part.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this rule and due consideration has been given to all relevant matters submitted and arguments presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Board hereby amends Part 291 of the Economic Regulations effective February 20, 1952, as follows:

1. By amending the title of the part to read as set forth above.

2. By amending § 291.1 (a) to read as follows:

§ 291.1 *Definitions*—(a) *Large irregular carriers*. The term large irregular air carrier means any air carrier which (1) directly engages in air transportation, (2) utilizes in such transportation one or more aircraft of more than 12,500 pounds maximum certificated take-off weight (as defined in 14 CFR 42.1), (3) does not hold a certificate of public convenience and necessity under section 401 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, and (4) does not operate, or hold out to the public expressly or by course of conduct that it operates, one or more aircraft between designated points, or within a designated point, regularly or with a reasonable degree of regularity, upon which aircraft it accepts for transportation, for compensation or hire, such members of the public as apply therefor or such property as the public offers. No air carriers shall be deemed to be an irregular air carrier unless the air transportation services offered and performed by it are of such infrequency as to preclude an implication of a uniform pattern or normal consistency of operation between, or within, such designated points.

3. By amending § 291.2 in its entirety to read as follows:

§ 291.2 *Classification*. There is hereby established a classification of air carriers to be designated "large irregular air carriers", consisting of all air carriers coming within the meaning of "large irregular air carrier" as defined in § 291.1 (a): *Provided*, That no air carrier shall be so classified unless it holds a letter of registration issued to it as a large irregular carrier pursuant to application therefor filed with the Board before August 6, 1948, and not revoked or cancelled as of May 20, 1949, *And provided*, That so long as an air carrier, heretofore classed as a large irregular carrier, continues to hold a letter of registration as a large irregular carrier, as aforesaid, it shall be deemed to come within this classification.¹

¹This second proviso is designed to take care of the rare case where an operator of small aircraft was heretofore classed as a large irregular carrier because the number of aircraft he operated between 6,000 and 12,500 pounds aggregated more than 25,000 pounds. At his option, he may continue to hold such letter and operate in accordance with this Part or surrender it and operate under Part 298 of this chapter. He may not do both.

4. By deleting §§ 291.3 through 291.14 in their entirety.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply secs. 401, 416, 52 Stat. 937, 1004; 49 U. S. C. 481, 496)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-825; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:54 a. m.]

[Regs., Serial No. ER-167]

PART 298—CLASSIFICATION AND EXEMPTION OF AIR TAXI OPERATORS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 11th day of January 1952.

At the present time more than 2,000 air carriers—classified as small irregular carriers pursuant to the provisions of Part 291—are conducting air transportation operations within the United States. The reported operations of these carriers amount to approximately 2 percent of the total revenue plane mileage of the certificated domestic trunk and local service air carriers. To come within the existing classification of small irregular carriers, a carrier must operate aircraft which do not exceed 12,500 pounds maximum certificated take-off weight for any one unit, or 25,000 pounds for the total of such units (disregarding units of 6,000 pounds or less). Generally speaking, the weight of most of the aircraft actually operated by such carriers has in fact been well below the 12,500 pound maximum, there being only about 177 of the aircraft with a maximum certificated take-off weight in excess of 6,000 pounds.

Since the enactment of the Civil Aeronautics Act in 1938, these small irregular carriers have operated pursuant to exemption authority by the Board. Currently, they are operating pursuant to the provisions of Part 291, which place certain limitations and restrictions on the frequency and regularity of their operations. Certain provisions of Part 242 require them to file reports, a requirement adopted to enable the Board to determine the nature and extent of operations conducted by carriers in this class as well as the relative importance of such operations to the needs of the air transportation system.

Reports from these carriers over the three year period during which such reports have been required indicate that their aircraft are operated to serve off-line points for the convenience of individual passengers, to provide air service in emergencies, and generally as an incident to some other means of livelihood of the operator. In view of the indications in the reports that the activities of the small irregular carriers, while important and necessary, do not greatly affect the over-all air transportation picture in the United States, and since the burden on the air carriers concerned outweighs the possible public benefit at the present time, the Board believes that

¹ See F. R. Doc. 52-824, *infra*.

it is no longer in the public interest to require these reports from operators of aircraft having seats for five passengers or less. With respect to operators of aircraft of greater passenger capacity but which still gross less than 12,500 pounds, the Board considers that reports of these activities continue to be in the public interest. Accordingly, while operators of aircraft having more than five passenger seats will be accorded the same operating authority as for smaller aircraft, they will not be relieved for the present of the duty to file reports of their operations.

The Board is furthermore of the opinion that the degree of permanent control involved in the requirement of obtaining and maintaining a letter of registration is no longer in the public interest. There have been practically no complaints with respect to the operations of the small irregular carriers (except for a few involving operations within a Territory or possession), and the Board has not found it necessary to initiate a proceeding for suspension or revocation of a single letter of registration held by a small irregular carrier. Moreover, since issuance of a letter of registration does not depend upon any showing by the applicant of ability to perform service in air transportation, the only function of such a letter, other than as a control device, is to determine the number of operators. This function can be just as well performed by reference to the files of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, since, under the provisions of the Act and the Board's Civil Air Regulations, each such carrier is required to hold an air carrier operating certificate from the Administrator to conduct its operations. Accordingly, no provision is being made in the new Part 298 for Letters of Registration, and by amendment to Part 291, issued concurrently herewith, existing letters of registration will become meaningless since the underlying exemption authority is repealed.

The proper place for the operator of small aircraft in the domestic aviation picture the Board believes is to provide connecting air services to off-route points or "jitney" services of a kind not offered by other air carriers. A National Air Taxi Conference, composed largely of small irregular carriers, has recently been formed and has proposed the provision of such services. The proposal is supported not only by this new organization, but also by the principal operators of large aircraft. It is urged that the service contemplated should be encouraged, partly because it is of the type which can be effectively provided by small carriers, and partly because it would give service to many small communities which otherwise would be without connecting air transportation to major terminals.

It is recognized that the successful conduct of such operations must necessarily involve frequent operations on the part of many of the small carriers in-

volved. Mindful of the Board's responsibility under section 2 (c) of the act for prevention of destructive competitive practices, the Board has examined this proposal from the standpoint of its possible competitive effect on the operations of air carriers utilizing large aircraft. The Board has taken account of the fact that, since small aircraft have a higher seat-mile cost and are slower, less comfortable and, where all-weather operations are concerned, less reliable than large aircraft, it is probable that a person would utilize the transportation offered by small aircraft only where large aircraft are not available or where some particular convenience or specialized service is desired. The Board therefore concludes that small aircraft cannot for practical purposes be regarded as competitive with large aircraft.

The purpose of the regulation being adopted is to provide in a separate Part the economic operating authority applicable to operators of small aircraft in substitution for the present provisions in Part 291 applicable to this class of carrier; and to classify such operators, who use only aircraft units having a maximum certificated take-off weight of 12,500 pounds or less, without regard to the number of such units used, as a separate class of air carrier designating them "air taxi operators", a name which the Board considers more in keeping with the type of services they are expected to perform. It has the further purpose of exempting such air taxi operators as long as they remain within that class from the requirement of holding a certificate of public convenience and necessity for operations within the continental limits of the United States, and for operations in foreign air transportation, regardless of the frequency or regularity of service they provide.

Within the Territories and possessions, however, the Board is not now in a position to find that a corresponding privilege should be granted. Operating conditions within Alaska are of so special a nature that the Board believes they should be treated together in one part. Accordingly, all operations within that Territory will continue to be conducted pursuant to Part 292. Operations in the remaining Territories and in the possessions are also sufficiently different, from the point of view of geography and traffic, from operations conducted within the continental United States that the Board does not believe a blanket authorization to conduct unlimited service therein to be justified. Consequently, for the time being, such operations will remain subject to the requirements of irregularity now imposed on them.¹ The Board believes that each operation in the

¹ For guidance as to what does and does not constitute irregularity within the meaning of this regulation reference is expressly made to the standards heretofore in existence under Part 291, and particularly to Interpretation No. 1, adopted December 10, 1948.

Territories (other than Alaska) and possessions should be examined on an individual basis, and any air carrier desiring to do so may apply for specific exemption authority for service additional to that already permitted.

The exemption granted by this new Part 298 will expire three years from the effective date of the rule, unless the Board orders otherwise.

Contemporaneously with the adoption of this regulation, the Board is promulgating amendments to Parts 291² and 242³ which will have the effect of eliminating current requirements that operators of small aircraft hold letters of registration and, except as noted above, file reports with the Board.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this rule and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing, the Civil Aeronautics Board finds that, except to the extent hereinafter provided, the enforcement of the provisions of Title IV of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, and the rules and regulations issued thereunder is or would be an undue burden on those air carriers hereinafter classified as "air taxi operators" by reason of the limited extent of and unusual circumstances affecting the operations of such class of air carriers and is not in the public interest. Accordingly, the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends the Economic Regulations (14 CFR Chapter I) effective February 20, 1952, by adding thereto a new Part, 298, to read as follows:

- Sec.
298.0 Applicability of part.
298.1 Definitions.
298.2 Classification.
298.3 Extent of exemption.
298.4 Duration of exemption.
298.5 Approval of certain interlocking relationships.
298.6 Effect of exemption on anti-trust laws.
298.7 Scope of service authorized.
298.8 Requests for statement of authority.
298.9 Enforcement.

AUTHORITY: §§ 298.0 to 298.9 issued under sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 416, 52 Stat. 1004; 49 U. S. C. 496.

§ 298.0 *Applicability of part.* This part establishes a classification of air carriers known as "air taxi operators," provides certain exemptions from Title IV of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, for such carriers, and establishes rules and regulations applicable to their operations.

§ 298.1 *Definitions.* (a) As used in this part, terms shall be defined as follows:

(1) "Act" means the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended.

² See F. R. Doc. 52-825, *supra*.

³ See F. R. Doc. 52-826, *supra*.

(2) "Air taxi operator" means an air carrier coming within the classification of "air taxi operators" established by § 298.2.

(3) "Point" means any airport or place where aircraft may be landed or taken off, including the area within a 25-mile radius of such airport or place.

(4) "Maximum certificated take-off weight" means the maximum take-off weight authorized by the terms of the aircraft airworthiness certificate. (This figure is found in the airplane operating record or the airplane flight manual which is incorporated by regulation into the airworthiness certificate.)

§ 298.2 *Classification.* (a) There is hereby established a classification of air carriers, designated "air taxi operators" which engage in the direct air transportation of passengers and/or property and which:

(1) Do not utilize in such air transportation any aircraft having a maximum certificated take-off weight of more than 12,500 pounds.

(2) Do not hold a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued by the Board pursuant to section 401 of the act, or economic authority to operate as a large irregular air carrier or irregular transport carrier, or other economic authority issued by the Board.

(3) Do not utilize, in connection with the air transportation services offered, the words "airline", "airlines", or "airways" or indicate by name or otherwise that they are any airline, airlines, or airways.

(b) Large irregular air carriers and irregular transport carriers may, if they so desire, come within the classification of "air taxi operators" by surrendering their letters of registration to the Board, or by requesting the cancellation of their individual exemption orders, as appropriate: *Provided*, That they conform to the conditions set forth in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) An air taxi operator who does not observe the conditions set forth in paragraph (a) of this section shall not be considered an air taxi operator with respect to any operations conducted by him while such conditions are not being observed, and during such periods is not entitled to any of the exemptions set forth in this part.

§ 298.3 *Extent of exemption.* Except as otherwise provided in this part,⁴ each air taxi operator shall, to the extent necessary to permit operations authorized by § 298.7, be temporarily exempt from the following provisions of Title IV of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended:

⁴ See § 298.7 for scope of noncertificated operations authorized for performance by air taxi operators.

- (a) Subsection 401 (a);
- (b) Section 403;
- (c) Subsection 404 (a); *Provided*, That air taxi operators shall abide by those provisions of this subsection which require air carriers to provide safe service, equipment and facilities in connection with air transportation;
- (d) Subsection 404 (b);
- (e) Subsection 405 (e);
- (f) Subsection 407 (b), (c), (d);
- (g) Section 408;
- (h) Subsection 409 (a); and
- (i) Section 412.

§ 298.4 *Duration of exemption.* The temporary exemption from any provision of Title IV of the act provided by § 298.3 shall continue in effect only until such time as the Board shall find that enforcement thereof would be in the public interest or would no longer be a burden on air taxi operators: *Provided*, That upon such a finding as to any air taxi operator or class of air taxi operators, such exemption shall to that extent terminate with respect to such operator or class of operators: *And provided further*, That unless otherwise ordered by the Board the temporary exemption granted by § 298.3 shall terminate three years after the effective date of this part.

§ 298.5 *Approval of certain interlocking relationships.* To the extent that any officer or director of an air taxi operator would, without prior approval of the Board, be in violation of any provision of subsection 409 (a) of the act, by reason of any interlocking relationship directly involving such air taxi operator, such relationship is hereby approved: *Provided*, That nothing in this part shall be construed as approving any interlocking relationship with any air carrier of another class, which relationship is subject to subsection 409 (a) of the act.

§ 298.6 *Effect of exemption on anti-trust laws.* The temporary exemption granted in § 298.3 from sections 408, 409 (a), and 412 shall not constitute an order made under such sections, within the meaning of section 414, and shall not confer any immunity or relief from operation of the "anti-trust laws," or any other statute (except the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended) with respect to any transaction, interlocking relationship, or agreement otherwise within the purview of such section.

§ 298.7 *Scope of service authorized.* (a) Except as prohibited by paragraphs (b), (c), (d) of this section, an air taxi operator is hereby authorized to engage in any direct air transportation of persons or property in aircraft having a maximum certificated take-off weight of 12,500 pounds or less.

(b) Within the Territories or within the possessions of the United States, other than the Territory of Alaska, no air taxi operator shall operate or hold

out to the public expressly or by course of conduct that it operates therein, one or more aircraft between designated points or within a designated point, regularly or with a reasonable degree of regularity, upon which aircraft it accepts for transportation, for compensation or hire, such members of the public as apply therefor or such property as the public offers. Service shall be deemed to be regular within the meaning of this paragraph unless it is of such infrequency as to preclude an implication of a uniform pattern or normal consistency of operation between, or within, such designated points.

(c) No service shall be offered or performed by an air taxi operator within the Territory of Alaska (see Part 292 for authorization of service in Alaska).

(d) No service shall be offered or performed by an air taxi operator between any two points between which scheduled helicopter passenger service is provided by the holder of a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing such service.

§ 298.8 *Requests for statement of authority.* In any instance where an air taxi operator is required by a foreign government to produce evidence of its authority to engage in foreign air transportation under the laws of the United States, the Secretary of the Board will, upon request, furnish the carrier with a written statement, outlining its general operating privileges under this part for presentation to the proper authorities of the foreign government.

§ 298.9 *Enforcement.* Any violation of the provisions of the act, or any rule, regulation, or order issued thereunder may subject the violator to a proceeding pursuant to sections 1002 or 1007 before the Board or a United States District Court, respectively, to compel compliance therewith, or, in the case of a wilful violation, to criminal penalties pursuant to the provisions of section 902 (a) of the act.⁵

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL]

M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-824; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:54 a. m.]

⁵ For guidance as to what does and does not constitute irregularity within the meaning of this regulation reference is expressly made to the standards heretofore in existence under Part 291, and particularly to Interpretation No. 1, adopted December 10, 1948.

⁶ In addition it should be noted that the fact that an air taxi operator or class of air taxi operators are, or have been engaging in practices which constitute a violation of the act, or rules, regulations or orders issued pursuant thereto, is an important consideration in determining whether the enforcement of a provision or provisions of the act, from which § 298.3 exempts such operator, is in the public interest.

Chapter II—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 10]

PART 609—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

ALTERATIONS

The standard instrument approach procedure alterations appearing hereinafter are adopted when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest, and therefore is not required.

Part 609 is amended as follows:

1. The automatic direction finding procedures prescribed in § 609.9 are amended to read in part:

AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING PROCEDURES

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to station				Final approach course; degrees; inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum at distances from station	Minimum altitude over station on final approach (ft.)	Distance from station to approach fix or runway (mi.)	Field of vision (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	To—	Magnetic course (deg.)	Dist. (mi.)	Min. alt. (ft.)					Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
ALBUQUERQUE, N. MEX. Kirtland AFB (using Alameda Rbn) 209 kc; AMH; HW	Albuquerque LF Range	Rbn	339	15	8,000	150 339	7,000	162° 10.5	5,330	R A T	800 1,000 300 (BCOB)	Olimb to 7,000' on S crs of Albuquerque range within 25 mi. of range. Alternate procedure: (when directed by ATO), turn right, climb to 10,000' on W crs of Albuquerque within 25 mi. *CAUTION: Terrain exceeding 8,000' in E quadrants of Albuquerque range. All turns to be made on W side of crs.
	Albuquerque VOR	Rbn	29	14	8,000	209						
AMARILLO, TEX. Amarillo Air Terminal (Procedure No. 1—using St. Francis Rbn) 333 kc; SEW; MEW	Amarillo LF Range	Rbn	29	1.4	4,700	209 29	4,400	6.84	3,604	R (R) S # A T	500 500 500 500 500 300	Olimb to 5,000' on crs of 209° intersect and proceed S on S crs Amarillo range. *Runway 21. #Night minimums.
	Int. NW crs Olarendon & E crs Amarillo	Rbn	279	12.5	4,700							
	Int. SW crs ILS & S crs Amarillo	Rbn	29	10.4	5,000							
	Soney FM	Rbn	61	17.1	5,000							
	Amarillo VOR	LOM	209	10.5	5,000	29	4,920	4.63	3,604	R (R) S # A T	500 500 500 500 500 300	Olimb to 4,900' on crs of 209° within 25 mi. of LOM; or alternate procedure (when directed by ATO) turn right and climb to 4,700' on E crs of Amarillo range. CAUTION: 3,750' msl. grain elevator located 1.2 mi. E of inbound crs between LOM and airport. *Runway 3. #Night minimums.
	Amarillo LF Range	LOM	185	3.7	5,000							
ATLANTA, GA. Atlanta Airport (Procedure No. 1) (Procedure No. 2) 219 kc; AM; LOM	Amarillo FM	LOM	225	7.2	5,000							
	Soney FM	LOM	97	11.0	5,000							
	Campbellton Range	LOM	94	8.8	2,600	88 263	2,400	4.7	1,024	R (R) S A T	500 500 500 1,000 300 (BCOB)	Turn right, climb to 2,000' on SE crs of Atlanta within 25 mi. and proceed to Walnut Int. Alternate procedure: (when directed by ATO), climb to 3,000' on crs of 90°, then proceed to Walnut Int. *Runway 9R.
	Atlanta NAS Range	LOM	203	18.0	3,000							
	Atlanta LF Range	LOM	284	6.9	2,600							
	Int. E crs ILS & NE crs Atlanta	LOM	203	9.5	2,600							
ATLANTA, GA. Atlanta Airport (Procedure No. 1) (Procedure No. 2) 219 kc; AT; LOM	Int. SE crs Atlanta & S crs Atlanta VAR	LOM	311	20.3	2,600							
	Madras FM	LOM	33	19.0	2,600							
ATLANTA, GA. Atlanta Airport (Procedure No. 1) (Procedure No. 2) 219 kc; AT; LOM	Madras FM	LOM	171	18.0	2,600							
	Smyrna FM	LOM	171	18.0	2,600							

(PROCEDURE CANCELED)

(PROCEEDURE CANCELED)

[illegible]

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to station				Final approach course; degrees inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum at distances from station	Minimum altitude over station on final approach (ft.)	Distance from station to approach end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	To—	Magnetic course (deg.)	Dist. (mi.)	Mfn. alt. (ft.)					Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
BUFFALO, N. Y. Buffalo Airport 200 kc; BU; SBRAZ-DTXV	Int. NE crs Buffalo & W crs Rochester	Range	230	30	2,000	50 230	1,500 (over Cheektowaga FM)	2.7 (from Cheektowaga FM)	711	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,000' on crs of 80° within 25 mi. of Buffalo range. *Runway 6.
	Wolcottville FM	Range	230	12	1,800							
	Int. E crs Buffalo & S crs Rochester	Range	272	64	2,100							
	E. Pembroke FM	Range	272	18	1,900							
	Int. SW crs Buffalo & E crs Clear Creek	Range	60	24	2,000							
CAMARILLO, CALIF. Oxnard-Ventura County Airport (Oxnard) 350 kc; OAV; SBRAVZ	Angola FM (Final)	Cheektowaga FM	50	20	1,500							
	Int. W crs Buffalo & NE crs Clear Creek	Range	91	84	2,100							
	Int. W crs Los Angeles VAR & SE crs Camarillo	Range	305	24	5,000	70 250	940	250°, 6.0	43	R A T	3.0 2.0 1.0	If not contact over Camarillo range, turn right (south) and climb to 3,000' on crs of 250° outbound from range within 20 mi. *Procedure turn within 20 mi. and limited to within 5 mi. of S side of crs because of Point Mugu danger area.
	Santa Barbara VAR or LF Range	Range	93	47	7,000							
	Rapid City LF Range	Rbn	105	84	5,500	225 45	4,120	0	3,312	R A T	1.0 2.0 3.0 2.0	Climb to 5,500' on crs of 346° within 25 mi. *Night minimums. NOTE: Airport not satisfactory for DC-3 or larger aircraft.
CHARLESTON, S. OAR. Charleston Airport 219 kc; OH; LOM	Charleston LF Range	LOM	5	3.4	1,200	148 323	1,200	4.6	45	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 1,500' on crs of 148° within 25 mi. of LOM; alternate procedure: (when directed by ATIS) turn right, climb to 1,400' on SW crs; Charleston range. *Runway 15.
	Int. E crs Charleston & 323° bearing on LOM	LOM	323	5.0	1,200							
	Int. N crs Charleston & 323° bearing on LOM	LOM	323	0.8	1,200							
	Charleston LF Range	LOM	94	14	2,500	220 50	1,800	5.04	981	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0	Climb to 2,500' proceeding to Charleston LF range. *Runway 23.
	Int. E crs Charleston VAR	LOM	360	14	3,000							
CHARLOTTE, N. O. Douglas Field 254 kc; OL; LOM	Charleston VAR	LOM	60	17	2,500							
	Charlotte Range	LOM	251	5.3	2,200	50 230	2,150	5.9	748	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Turn left, climb to 2,500' on N crs of Charlotte range within 25 mi; or alternate procedure (when directed by ATIS), turn right, climb to 2,500' on E crs of Charlotte range within 25 mi. CAUTION: 1,116' radio tower located 4 mi. SE of range sun, 2.3 mi. E of S crs. *Runway 4.
	Int. W crs Charlotte & 230° bearing on LOM	LOM	230	2.5	2,200							
	Int. N crs Charlotte & 230° bearing on LOM	LOM	230	6.75	2,200							
	Chattanooga LF Range	LOM	335	1.7	2,500	195 15	2,200	4.72	632	R (R) S A T	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 4,000' on crs of 153° and bound from Chattanooga LF range within 25 mi. *Runway 19. NOTE: Middle marker must be operating and used on this approach.

AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING PROCEDURES—Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to station				Final approach course; degrees; inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum at distances from station	Minimum altitude over station on final approach	Distance from station to approach end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	To—	Magnetic course (deg.)	Dist. (mi.)	Min. alt. (ft.)					Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO. Fountain Field 230 kc; OO; LOM	Colorado Springs Range	LOM	166	0.8	7,500	340 166	7,200	4.38	0,172	R (R) S A T	1.5 2.0 2.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 8,000' on E crs of Colo. Springs range within 25 mi. *Night minimums. #Runway 35. CAUTION: (1) 7,100' msl radio tower located 8.5 mi. N of range (2) 7,710' msl. terrain, 13.5 mi. N of range.
	Pueblo LF Range	LOM	340	30	8,000							
	Fountain FM	LOM (Final)	346	3.3	7,200							
COLUMBUS, OHIO Port Columbus 267 kc; OM; LOM	Columbus Range	LOM	287	2.7	2,300	08 270	1,820	4.5	810	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	Climb to 2,300' on crs of 80° within 26 mi. of Columbus range, or alternate procedure (when directed ATC), make a 90° turn, climb to 2,300' on VOR, or climb to 2,300' on 1st in respect NE crs Columbus on 350° heading. NOTE: LOM must be monitored continuously during approach. LOM located 0.65 mi. from end of runway, Fred, 233 kc. Ident. MII. #Runway 9.
	Hilliard FM	LOM	88	7.4	2,300							
	Hilliard FM (final)	LOM	88	7.4	1,820							
	Columbus VOR	LOM	253	10.2	2,300							
DAYTON, OHIO Dayton Airport (Procedure No. 1) 366 kc; DA; LOM	Dayton LF Range	LOM	180	3.0	2,200	65 235	1,700	4.4	1,003	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,200' on N crs Dayton to W crs Columbus (Troy Int.) Alternate procedure: (when directed by ATC), climb to 2,200' on crs of 55° to W crs Columbus. *Runway 6L or 6R.
	Dayton VOR	LOM	209	8.0	2,200							
	Wright-Patterson Range	LOM	207	12.0	2,000							
	Int. W crs Columbus	LOM	236	18.0	2,200							
	Int. S crs Dayton	LOM	65	1.1	2,200							
	Verona FM	LOM	107	0.9	2,200							
	Int. of 85° bearing to Dayton VOR	LOM	120	11.2	2,200							
	Int. of 235° bearing to Dayton VOR	LOM	235	13.0	2,200							
	Int. W crs Wright-Patterson	Rbn	65	26.2	2,200							
	Dayton LF Range	Rbn	71	8.2	2,100							
	Dayton VOR	Rbn	105	4.0	2,100							
	Int. N crs Dayton	Rbn	180	18.7	2,200							
(Procedure No. 2—using Tapp City Run, 212 kc; TPO; RLL W)	Int. W crs Columbus	Rbn	235	8.5	2,200							
	Springfield Rbn	Rbn	204	10.2	2,300							
	Wright-Patterson Range	Rbn	347	11.6	2,100							
	Int. S crs Dayton	Rbn	65	11.2	2,200							
	Int. of 22° bearing to Dayton VOR	Rbn	65	8.6	2,200							
	Int. of 203° bearing to Dayton VOR	Rbn	235	3.2	2,200							

AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING PROCEDURES—Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to station				Final approach course; degrees; inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum at distances from station	Minimum altitude over station on final approach (ft.)	Distance from station to approach end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		Visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	To—	Magnetic course (deg.)	Dist. (mi.)	Min. alt. (ft.)					Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
DENVER, COLO. Stapleton Field (Procedure No. 1) 335 kc; EN; LMM 339 kc; DE; LOM	Denver LF Range	LOM	08	3.5	6,500	10 mi.—6,500' S side crs 15 mi.—6,500' S side crs 20 mi.—6,500' S side crs 25 mi.—6,500' S side crs	6,500	4.19 (LOM) 0.65 (LMM)	5,325	R (R) S* A T	500 500 500 800 300	Climb to 8,900' on S crs Denver LF range. Alternate procedure: (when directed by ATO), climb to 8,900' intercepting an ADF crs of 120° mag outbound from Denver LF range; or to 6,600' on E crs Denver LF range within 25 mi. SHUTTLE: On N crs Denver LF range within 25 mi. when directed by ATO, shuttle approved on S crs Denver LF range between range station and Aurora FM range on E crs Denver LF range within 25 mi. *Runway 21. CAUTION: 5,924' msl tower located 4.7 mi. ESE of airport.
	Dupont Int.	LOM	128	5.3	6,500							
	Henderson FM	LOM	145	8.6	6,500							
	Watkins FM	LOM	237	11.7	6,500							
	Aurora FM	LOM	355	10.2	7,000							
(Procedure No. 2—Using Aurora Rbn) 290 kc; AUR; MHW	Denver LF Range	Rbn	160	7	7,000	10 mi.—**7,000' E side crs 15 mi.—NA 20 mi.—NA 25 mi.—NA	*6,200	3.0	5,325	R (R) S* A T	500 500 500 800 300	Climb to 7,500' on crs of 245° mag from Denver LF range within 25 mi. of range. Alternate procedure: (when directed by ATO), climb to 8,500' intercepting an ADF track of 120° mag from Denver LF range, or climb to 6,600' on crs of 88° mag from Denver LF range within 25 mi. SHUTTLE: On N crs Denver LF range within 25 mi. when directed by ATO, shuttle on S crs Denver LF range between range station and Aurora FM range, and on E crs Denver LF range within 25 mi. 5,824' msl tower located 0.65 mi. N of Rbn on account of 5,524' msl tower at Lowry Field. *Procedure turn must be accomplished within 10 mi. on account of high terrain to S. #Runway 35. CAUTION: 5,715' msl. hill, 6 mi. NW of Franktown.
	Franktown FM (Northbound only)	Rbn	332	22	7,000							
	Aurora FM (Inland)	Rbn	316	3	6,200							
	Watkins FM	Rbn	230	18	7,000							
FARGO, N. DAK. Fargo Airport 210 kc; FA; LOM	Fargo LF Range	LOM	188	6.2	2,300	10 mi.—2,300' W side crs 15 mi.—2,300' W side crs 20 mi.—2,300' W side crs 25 mi.—2,300' W side crs	1,820	4.55	900	R (R) * A T	500 500 500 800 300	Climb to 2,300' on crs of 351° within 25 mi. of LOM. NOTE: Monitor LOM during approach. ILS MME located 0.71 mi. from approach end of Runway 35. *Night minimums.
	Fargo VOR	LOM	351	.5	2,300							
	Int. E crs Fargo & 233° bearing on LOM	LOM	233	10.9	2,300							
	Int. SE crs Fargo & 295° bearing on LOM	LOM	295	22.0	2,300							
	Int. W crs Fargo & 132° bearing on LOM	LOM	132	6.8	2,300							
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. Granite Field 287 kc; FAY; MHW	Raleigh LF Range	Rbn	195	59	2,000	10 mi.—1,300' S side crs 15 mi.—1,300' S side crs 20 mi.—1,300' S side crs 25 mi.—1,300' S side crs	700	1.0	188	R A T	500 1,000 (HCOB) 300	Climb to 1,600' on crs of 90° outbound from Rbn within 25 mi.
	Int. 235° bearing on Pope Range	Rbn	195	16.5	1,600							
	Int. 232° bearing on Lumberton Rbn	Rbn	15	23	2,000							
	Int. 335° bearing on Pope Range	Rbn	15	13.5	1,400							

AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING PROCEDURES | Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to station				Final approach distances inbound, outbound	Procedure turn minimum at distances from station	Minimum altitude over station on final approach (ft.)	Distance from station to end of approach and runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	To—	Magnetic course (degs.)	Dist. (mi.)	Min. alt. (ft.)					Celling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
GRAY (Killeen), TEX. Gray AFB 221 kc; HOD; IIV	Austin LF Range	Rbn	345	54	3,000	150 330	2,000	3.0	1,015	R (R) A T	700 700 700 800 300	1.5 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
	San Angelo LF Range	Rbn	90	154	3,000							
	Int. SW crs Waco	Rbn	270	23	3,000							
JACKSONVILLE, FLA. Imeson Airport 261 kc; JA; LOM	Int. N crs Jacksonville	LOM	224	0.0	1,200	44 224	1,200	4.0	52	R (R) S A T	500 500 500 800 300	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0
	Jacksonville Range	LOM	237	7.3	1,200							
	Bryceville FM	LOM	104	14.0	1,200							
KANSAS CITY, KANS. Fairfax Field 210 kc; MK; LOM 201 kc; KO; LMM	Kansas City Range	LOM	13	4.2	2,400	173 353	2,400 (over LOM)	187, 0.0 (from LMM)	740	R (R) A T	700 700 700 800 800	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0
	Linkville FM	LOM	120	0.0	2,400							
	Liberty FM & Rbn	LOM	244	13.0	2,400							
KANSAS CITY, MO. Kansas City Airport 210 kc; RN; LOM 201 kc; RO; LMM	Kansas City Range	LOM	13	4.2	2,400	173 353	2,400 (over LOM)	0.35 (from LOM)	744	R (R) S A T	700 700 700 800 300	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0
	Linkville FM	LOM	120	0.0	2,400							
	Liberty FM & Rbn	LOM	244	13.0	2,400							

RULES AND REGULATIONS

AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING PROCEDURES—Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to station				Final approach course; degrees; inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum at distances from station	Minimum altitude over station on final approach (ft.)	Distance from station to approach end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	To—	Magnetic course (deg.)	Dist. (mi.)						Celling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
KNOXVILLE, TENN. McGhee-Tyson Airport (using Binfield Rbn). 217 kc; BFE; MHV	Knoxville LF Range	Rbn	216	10.3	2,500	10 mi.—2,500' W side crs 15 mi.—2,500' W side crs 20 mi.—2,500' W side crs 25 mi.—2,500' W side crs	2,500	6.6	889	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Turn left and climb to 3,000' on N crs of Knoxville within 25 mi. of range; or alternate procedure (when directed by ATO), climb to 4,000' on NE crs of Knoxville. *Night minimums. *Runway 4.
	Int. NE crs Knoxville & NE crs ILS	Rbn	225	14.6	2,500							
	Tullahoma FM	Rbn	353	14.0	3,500							
	Int. SW crs Knoxville & NE crs Chattanooga	Rbn	78	33.0	3,000							
LAFAYETTE, LA. Lafayette Airport 376 kc; LFE; BMH-DIV	New Orleans LF Range	Rbn	271	109	1,400	10 mi.—1,200' E side crs 15 mi.—1,200' E side crs 20 mi.—1,200' E side crs 25 mi.—1,200' E side crs	640	0	40	R (R) S A T	1.5 2.0 1.0 2.0 2.0	Climb to 1,200' on crs of 360° within 25 mi. of Rbn. *Night minimums.
	Lake Charles LF Range	Rbn	81	60	1,400							
	Baton Rouge LF Range	Rbn	235	54	1,500							
	Beaumont Range	Rbn	325	95	1,500	10 mi.—1,400' S side crs 15 mi.—NA 20 mi.—NA 25 mi.—NA	<850	0	288	R A (BCOB) T	1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 1,500' on crs of 116° within 25 mi.
LUFKIN, TEX. Angulina Co. Airport 336 kc; LFE; BMH	Houston Range	Rbn	6	116	1,600							
	Int. NW crs Houston & NE crs Richmond	Rbn	18	103	1,600							
	Tyler Range	Rbn	145	88	1,900							
	Int. SW crs Macon & SW crs ILS	LOM	46	2.8	1,600	10 mi.—1,000' S side crs 15 mi.—1,000' S side crs 20 mi.—1,000' S side crs 25 mi.—1,000' S side crs	1,200	4.4	354	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 1,700' on crs of 46° until bound from LOM within 15 mi. *Runway 5.
MACON, GA. Macon-Cochran Airport 236 kc; MO; LOM	Macon LF Range	LOM	102	6.5	1,600							
	Montreal Range	Rbn	248	61	2,000	10 mi.—1,400' N side crs 15 mi.—1,400' N side crs 20 mi.—1,400' N side crs 25 mi.—1,400' N side crs	800	0.0	205	R (R) A T	1.5 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 3,000' on crs of 270° within 23 mi. of Rbn.
	Ottawa Range	Rbn	130	45	1,500							
	Int. 225° bearing on Watertown Rbn	Rbn	68	36	3,000							
MASSENA, N. Y. Richards Field 215 kc; MSS; MH	Memphis LF Range	LOM	292	5.3	1,700	10 mi.—1,700' S side crs 15 mi.—1,700' S side crs 20 mi.—1,700' S side crs 25 mi.—1,700' S side crs	1,700	4.88	269	R S A T	1.5 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,000' on crs of 89° to NE crs of Memphis.
	Cuba FM	LOM	192	10.0	2,000							
	Int. SW crs Memphis & 45° bearing on LOM	LOM	45	22.0	1,700							
	Minneapolis LF Range	LOM	192	1.3	2,100	10 mi.—2,100' N side crs 15 mi.—2,100' N side crs 20 mi.—2,100' N side crs 25 mi.—2,100' N side crs	1,500	4.7	840	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,500' on crs of 209° outbound from Grand FM within 23 mi. of Grand FM. Alternate procedure (when directed by ATO): climb to 2,300' on crs of 241° to Jordan FM or make left climbing turn to 2,100' and return to LOM. *Runway 29L.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. Minneapolis-St. Paul Intl. Airport 215 kc; MS; LOM	Minneapolis VOR	LOM	117	1.7	2,100							
	Hastings FM	LOM	296	9	2,100							
	Hastings FM (final)	LOM	296	9	1,500							
	Stanton Rbn	LOM	346	26	2,200							
NEW-YORK, N. Y. La Guardia Field (Procedure No. 2) 332 kc; LG; LOM	Jordan FM	LOM	61	26	2,200							
	La Guardia Range	LOM	225	8	2,500	10 mi.—1,500' E side crs 15 mi.—1,500' E side crs 20 mi.—1,500' E side crs 25 mi.—1,500' E side crs	1,200	4.49	20	R (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 1,500' (or to a higher altitude when requested by ATO) on crs of 45° within 25 mi. of LOM. *Runway 4 only.
	Int. NW crs La Guardia & S crs Poughkeepsie	LOM	160	17	2,500							
	Flatbush Rbn	LOM	43	7	2,500							
	Flatbush Rbn (final)	LOM	43	7	1,200							

AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING PROCEDURES--Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to station					Final approach course; degrees inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum at distances from station	Minimum altitude over station on final approach (ft.)	Distance from station to approach runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	To—	Magnetic course (deg.)	Dist. (mi.)	Mn. alt. (ft.)						Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
NORFOLK, VA. Norfolk Airport 301 kc; OM; LOM	Norfolk LF Range	LOM	224	0.0	1,400	44 224	10 mi.—1,400' S side crs 15 mi.—1,400' S side crs 20 mi.—1,400' S side crs 25 mi.—1,400' S side crs	000	4.2	25	R (R) S A 1,000 (BCOB) 300 1.0	Make a climbing right turn and climb to 1,400' on crs of 224° within 25 mi. of LOM. *Runway 4.	
	Int. SW crs Norfolk & NW crs Weeksville.	LOM	44	20	1,400								
	Int. SW crs Norfolk & S crs Langley (final).	LOM	44	0.8	900								
	Riverside Range	LOM	288	15.0	*On top	255 75	10 mi.—1,000' S side crs 15 mi.—NA 20 mi.—NA 25 mi.—NA	2,740	4.5	902	R (R) S A 700 800 900 300 1.0	Climb on crs of 263° to on top. Do not on top until 20 mi. from LOM. S side crs and turn toward LOM on crs of 75° until on top. *Tops at Ontario and on initial approaches must not be above 6,000' msl. #Straight-in approach must be started from on top—tops not above 5,000' msl. NOTE: Night operations on Runway 3/21 not authorized.	
OSCEOLA, MOH. Osceola AFB 230 kc; OSO; HZ	Downey FM & Rbn	LOM	64	31.0	*On top								
	Fontana FM	LOM	211	9.0	*On top								
	Int. N crs Riverside & 263° bearing on LOM	LOM	265	0.8	#2,740								
OTTUMWA, IOWA Ottumwa Airport 230 kc; OTM; BHD TV	Gladwin Rbn	Rbn	60	04.1	2,500	60 210	10 mi.—1,000' S side crs 15 mi.—2,000' S side crs 20 mi.—2,000' S side crs 25 mi.—2,000' S side crs	1,105	0.0	605	R (R) S A 200 200 200 200 300 1.0	Climb to 2,500' on crs of 5° within 25 mi. *Night minimums.	
	Des Moines LF Range	Rbn	103	08	2,400	30 180	10 mi.—1,000' E side crs 15 mi.—1,000' E side crs 20 mi.—1,000' E side crs 25 mi.—1,000' E side crs	1,440	0.0	845	R (R) S A 500 600 800 300 1.0	Climb to 2,500' on crs of 300° within 25 mi. of Rbn.	
	Quincy Rbn	Rbn	317	103	2,600								
PORTLAND, OREG. Portland Int'l Airport	(PROCEDURE CANCELED)												
RALEIGH, N. CAR. Raleigh-Durham Airport 231 kc; RD; LOM	Raleigh LF Range	LOM	233	7.0	2,000	48 223	10 mi.—1,200' S side crs 15 mi.—1,200' S side crs 20 mi.—1,200' S side crs 25 mi.—1,200' S side crs	1,400	4.43	435	R (R) S A 200 200 200 200 300 1.0	Climb to 1,800' on crs of 48° within 25 mi. of LOM; or alternate procedure (when directed by ATIS), turn left and climb to 2,100' on crs of 223° from Raleigh LF range within 13 mi. *Runway 6.	
	Int. SE crs Raleigh & SW crs Rocky Mount VAR	LOM	229	23.0	2,000								
	Richmond Range	LOM	233	3.1	1,400	63 213	10 mi.—1,400' S side crs 15 mi.—1,400' S side crs 20 mi.—1,400' S side crs 25 mi.—1,400' S side crs	000	4.30	107	R (R) S A 200 200 1,000 (BCOB) 300 1.0	Climb to 1,400' on crs of 63° within 10 mi. of LOM; or alternate procedure (when directed by ATIS), make a left climbing turn, climb to 1,600' on N crs of Richmond range. *Runway 0.	
RICHMOND, VA. Byrd Field 219 kc; RI; LOM	Chester FM	LOM	21	7.5	1,400								
	Manakin Rbn	LOM	130	20.0	1,700								
	Int. SE crs Cross City	Range	175	80	1,300	315 135	10 mi.—1,200' E side crs 15 mi.—1,200' E side crs 20 mi.—1,200' E side crs 25 mi.—1,200' E side crs	700	375° 11.0	10	R (R) S A 700 1,000 300 2.0	Climb to 1,600' on crs of 275° outbound from Tampa LF range within 35 mi.	
	Orlando LF Range	Range	235	89	1,400								
ST. PETERSBURG, FLA. Pinellas County Int'l Airport (using Tampa Range) 233 kc; TPA; BHD TV	Int. NE crs Port Myers	Range	315	87	1,400								
	Port Myers LF Range	Range	337	100	1,300								
	Tampa LF Range	Rbn	185	34	1,300								
	Port Myers LF Range	Rbn	324	72	1,300								
SARASOTA, FLA. Sarasota-Bradenton Airport 239 kc; SHO; H													Climb to 1,300' on crs of 140° outbound from Rbn within 25 mi. NOTE: Rbn operated by Sarasota, Manatee Airport Authority.

AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING PROCEDURES—Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to station					Final approach course; degrees; inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum at distances from station	Minimum altitude over station final approach (ft.)	Distance from station to end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	To—	Magnetic course (deg.)	Dist. (mi.)	Alt. (ft.)						Coiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
SOUTH BEND, IND. St. Joseph Co. Airport 341 kc; 8B; LOM	South Bend LF Range	LOM	82	8.6	2,000	268 88	10 mi.—2,000' N side crs 15 mi.—2,000' N side crs 20 mi.—2,200' N side crs 25 mi.—2,200' N side crs	1,480	4.39	778	R S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,000' on crs of 278° outbound from LOM within 25 mi. Alternate procedure (when directed by ATO) make right turn, climb to 2,000' on N crs South Bend, or on crs of 360° from South Bend VOR. *Runway 27. CAUTION: Monitor LOM during approach. LMM located 0.71 mi. from runway, Freq. 332 kc; Ident. BN.
	Int. W crs South Bend	LOM	88	14.8	2,000								
	Int. E crs South Bend	LOM	88	4.5	2,000								
	Int. N crs Goshen	LOM	268	20.0	2,200								
	Int. N crs Goshen	LOM	262	22.0	2,000								
TOPEKA, KANS. Phillip Billard Airport 304 kc; TOP; MHV	South Bend VOR	LOM	129	6.6	2,000		10 mi.—2,100' W side crs 15 mi.—2,100' W side crs 20 mi.—2,100' W side crs 25 mi.—2,100' W side crs	2,100	4.51	880	R S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,500' on crs of 125° outbound from Rbn within 25 mi. Alternate procedure (when directed by ATO) climb to 2,400' on NE crs Forbes. CAUTION: 1,018' msl. stack located 1.75 mi. S. of Rbn. *Runway 12.
	Millersburg VOR	LOM	295	28.0	2,200								
	Int. 75° bearing on South Bend VOR	LOM	88	24.0	2,000								
	Int. SW crs Kansas City	Rbn	305	33	2,600	125 305							
	Int. 252° bearing on Salina VOR & NW crs Forbes	Rbn	71	16	2,600								
VALDOSTA, GA. Valdosta Airport 224 kc; VLD; BMH-TV	Forbes Range	Rbn	357	15	2,400		10 mi.—1,300' S side crs 15 mi.—1,300' S side crs 20 mi.—1,300' S side crs 25 mi.—1,300' S side crs	720	0	203	R S A T	1.5 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 1,500' on crs of 240° outbound from Rbn within 25 mi.
	Int. E crs Tallahassee	Rbn	17	24	1,400	240 60							
	Int. W crs Jacksonville	Rbn	311	37	1,400								
	Syracuse LF Range	Rbn	22	63	2,000	90 270							
	Int. 68° bearing on Massena Rbn	Rbn	225	52	3,000								
WHEELING, W. VA. Ohio Co. Airport 276 kc; HL; LOM	Wheeling VAR	LOM	215	12.2	2,600	30 210	10 mi.—2,600' E side crs 15 mi.—2,600' E side crs 20 mi.—2,600' E side crs 25 mi.—2,600' E side crs	2,100	4.6	1,105	R S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Make a climbing left turn, re-then to LOM climbing to 2,400' on LOM. *Runway 3. NOTE: Night operation not authorized on Runway 0/27. Take-off on Runway 0 not authorized.
	Int. SW crs Wheeling VAR & 85° bearing on LOM	LOM	85	2.3	2,600								
	Int. NW crs Hartford & S crs Westfield	LOM	68	3.6	2,500	68 238	10 mi.—2,200' S side crs 15 mi.—2,200' S side crs 20 mi.—2,200' S side crs 25 mi.—2,200' S side crs	1,740	5.5	171	R S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,500' on crs of 68° within 15 mi. *Runway 6.
	Int. E crs Westfield & 238° bearing on LOM	LOM	238	19.0	2,500								
	Greensboro LF Range	LOM	261	14.5	2,800	328 148	10 mi.—2,300' W side crs 15 mi.—2,300' W side crs 20 mi.—2,300' W side crs 25 mi.—2,300' W side crs	2,000	4.5	963	R S A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 3,500' on crs of 328° outbound from LOM within 25 mi; or alternate procedure (when directed by ATO) turn left, climb to 2,400' on crs of 238° from LOM within 25 mi. *Night minimums. #Runway 33. CAUTION: 1,307' msl. building located 2 mi. SSW of airport.
WINSTON-SALEM, N. CAR. Smith Reynolds Airport 317 kc; IN; LOM	Winston-Salem LF Range	LOM	328	5	2,400								
	Int. SW crs Greensboro & SE crs Winston-Salem (final)	LOM	328	5.5	2,000								
	High Point FM (final)	LOM	328	11.5	2,000								
	Greensboro LOM	LOM	240	10.5	2,800								

These procedures shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Sec. 205; 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 651)

[SEAL]

[F. B. Doc. 52-709; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:53 a. m.]

F. B. LEE,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[Amdt. 11]
PART 609—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES
ALTERATIONS

The standard instrument approach procedure alterations appearing hereinafter are adopted in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest, and therefore is not required.

Part 609 is amended as follows:

1. The very high frequency omnirange procedures prescribed in § 609.15 are amended to read in part:

VEF OMNIRANGE (VOR) PROCEDURES

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to VOR station				Final approach course; degrees inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum altitude	Minimum altitude over VOR station on final approach	Distance from VOR station to approach end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	Mag. note course (degrees)	Dis. (mi.)	Minimum altitude (ft.)						Colling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
ALEXANDRIA, MINN. Alexandria Airport 113.3mc; AXXN; BVOB	Duluth VOR	238	150	2,600	222 43	2,600'—N side crs	2,020	0.2	1,425	600 800 300	2.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,600', make left turn and return to VOR station.
	Minneapolis VOR	200	126	2,600								
	Redwood Falls VOR	348	103	2,600								
	Watertown VOR	45	114	3,000								
	Fargo VOR	121	07	2,800								
AUGUSTA, GA. Daniel Field 113.3mc; AGS; BVOB	(All other directions— MEA)											
	Columbia VOR	230	02	1,600	7 187	1,600'—E side crs	1,100	5.5	427	600 800 300	1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 1,600' on crs of 17° within 25 mi. *Night landings and take-offs not authorized. Note: Minimum for aircraft with stall speeds of 75 mph. or less only.
	Charleston VOR	233	117	1,600								
	Savannah VOR	333	103	1,600								
	Augusta LF Range	150	4.1	1,600								
BALTIMORE, MD. Kendall Airport 113.3mc; BAA; BVOB	(All other directions— MEA)											
	Int. N crs Baltimore	200	30	1,800	180 250	1,800'—W side crs (within 10 mi.) 1,600'—within 25 mi. 2,000'—within 25 mi.	1,320	2.5	140	500 600 800 300	1.5 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 1,800' on crs of 153° within 15 mi. of VOR.
	Baltimore LF Range	277	7.5	1,600								
	Delaysville FM	47	15	1,600								
	Martinsburg VOR	103	03	3,000								
Harbor Field	Int. NE crs Arcola & Radial 353.	103	25	1,800								
	Harrisburg VOR	173	74	3,000								
	Int. NE crs Arcola & Radial 353.	173	30	2,000								
	(All other directions— MEA)											
	Int. N crs Baltimore	200	30	1,800	78 233	1,800'—S side crs (within 10 mi.) 1,600'—within 15 mi. 1,700'—within 20 mi. 1,800'—within 25 mi.	1,000	7.8	14	700 700 700 800 300 400	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 1.5	Climb to 1,800' on crs of 15° outbound from VOR within 25 mi. *Runway 8. #Night minimums.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

VHF OMNIRANGE (VOR) PROCEDURES—Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to VOR station				Final approach course; degrees inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum altitude	Minimum altitude over VOR station on final approach	Distance from VOR station to approach and/or turn point (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	Magnetic course (degrees)	Distance (mi.)	Minimum altitude (ft.)						Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
BANGOR, MAINE Dow AFB 112.7 mc; BGR; BVOB	Millinocket LF Range	203	54	MEA	105 15	1,500'—W side crs (within 10 mi.) 1,800'—within 15 mi. 2,000'—within 25 mi.	1,000	4.0	102	R (R) A T	1.5 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,500' on crs of 103° outbound from VOR within 25 miles.
	Princeton VOR	253	63	MEA								
	Pennfield LF Range	279	103	MEA								
	Augusta LF Range	72	63	MEA								
BINGHAMTON, N. Y. Broome County Airport 114.1 mc; BGM; BVOB-DTV	Elmira VOR	95	46	3,500	76 255	3,000'—S side crs	2,500	3.1	1,630	R (R) A T	2.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 3,500' on crs of 76° within 25 mi. of VOR.
	Syracuse LF Range	185	67	3,500								
	Int. Radial 170 and SE crs Elmira.	350	40	3,500								
	(All other directions— MEA)											
BISMARCK, N. DAK. Bismarck Airport 113.7 mc; BIE; BVOB	Minot VOR	165	108	3,400	271 91	3,000'—N side crs (within 10 mi.) 3,200'—within 25 mi.	2,500	4.4	1,653	R (R) (R) A T	1.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 1.0	Climb to 3,400' on crs of 271° within 25 mi. of VOR. *Minimum VOR reception altitude—4,200'. #Night minimums.
	Jamestown VOR	233	63.5	3,400								
	Aberdeen VOR	290	144	3,500								
	Dickinson VOR	82	101	3,800								
BOWLING GREEN, KY. Bowling Green-Warren County Airport 116.1 mc; BWG; BVOB	(All other directions— MEA)											
	Int. 8° bearing on Louisville VOR	225	55.5	2,200	23 203	1,800'—E side crs (within 10 mi.) 1,000'—within 25 mi.	1,300	2.4	540	R (R) (R) S A T	1.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,200' on crs of 45° within 25 mi. of VOR. *Night minimums. **Straight-in minimums for act with stall speeds of 70 mph. or less are 500—1 day; 500—1.5 night, to Runway 2.
	Nashville VOR	6	90	2,000								
	Evansville VOR	132	90	2,000								
BRYAN, TEX. Bryan, AFB	(All other directions— MEA)											
	Hobbs VOR	230	71	5,000	332 152	5,000'—E side crs	4,200	6.0	3,276	R (R) (R) A T	1.5 2.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Turn right and climb to 5,000' on crs of 43° within 25 mi. of VOR. *Night minimums. CAUTION: Unlighted hill 200' above airt. elev approx 2.5 mi. NW. Runway 32L/14R restricted to day operations. SHUTTLER: To 5,000' on out-bound crs of 163° within 25 mi.
	Wink VOR	232	63	4,500								
	Int. 235° bearing from Wink VOR.	322	33	5,000								
CARLSBAD, N. MEX. Carlsbad Airport 116.8 mc; ONM; BVOB	Int. 73° bearing from Salt Flat VOR.	23	40	7,000								
	Roswell VOR	154	77	5,000								
	Carlsbad LF Range	151	1.7	4,500								
	Salt Flat VOR	44	61	10,800								
CASPER, WYO. Natrona County Airport	(All other directions— MEA)											
	El Paso VOR	253	76	8,500	264 84	6,000'—N side crs (within 15 mi.)—NA beyond 15 mi.)	5,200	2.8	4,024	R (R) (R) A T	2.0 3.0 2.0 3.0 2.0 3.0	Climb to 9,000' on crs of 264° within 25 mi. *Night minimums.
	Int. 230° bearing to Douglas VOR.	83	67	9,000								
	Columbus LF Range	99	0.9	8,500								

(PROCEDURE CANCELED)

(PROCEDURE CANCELED)

COLUMBUS, N. MEX.
OAA Int. Field
116.7 mc; OUS;
BVOB

VIII OMNIRANGE (VOR) PROCEDURES—Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to VOR station				Final approach course; degrees; inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum altitude	Minimum altitude over VOR station approach	Distance from VOR station to approach end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimum:		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks	
	From—	Magnetic course (true)	Distance (mi.)	Minimum altitude (ft.)						Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)		
DAYTON, OHIO Dayton Airport 117.1 mc; DAY; BVOR	Dayton LF Range	42	5.1	2,100	181	2,200'—W side crs	1,000	3.6	1,008	R (R) S A T	600 600 600 800 300	1.6 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 Climb to 2,200' on crs at 302° within 10 mi. of VOR. •Runway 18.	
	Wright-Patterson Range	331	14.3	2,100									
	Int. W crs Columbus & NE crs Wright-Patterson.	260	17.0	2,200									
	Springsfield Rbn	285	23.8	2,300									
	Int. W crs Dayton	74	13.8	2,200									
	Int. W crs Columbus & N crs Dayton.	172	3.8	2,200									
DICKINSON, N. DAK; Dickinson Airport 112.9 mc; DIK; BVOR	Int. W crs Columbus & N crs Dayton (final).	172	3.8	1,000									
	Minot VOR	203	123	3,800	179 359	3,800'—W side crs	3,200	4.4	2,580	R (R) S A T	600 600 600 800 300	1.6 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 Climb to 3,800' on crs of 179° within 10 mi. of VOR. •Night minimums.	
	Bismarck VOR	269	100	3,800									
	Golva VOR	71	57	4,400									
	(All other directions—MEA).												
	Lakehead LF Range	225	170	3,300									
DULUTH, MINN. Duluth Airport 116.7 mc; DLT; BVOR	Grantsburg VOR	13	75	2,400	12 102	2,400'—E side crs	1,020	2.6	1,430	R (R) S A T	600 600 600 800 300	1.6 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 Climb to 2,600' on crs of 12° within 10 mi. of VOR. •Night minimums. •Runway 3. CAUTION: 1,800' msl. tower located 4.3 mi. E of VOR.	
	Alexandria VOR	64	126	2,600									
	(All other directions—MEA).												
	Jackson VOR	316	23	2,100									
	Memphis VOR	21	75	2,000									
	Malden VOR	153	50	1,600									
DYERSBURG, TENN. Dyersburg Airport 117.9 mc; DYI; BVOR-DTV	(All other directions—MEA).				223 73	1,600'—N side crs	1,100	4.0	337	R (R) S A T	600 600 800 300	1.6 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 Climb to 1,600' on crs of 233° outbound from VOR within 25 mi.	
	Wichita VOR	61	70	2,800									
	Hutchinson VOR	63	100	2,700									
	Kansas City VOR	223	103	2,600									
	Alexandria VOR	293	93	2,800									
	Barnevillie FM	297	24	2,300									
EMPORIA, KANS. Emporia Airport 114.3 mc; EMP; BVOR-DTV	Jameson VOR	83	88.6	2,800									
	Grand Forks LF Range	100	72	2,300									
	(All other directions—MEA).												
	Wichita VOR	61	70	2,800	305 125	2,800'—E side crs	1,800	3.4	1,204	R S A T	600 600 800 300	1.6 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 Climb to 2,600' on crs of 305° within 25 mi. •Night minimums. •Note: Sod field—use with caution—not approved for act with stall speeds in excess of 76 mph.	
	Hutchinson VOR	63	100	2,700									
	Kansas City VOR	223	103	2,600									
FARGO, N. DAK. Fargo Airport 112.3 mc; FAR; BVOR	Alexandria VOR	293	93	2,800									
	Barnevillie FM	297	24	2,300									
	Jameson VOR	83	88.6	2,800	341 171	2,300'—W side crs	1,820	6.2	600	R (R) S A T	600 600 800 300	1.6 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 Climb to 2,300' on crs of 319° within 25 mi. of VOR. •Night minimums.	
	Grand Forks LF Range	100	72	2,300									
	(All other directions—MEA).												
	Wichita VOR	61	70	2,800									

WHF OMNIRANGE (VOR) PROCEDURES--Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to VOR station			Final approach course; degrees inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum altitude	Minimum altitude over VOR station on final approach (ft.)	Distance from VOR station to approach end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums			If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished; remarks
	From—	Magnetic course (degrees)	Distance (mi.)						Minimum altitude (ft.)	Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
FORT SMITH, ARK. Fort Smith Airport 113.1 mc; FSM; BVOR	Neesho VOR	168	99	3,500	226	1,500	6.0	460	R •	600	1.5	Climb to 3,500' on crs of 205° within 25 mi. of VOR.
	Flippin VOR	231	120	4,000	46				(R) •	600	2.0	*Night minimums.
	Int. Little Rock Radial 205	270	54	4,000					S# •	600	2.0	**Maintain procedure turn altitude until within 10 mi of VOR.
	McAllister VOR	58	93	2,800					A •	600	2.0	#Runway 25.
	Tulsa VOR	116	112	3,500					A •	800	2.0	
	Fort Smith Rbn	64	7	1,000					T •	300	1.0	
Van Buren Bbn	128	11	2,000									
(All other directions—MEA)												
FORTUNA, CALIF. Robert J. Foy Airport; 114.4 mc; FOT; BVOR-DV	Arata LF Range	170	10	2,000	128 308	1,400	9.4	300	R •	1,000	1.0	If not contact over VOR, turn right, climb to 2,000' on crs of 308° within 25 mi. of VOR.
	Red Bluff VOR	271	112	10,500					A •	1,500	3.0	*Night minimums.
	(All other directions—MEA)								T •	300	1.0	Striking: To 1,400' on crs of 308° outbound, 123° inbound within 10 mi. Note: Not approved for aircraft with stall speeds greater than 75 mph.
GARDEN CITY, KANS. New Garden City Airport 117.7 mc; GOK; BVOR	Lamar VOR	87	104	5,500	107 287	3,800	3.0	2,895	R •	500	1.5	Climb to 4,000' on crs of 107° within 25 mi. of VOR.
	Dodge City VOR	207	43	4,000					(R) •	500	2.0	*Use only N/S runway at night.
	Garden City LF Range	147	5	4,300					S# •	500	1.0	**Night minimums.
									A •	500	2.0	#Runways 8 or 12. Note: Bearing and distance to old Garden City Airport from VOR is 273°, 1.4 mi.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND. Weir Cook Airport 116.3 mc; IND; BVOR	Ohanuto LF Range	107	101	2,000	140 320	1,600	6.0	706	R •	500	1.5	Climb to 2,100' on crs of 135° outbound from VOR within 25 mi.
	Int. NW crs Indianapolis (final)	140	17.5	1,600					S •	500	1.0	*Runway 18.
	Indianapolis LF Range	355	6.3	2,000					A •	300	1.0	
	Int. E crs Indianapolis & NW crs Cincinnati	260	32	2,300								
JACKSONVILLE, FLA. Imeson Airport 114.5 mc; JAX; BVOR	Int. W crs Indianapolis (Greencastle FM)	56	30	2,100								
	Brunswick VOR	187	50	1,300	243 63	700	3.9	52	R •	500	1.5	Climb to 1,500' on crs of 243° outbound from VOR within 15 mi.
	Daytona Beach VOR	343	95	1,300					S •	500	1.0	*Runway 23.
	Tallahassee VOR	91	169	1,400					A •	500	2.0	
	Valdosta VOR	97	104	1,200					T •	300	1.0	
	Alma VOR	143	101	1,500								
Jacksonville LF Range	37	2.4	1,200									
(All other directions—MEA)												
JAMESTOWN, N. DAK. Jamestown Airport 114.5 mc; JMS; BVOR	Fargo VOR	261	88	2,800	1 131	2,300	4.7	1,458	R •	500	1.5	Climb to 2,800' on crs of 1° within 15 mi. of VOR.
	Aberdeen VOR	341	102	2,800					S •	500	1.0	*Night minimums.
									A •	500	1.5	
	Bismarck VOR	75	93.5	3,400					T •	300	2.0	

VHF OMNIRANGE (VOR) PROCEDURES—Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to VOR station				Final approach course; degrees; inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum altitude	Minimum altitude over VOR station on final approach	Distance from VOR station to approach end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished, remarks
	From—	Magnetic course (degrees)	Distance (mi.)	Minimum altitude (ft.)						Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
KEY WEST, FLA. Mencham Field 116.3 mc; EYW; BVOR	Miami VOR	225	125	1,400	130 310	1,100'—W side crs	600	2.2	4	R (R) T	2.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	Climb to 1,100' on crs of 130° within 25 mi. *Night landings and take-offs not authorized.
	Fort Myers VOR	174	139	1,100								
	Key West LF Range	8	1.5	1,300								
	(All other directions— MEA)											
LA GROSSE, WIS. La Crosse Airport 115.7 mc; LSE; BVOR	Wausau VOR	225	100	2,700	322 142	2,400'—N side crs	1,910	4.2	653	R (R) A T	1.5 2.0 1.0 2.0 2.0 1.0 1.5	Climb to 2,000' on crs of 317° within 25 mi. of VOR. *Night minimums.
	Lone Rock VOR	300	65	2,500								
	Mason City VOR	01	117	2,000								
	Rochester VOR	93	68	2,400								
	Minneapolis VOR	123	121	2,000								
	Eau Claire VOR	165	75	2,500								
LANSING, MICH. Capital City Airport 114.1 mc; LAN; BVOR	(All other directions— MEA)											
	Gladwin Rbn	189	86	2,000	24 234	2,000'—S side crs	1,500	0.0	853	R (R) S T	1.5 2.0 1.0 2.0 1.5 1.0	Climb to 2,000' on crs of 31° outbound from VOR within 25 mi. *Night minimums. *Runway 6.
	Saginaw Rbn	211	64	2,000								
	Litchfield VOR	0	45.6	2,300								
	Battle Creek LF Rng	44	42.6	2,500								
	Cadillac Rbn	163	113	2,700								
	Lansing LF Range	247	8.6	2,100								
	Int. W crs Lansing	140	0.0	2,000								
	Int. SE crs Lansing	300	15.0	2,300								
	(PROCEDURE CANCELED)											
MADISON, MO. Malden Airport 116.6 mc; MAW; BVOR-DTVBJ	Memphis VOR	354	105	2,000	235 115	1,400'—N side crs	900	4.0	293	R (R) T	1.5 2.0 1.0	Climb to 1,400' on crs of 293° within 25 mi. *Night operations not authorized.
	Farmington VOR	162	79	2,400								
	Walnut Ridge VOR	57	66	1,700								
	(All other directions— MEA)											
MASSENA, N. Y. Rensselaer Field 112 mc; MBS; BVOR-DTVJ	Int. SE crs Montreal	250	45	2,000	245 75	1,700'—N side crs	1,500	200°, 4.0	205	R (R) T	1.5 1.0 2.0 1.0	Climb to 2,000' on crs of 253° outbound from VOR within 25 mi. CAUTION: 655' tall tower located approx 2 mi. SWS of airport.
	Int. W crs Ottawa	233	40	2,000								
	Ottawa LF Range	135	61	1,000								
	Int. 225° bearing on Watertown VOR	75	40	3,000								
MINERAL WELLS, TEX. Mineral Wells Airport 114.6 mc; MWL; BVOR-DTV	Abilene VOR	71	111	3,000	307 127	2,200'—S side crs	1,560	4.0	964	R (R) T	1.0 2.0 1.0	Turn left and climb to 3,000' on crs of 251° within 25 mi. *Non-standard account traffic control purposes. Note: Not approved for alt with stall speeds over 76 mph.
	Fort Worth VOR	240	29	2,500								
	Waco VOR	321	85	2,300								

[illegible]

VHF OMNIRANGE (VOR) PROCEDURES—Continued

Station; frequency; identification; class	Initial approach to VOR station				Final approach course; degrees inbound; outbound	Procedure turn minimum altitude	Minimum altitude over VOR station on final approach (ft.)	Distance from VOR station to approach end of runway (mi.)	Field elevation (ft.)	Minimums		If visual contact not established at authorized landing minimums, or if landing not accomplished, remarks
	From—	Magnetic course (degrees)	Distance (mi.)	Minimum altitude (ft.)						Ceiling (ft.)	Visibility (mi.)	
SYRACUSE, N. Y. Hancock Airport 113.3 mc; SYR; BVO	Watertown VOR	108	54	2,000	138 318	1,700'—S side crs (within 20 mi. NA beyond 20 mi.)	1,200	5.2	419	R (R) S* A T#	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Olimb to 1,900' on crs of 100° within 25 mi of VOR. *Runway 14. #600—required for take-off to SE. CAUTION: 833 msl radio must be located 1.3 mi. SE and 938 msl radio must be located approx. 3 mi. SW of airport.
	Utica LF Range	277	43	1,900								
	Binghamton VOR	7	70	3,600								
	Rochester LF Range	97	72	2,100								
	(All other directions—MEA)											
TERRE HAUTE, IND. Holman Field 116.3 mc; HUF; BVO	Chicago Heights VOR	173	133	2,000	181 1	1,000'—W side crs	1,360	3.4	535	R (R) (B) A T	1.5 2.0 1.0 1.5 2.0 1.0	Olimb to 1,900' on crs of 101° outbound from VOR within 25 mi. *Night minimums.
	Scotland VOR	327	43	1,800								
	Springfield VOR	100	125	2,000								
	Terre Haute FL Range	43	8.2	1,000								
	Int. N crs Terre Haute & SE crs Channah	143	8.5	1,900								
TOLEDO, OHIO Toledo Airport 113.1 mc; TOL; BVO	Int. E crs Terre Haute	257	26	2,000								
	Toledo LF Range	90	3.0	1,800	316 136	1,800'—E side crs (within 15 mi.) 1,500'—within 25 mi.	1,280	4.2	622	R (R) S* A T	1.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 1.0	Olimb to 2,100' on crs of 316° outbound from VOR within 25 mi. *Night minimums.
	Int. S crs Toledo	37	12.0	1,000								
	Int. N crs Toledo	136	7.0	1,000								
	Kansas City VOR	252	51	MEA	207 27	2,300'—W side crs	1,800	5.9	580	R (R) S* A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Olimb to 2,500' on crs of 162° outbound from VOR within 25 mi. Use procedure: (when directed by ATIS) climb to 2,500' on SE crs Topeka LRS within 25 mi. *Runway 22.
TOPEKA, KANS. Phillip Billard Airport. 117.8 mc; TOP; BVO-DTV	Emporia VOR	20	67	MEA								
	Salina VOR	72	113	MEA								
	St. Joseph VOR	201	66	MEA								
	Topeka Rbn at ILS OM	71	7	2,300								
	(PROCEDURE OANOELED)											
VIOHY, MO. Int. Field 117.7 mc; VIH; BVO	St. Louis VOR	227	82	2,200	243 63	2,300'—N side crs	1,700	3.6	1,148	R (R) S* A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 1.5 2.0 1.0	Olimb to 2,600' on crs of 243° outbound from VOR within 25 mi. *Runway 22. #Night minimums. NOTE: Runway lights on call from Vichy radio.
	Farmington VOR	287	87	2,600								
	Springfield VOR	53	105	2,600								
	Vichy LF Range	12	4.5	2,200								
	Columbia VOR	150	65	2,200								
WATERTOWN, N. Y. Watertown Airport 116.1 mc; AET; BVO-DTV	Syracuse VOR	23	54	2,000	48 228	1,600'—N side crs (within 15 mi. NA beyond 15 mi.)	1,100	3.2	325	R (R) S* A T	1.5 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0	Olimb to 2,000' on crs of 48° outbound from VOR within 25 mi. *Runway 6.
	Int. 76° bearing on Massena VOR	225	56	2,000								

These procedures shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Sec. 205, 62 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 601, 62 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

[SEAL]

F. B. LEE,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 52-710; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter III—Office of Price Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[General Overriding Regulation 24]

GOR 24—COMMUNITY PRICING

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this General Overriding Regulation 24 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This General Overriding Regulation provides a legal basis for and sets out standard provisions to be used in community pricing orders to be issued by District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization fixing dollars-and-cents ceiling prices. These orders will be called "adopting orders". None of the provisions of this regulation is self-executing, and they can become effective only when made applicable to a particular area by an "adopting order" issued by the appropriate District Office of the Office of Price Stabilization. The prices fixed by an adopting order will replace or override the ceiling prices set under otherwise applicable regulations. The result is uniform ceiling prices for a community rather than diverse prices for individual sellers.

During World War II, the Office of Price Administration found that the most popular and effective method of price control for food items was the establishment of community dollars-and-cents ceiling prices because it enables the consumer to tell at a glance whether any particular item is being sold above the proper ceiling price. At the present time most food retail stores are under Ceiling Price Regulations 15 and 16 which provide for individual calculation of ceiling prices by various sellers using the markups prescribed for their groups. Under this system the consumer cannot tell whether the selling price for an item is above the ceiling price.

The community dollars-and-cents ceiling price technique is feasible only when food costs are relatively stabilized. Until now this has not been the case. However, many agricultural commodities are now approaching or are at parity and this is leading to more stable costs for food products as those commodities are progressively brought under more effective price control.

In view of this changing situation, this regulation is being issued to provide a basis for conducting an experiment in community prices in three different areas in the United States. It is hoped that this experimental program will show whether food costs have stabilized sufficiently to enable the Office of Price Stabilization to institute a nation-wide program of community pricing for food products at retail. This regulation, however, will remain in full force and effect after the completion of the experimental program so that the Office of Price Stabilization may at any subsequent time put a community pricing program into effect.

Generally Group 3 and 4 stores purchase dry groceries directly from manufacturers or processors. However, some Group 3 and 4 stores purchase a high proportion of their dry groceries from wholesalers pricing under CPR 14 or from wagon wholesalers. These latter stores, therefore, have higher acquisition costs which result in higher ceiling prices. Under community pricing the dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for Group 3 and 4 stores will be computed by using the costs of acquisition from manufacturers or processors. To force Group 3 and 4 stores with higher acquisition costs to comply with ceiling prices figured on the lower costs would drastically reduce their margin of profit. Accordingly, section 7 of this regulation provides for separate groups, to be called 3A and 4A, into which these stores may be classified and for which separate dollars-and-cents ceiling prices will be fixed that take the higher acquisition costs into consideration.

In the formulation of this regulation the Director of Price Stabilization has consulted with industry representatives to the extent practicable, and has given consideration to their recommendations. In his judgment the provisions of this General Overriding Regulation are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purpose of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Sec.

1. What this regulation does.
2. Compliance with adopting orders.
3. Relation to other regulations.
4. Posting.
5. Evasion.
6. Prohibitions.
7. Reclassification of Group 3A and 4A retailers purchasing from wholesalers.
8. Applicability of other regulations.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 8 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply Title IV, 64 Stat. 803, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2101-2110. E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.

SECTION 1. What this regulation does. This regulation puts into one document the provisions common to all community pricing orders which may be issued from time to time for various areas in the United States. Sales by retailers in which delivery is by mail or express shall not be covered by these orders.

Taken by itself, this regulation sets no ceiling prices. These will be issued in separate documents which will be called "adopting orders." The "adopting orders," when issued, will expressly adopt some or all of the provisions of this regulation. The provisions of this regulation will become effective only when and to the extent they are so adopted.

Sec. 2. Compliance with adopting orders. No person, except as otherwise provided in the applicable adopting order, may sell or offer to see any item at a price higher than the dollars-and-cents ceiling price for that item fixed in the price list applicable to him and contained in an adopting order. Unless otherwise provided in an adopting order,

farmers selling at retail produce grown on their own farms, health food stores and specialty stores shall be subject to all adopting orders.

Sec. 3. Relation to other regulations. The ceiling prices fixed in the applicable adopting order may be either "replacement" ceilings or "over-riding" ceilings. If the adopting order fixes "replacement" ceiling prices for certain sellers, they shall be the only ceiling prices for the sellers covered. If the adopting order fixes "over-riding" ceiling prices for certain sellers, the ceiling price for each item sold by a seller who is covered by the order shall be either the ceiling price figured by him in accordance with the provisions of the otherwise applicable regulation (such as CPR 15 and 16) or the ceiling price for that item fixed in the price list in the applicable adopting order, whichever is lower. All sellers must refer to the applicable adopting order to find out whether the ceiling prices fixed are replacement ceiling prices or over-riding ceiling prices.

Sec. 4. Posting—(a) Ceiling prices. Every person selling food items at retail must obtain from the Office of Price Stabilization one or more copies (as many copies as may be needed to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph) of each list of the dollars-and-cents ceiling prices fixed by the applicable adopting order for those items. Unless a list contains a statement that it need not be posted, the following rules shall apply: One copy of each list of the dollars-and-cents ceiling prices fixed for dry groceries must be posted for each 1500 square feet of selling space. If more than one copy of a list of dry groceries is required, they must be posted at least 25 feet apart. One copy of each list of the dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for all items other than dry groceries must be posted at or near the place where the item or items are offered for sale. Each list must be posted in such a manner that it can be easily read and so that customers can approach it within a distance of two feet. If the dollars-and-cents ceiling prices established in an adopting order do not replace the ceiling prices of a seller, he must continue to post his ceiling prices as required by any other applicable regulation.

(b) Selling prices. Every person selling food items at retail must also post his selling price for each food item for which an adopting order fixes a dollars-and-cents ceiling price. The selling price must be posted either on the item or at or near the place in the store where the item is offered for sale.

Sec. 5. Evasion. You must not evade any of the provisions of this regulation or of any adopting order by any scheme or device. You must not, as a condition of selling any particular item, require a customer to buy anything else. Any such evasion is punishable as a violation of this regulation.

Sec. 6. Prohibitions. If you sell or deliver or offer to sell or deliver at a price higher than your ceiling price fixed by this regulation or any order issued pursuant to it, or if you otherwise violate any provisions of this regulation or any order issued pursuant to it, you are sub-

ject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, and suits for treble damages provided for by the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended. Also, any person, who, in the course of trade or business, buys from you at a price higher than your ceiling price is subject to the criminal penalties and civil enforcement actions provided for by that act.

SEC. 7. Reclassification of Group 3 and 4 retailers purchasing from wholesalers. (a) For purposes of community pricing, there shall be separate classifications for Group 3 and 4 retailers under CPR 15 purchasing a substantial portion (as set forth in (b) below) of their dry groceries from wholesalers. These retailers shall be designated as Groups 3A and 4A, respectively.

(b) If you are a Group 3 or 4 retailer, as defined in CPR 15, and if during the latest calendar year or your most recent complete fiscal year at least 40 percent by dollar volume of the net cost of the dry groceries purchased by you for the stores included in an application for adjustment, was purchased from wholesalers pricing under CPR 14 or from wagon wholesalers, you may apply under paragraph (c) of this section for permission to use the community dollars-and-cents ceiling prices fixed for Group 3A or 4A retailers.

(c) Your application must be filed in duplicate with the OPS District Office for your area. You may include in one application two or more of your stores which operate as a unit with a central office or warehouse. The OPS District Office for your area shall mean the District Office having jurisdiction over the central office or warehouse. Your application shall consist of (1) name and address of each store included in the application, (2) the total net cost of dry groceries purchased by you for all of the stores included in the application during the latest calendar year or your most recent complete fiscal year, and (3) the net cost of such purchases from wholesalers pricing under CPR 14 or from wagon wholesalers, and (4) signature and title of a responsible officer of the applicant. You may not use Group 3A or 4A prices until your application has been approved.

(d) If, however, (1) under Maximum Price Regulation No. 422 issued by the Office of Price Administration you were either a Group 3A or 4A store, (2) you can establish that you were authorized by the OPA to use Group 3A or 4A ceiling prices and the authority was never revoked, and (3) you certify that your method of doing business has not changed in any material respect since the time you were authorized to use the Group 3A or 4A ceiling prices, you may consider yourself a Group 3A or 4A store under this regulation as soon as you have filed your application in accordance with this section. This authority may be withdrawn if it is determined that your store does not qualify for adjustment under this section. If you are a store in Group 1 or 2, as defined in CPR 16, pricing as a Group 3 or 4 store under section 2 (d) of CPR 16, you may consider

yourself classified in Group 3A or 4A, respectively, as soon as you have notified the OPS District Office of your area.

(e) The OPS District Office for your area may at any time revoke a reclassification granted under this section if it finds that you are no longer qualified.

SEC. 8. Applicability of other regulations. Except to the extent that dollars-and-cents ceiling prices are fixed under this regulation, any seller subject to other regulations remains subject to all the provisions of those other regulations. If you are classified under any other regulation in a specified group of sellers, your classification for community pricing purposes will not affect your classification under the other regulation.

Effective date. This General Overriding Regulation shall become effective January 18, 1952.

NOTE: The record-keeping and reporting requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

EDWARD F. PHELPS, Jr.,
Acting Director
of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 18, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-890; Filed, Jan. 18, 1952;
4:19 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 97, Amdt. 2]

CPR 97—CEILING PRICES FOR PACIFIC NORTHWEST LOGS

ADDITION OF ACCREDITED GRADERS AND SCALERS

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong., Pub. Law 96, 82nd Cong.), Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), and Delegation of Authority No. 30 (16 F. R. 11752), this Amendment 2 to Ceiling Price Regulation 97 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment to Ceiling Price Regulation No. 97 carries out the intention expressed in section 19 by adding to Appendix A of the regulation a list of names of graders and scalers who have been found qualified by the Regional Director of Region 13 to grade and scale logs subject to the regulation.

The persons accredited by this amendment have submitted the information and statements required under section 19. The Regional Director of Region 13 has requested the appropriate log scaling and grading bureaus named in section 19 to examine into the qualifications of each such person, has received an appropriate report with respect to each, and each has been found by the Regional Director to be qualified for listing as an accredited scaler and grader.

This amendment also deletes from Appendix A to Ceiling Price Regulation 97 the names of two persons who are now deceased, and makes correction of the spelling of the name of one individual listed in Appendix A.

In the formation of this amendment, there has been consultation with industry representatives, and consideration has been given to their recommendations.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 97 is hereby amended in the following respects:

1. Subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b) of Appendix A is amended by inserting the name "Kinnee, James" immediately after the name "Johnson, Mark A."; inserting the name "Nordahl, Harry" immediately after the name "Neilson, Martin"; inserting the name "Taylor, Lloyd R." immediately after the name "Stull, Leon".

2. Subparagraph (2) of paragraph (b) of Appendix A is amended by inserting the name "Johnson, Carl T." immediately after the name "Hebert, Harry J."

3. Subparagraph (4) of paragraph (b) of Appendix A is amended by inserting the name "Barrett, Gordon S." immediately after the name "Baker, Everett"; and by deleting the name "Rowe, Steve S." therefrom.

4. Subparagraph (6) of paragraph (b) of Appendix A is amended by deleting the name "Smith Jr., Irving" therefrom.

5. Paragraph (c) of Appendix A is amended by substituting the name "Bell, Lynn, Bellingham, Wash." for the name "Dill, Lynn, Bellingham, Wash."

6. Paragraph (c) of Appendix A is amended by inserting the name "Small, J. M., Olympia, Wash." immediately after the name "Kidd, Ray, Port Angeles, Wash."

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Effective date. This Amendment 2 to Ceiling Price Regulation 97 is effective January 21, 1952.

WILLIAM J. STEINERT,
Acting Regional Director, Region 13.

JANUARY 21, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-918; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
11:56 a. m.]

Chapter IV—Salary and Wage Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

Subchapter A—Salary Stabilization Board

[General Salary Order 9]

GSO 9—EXTENSION OF TIME FOR FILING DOCUMENTS AND REPORTS UNDER GENERAL SALARY STABILIZATION REGULATION 4

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

As the result of additional hearings by the Stock Option Panel of the Salary Stabilization Board, it appears that unnecessary hardships would be created if corporations having stock option or stock purchase plans were required to file such plans and related documents pursuant to the regulation on January 15, 1952. Accordingly, the Board has decided to extend the time for such filing and also to postpone the time for the filing of subsequent quarterly reports required by the regulation.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Sec.

1. Postponement of date for filing certain documents under General Salary Stabilization Regulation 4.
2. Postponement of date for filing quarterly reports under General Salary Stabilization Regulation 4.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 and 2 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154 or apply Title IV, 64 Stat. 803, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2101-2110, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.

SECTION 1. Postponement of date for filing certain documents under General Salary Stabilization Regulation 4. The time for filing stock option and stock purchase plans and copies of the resolutions and warranties, pursuant to sections 8 and 16 of General Salary Stabilization Regulation 4, is postponed to March 31, 1952.

SEC. 2. Postponement of date for filing first quarterly report under General Salary Stabilization Regulation 4. The time for filing the first quarterly report required by sections 8 and 16 of General Salary Stabilization Regulation 4 is postponed to June 30, 1952.

NOTE: The record keeping and reporting requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

By order of the Salary Stabilization Board.

JUSTIN MILLER,
Chairman.

JANUARY 10, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-887; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 11:34 a. m.]

Chapter VI—National Production Authority, Department of Commerce

[NPA Order M-6A, Direction 1 of January 21, 1952]

M-6A—STEEL DISTRIBUTORS

DIR. 1—TREATMENT OF PURCHASE ORDERS BEARING CERTAIN ALLOTMENT SYMBOLS

This direction to NPA Order M-6A is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the authority granted by the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended. In the formulation of this direction consultation with industry representatives has been rendered impracticable due to the need for immediate action.

Sec.

1. What this direction does.
2. Treatment of authorized controlled material orders bearing certain allotment symbols.
3. Additional tonnage for authorized controlled material orders bearing certain allotment symbols.
4. Certification and identification.
5. Expiration.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 5 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 98, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply sec. 101, 64 Stat. 759, Pub. Law 98, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2071. Sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.; sec. 2, E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61; secs. 402, 405, E. O. 10281, Aug. 28, 1951, 16 F. R. 8769.

SECTION 1. What this direction does. This direction requires steel distributors to accept authorized controlled material orders bearing allotment symbols A, B, C, or E, and a digit, or Z-2, in preference to other authorized controlled material orders, whenever the particular product ordered may be filled from the inventory of a steel distributor. It provides that the minimum tonnage required to be shipped by producers to steel distributors under NPA Order M-6A must be increased upon certification by a steel distributor that he is entitled to additional tonnage because of deliveries by him from inventory on authorized controlled material orders bearing allotment symbols N-8 or Z-2.

SEC. 2. Treatment of authorized controlled material orders bearing certain allotment symbols. Each steel distributor is hereby required to accept authorized controlled material orders bearing allotment symbols A, B, C, or E, and a digit, or Z-2, in preference to other authorized controlled material or other purchase orders, whenever the particular product ordered may then be filled from the inventory of such steel distributor. This requirement is subject to the right of a steel distributor to reject any such order if the person seeking to place such order is unwilling or unable to meet such distributor's regularly established prices and terms of sale or payment, and is also subject to the provisions of section 4 of CMP Regulation No. 4.

SEC. 3. Additional tonnage for authorized controlled material orders bearing certain allotment symbols. (a) Commencing January 21, 1952, a steel distributor who, during the months of November and December 1951, has delivered any one or more steel products from his inventory to fill authorized controlled material orders bearing the allotment symbol N-8 or Z-2 may place a purchase order or orders in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section requiring shipment to him of a tonnage of each such steel product equivalent to 12½ percent of the total tonnage of such product so delivered on such N-8 or Z-2 orders during the months of November and December 1951. The tonnage of any product determined by the percentage specified in the preceding sentence is hereinafter called "additional tonnage."

(b) In any month commencing with February 1952, a steel distributor who, during the calendar month immediately preceding such month, has delivered any one or more steel products from his inventory to fill authorized controlled material orders bearing the allotment symbol Z-2 may place a purchase order or

orders in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section requiring shipment to him of a tonnage of each such steel product equivalent to 25 percent of the total tonnage of such product so delivered on Z-2 orders during such preceding calendar month. The tonnage of any product determined by the percentage specified in the preceding sentence shall be hereinafter called "additional tonnage."

(c) Each producer is hereby required to accept any purchase order or orders from a steel distributor customer for additional tonnage under and pursuant to the provisions of this section, and identified and certified as required by section 4 of this direction; and any such additional tonnage shall be in addition to the tonnage required to be shipped by such producer to such steel distributor customer pursuant to section 4 of NPA Order M-6A. Orders placed pursuant to this section with producers must be placed in accordance with the lead times for the various steel products set forth in Schedule III of CMP Regulation No. 1, as amended from time to time, and in conformance with NPA Order M-6A and any other applicable NPA orders and regulations. If more than one producer supplied a steel distributor with any steel product, an additional tonnage of which steel product he is entitled to receive hereunder, such steel distributor shall order from each such producer a proportion of the total additional tonnage of such steel product which such distributor is entitled to order under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section based on the proportion that the base tonnage of such steel product supplied to him by each producer bears to the total base tonnage of such steel product supplied by all producers.

SEC. 4. Certification and identification. (a) In ordering additional tonnage of steel products from producers pursuant to section 3 of this direction, each steel distributor is hereby required to identify each purchase order as a Direction 1, M-6A order. Such identification shall be placed or stamped on each purchase order in a prominent place so that the order may readily be identified as a Direction 1, M-6A purchase order.

(b) In ordering additional tonnage of steel products from producers pursuant to section 3 of this direction, each steel distributor is hereby required to certify said purchase order in the following form:

Certified under Direction 1 to NPA Order M-6A

Such certification shall be signed as provided in NPA Reg. 2, and shall constitute a representation that, subject to the criminal penalties provided for in applicable statutes of the United States, the steel distributor is authorized by the provisions of section 3 of this direction to place such purchase order and that the amount ordered is within the total additional tonnage authorized by that section.

Sec. 5. *Expiration.* This direction shall expire on June 16, 1952. The expiration of this direction on June 16, 1952, shall not relieve any person of any obligation or liability incurred hereunder, nor deprive any person of any rights received or accrued prior to said date, it being the intent hereof that steel distributors may place orders with producers for additional tonnage pursuant to section 3 of this direction until June 16, 1952.

This direction shall take effect January 21, 1952.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION
AUTHORITY,

By JOHN B. OLVERSON,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-912; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
10:41 a. m.]

Chapter XXI—Office of Rent Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Rent Regulation 1, Amdt. 14 to Schedule A]

[Rent Regulation 2, Amdt. 12 to Schedule A]

RR 1—HOUSING

RR 2—ROOMS IN ROOMING HOUSES AND
OTHER ESTABLISHMENTS

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE RENTAL AREA

TEXAS AND WASHINGTON

Amendment 14 to Schedule A of Rent Regulation 1—Housing and Amendment 12 to Schedule A of Rent Regulation 2—Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments. Said regulations are amended in the following respect:

In Schedule A, items 347 and 348 are amended to read and new items 303 and 348a are added, all as follows:

State and name of defense-rental area	Class	County or counties in defense-rental areas under regulation	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation
<i>Texas</i>				
(303) Howard County...	A	Howard.....	Dec. 1, 1951	Jan. 22, 1952
<i>Washington</i>				
(347) Bellingham.....	B	Whatcom County, except the city of Bellingham, and the town of Ferndale.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942
(348) Everett.....	B	Snohomish County, except the cities of Edmonds, and Snohomish, and the towns of East Stanwood, Marysville, Stanwood, and Sultan.do.....	Oct. 1, 1942
(348a) Whidbey Island...	B	Island County.....do.....	Dec. 1, 1942
	B	Skagit County, except the city of Mount Vernon.do.....	Nov. 1, 1943
	O	Island County; and in Skagit County, the city of Anacortes, the precincts of Conway, Dewey, Fidalgo, Fir, Harmony, Milltown, North Avon, North La Connor, South Avon, South La Connor, Swinomish, and Whitney, and Mount Vernon precincts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, except the city of Mount Vernon.	Feb. 1, 1951	Jan. 23, 1952
	A	In Skagit County, the city of Mount Vernon.....do.....	Do.

These amendments are issued as a result of joint certifications pertaining to critical defense housing areas by the Secretary of Defense and the Director of Defense Mobilization under section 204 (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and a determination as to the relaxation of real estate construction credit controls under section 204 (m) of said act.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894).

These amendments shall be effective January 22, 1952.

Issued this 17th day of January 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Rent Stabilization.

[F. R. Doc. 52-819; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:53 a. m.]

[Rent Regulation 3, Amdt. 32 to Schedule A]

RR 3—HOTELS

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE RENTAL AREA

TEXAS AND WASHINGTON

Amendment 32 to Schedule A of Rent Regulation 3—Hotels. Said regulation is amended in the following respect:

New items 303 and 348a are hereby added to Schedule A as follows:

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under Rent Regulation 3	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation
(303) Howard County...	Texas.....	Howard.....	Dec. 1, 1951	Jan. 22, 1952
(348a) Whidbey Island...	Washington.	Island County; and in Skagit County, the city of Anacortes, and the precincts of Conway, Dewey, Fidalgo, Fir, Harmony, Milltown, Mount Vernon precincts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, North Avon, North La Connor, South Avon, South La Connor, Swinomish and Whitney.	Feb. 1, 1951	Jan. 23, 1952

This amendment is issued as a result of joint certifications pertaining to critical defense housing areas by the Secretary of Defense and the Director of Defense Mobilization under section 204 (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and a determination as to the relaxation of real estate construction credit controls under section 204 (m) of said act.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894).

This amendment shall be effective January 22, 1952.

Issued this 17th day of January 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Rent Stabilization.

[F. R. Doc. 52-818; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND
NAVIGABLE WATERS

Chapter I—Coast Guard, Department
of the Treasury

Subchapter K—Security of Vessels

[CGFR 52-2]

PART 121—SECURITY CHECK AND CLEARANCE OF MERCHANT MARINE PERSONNEL

REQUIREMENTS FOR DOCUMENTS BEARING
SECURITY CLEARANCE INDORSEMENT

Pursuant to the authority of 33 CFR 6.10-3 in Executive Order 10173, as amended by Executive Order 10277 (15 F. R. 7007, 3 CFR, 1950 Supp., 16 F. R. 7537), the Commandant may require that all licensed officers and certificated men employed on other than exempted designated categories of merchant vessels of the United States shall be holders of specially validated documents. The present regulation, designated 33 CFR 121.16, now requires that all persons employed on merchant vessels of the United States of 100 gross tons and upwards engaged in (1) the Great Lakes trade, or (2) the foreign trade, or (3) the inter-coastal trade, or (4) the coastwise trade to Alaska or the Hawaiian Islands, shall be required as a condition of employment to be in possession of documents bearing special validation indorsement for emergency service prior to acceptance of employment as members of crews of such vessels. It has been determined that the average percentage of crews holding validated documents is now approximately 90 percent and that more than enough licensed officers and certificated men have been issued validated documents to man the vessels in all of the designated categories referred to in 33 CFR 121.02. The purpose of the following amendment to 33 CFR 121.16 is to (a) add to the categories previously published all merchant vessels of the United States of 100 gross tons and upward engaged in (i) trade to the Dominion of Canada, the West Indies, or Mexico, and (ii) coastwise trade; (b) republish all categories of vessels requiring licensed officers and certificated men to be holders of validated documents so that it will be

worded similar to 33 CFR 121.02; (c) add a statement defining when a vessel is employed; and (d) add a statement defining engagement of a person. Since the security interests of the United States called for the aforesaid application of the provisions of 33 CFR 6.10-3 at the earliest practicable date and because of the national emergency declared by the President, it is found that compliance with the notice of proposed rule making, public rule making procedure thereon, and effective date requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act is impracticable and contrary to the public interest.

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Commandant, United States Coast Guard, by Executive Order 10173, as amended by Executive Order 10277, § 121.16 is amended to read as follows, which shall become effective on and after February 15, 1952:

§ 121.16 Requirements for documents bearing security clearance indorsement.

(a) On and after February 15, 1952, every person shall be required as a condition of employment to be in possession of a document bearing a special validation indorsement for emergency service prior to acceptance of employment as a member of the crew of any vessel coming within any one of the following categories:

(1) All merchant vessels of the United States of 100 gross tons and upward engaged in the foreign trade.

(2) All merchant vessels of the United States of 100 gross tons and upward engaged in trade to the Dominion of Canada, the West Indies, or Mexico.

(3) All merchant vessels of the United States of 100 gross tons and upward engaged in the Intercoastal trade.

(4) All merchant vessels of the United States of 100 gross tons and upward engaged in the coastwise trade, including those vessels engaged in trade to Alaska, or the Hawaiian Islands.

(5) All merchant vessels of the United States of 100 gross tons and upward engaged in trade on the Great Lakes.

(b) The issuance of documents bearing security clearance shall be in the form and manner prescribed by § 121.15.

(c) The categories of vessels listed in paragraph (a) of this section are considered to be engaged in trade whether at anchor or made fast to a dock, loading or unloading passengers or cargo, or merely in an idle status awaiting passengers or cargo, but are not considered to be engaged in trade if laid up or dismantled or out of commission.

(d) By employed is meant the engagement of any person to fill any licensed or certificated berth on board ship whether or not under articles and includes those engaged for standby, relief, or other capacities.

Dated: January 15, 1952.

(40 Stat. 220, as amended; 50 U. S. C. 191, E. O. 10173, Oct. 18, 1950, 15 F. R. 7005; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp. E. O. 10277, Aug. 1, 1951, 16 F. R. 7537)

[SEAL] MERLIN O'NEILL,
Vice Adm., U. S. Coast Guard,
Commandant.

[F. R. Doc. 52-817; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 38—PENSIONS, BONUSES, AND VETERANS' RELIEF

Chapter I—Veterans' Administration

PART 14—LEGAL SERVICES, SOLICITOR'S OFFICE

SUBPART C—GUARDIANSHIP SERVICES INVESTMENTS; INSPECTION OF ASSETS

In § 14.321, paragraph (b) (5) (i) is amended to read as follows:

§ 14.321 *Investments; inspection of assets.* * * *

(b) * * *
(5) * * *

(i) If the guardian exhibits the securities in his possession to the court or an officer or appointee thereof and furnishes a certificate from such an official to that effect.

(Sec. 5, 43 Stat. 608, as amended, sec. 2, 46 Stat. 1016, sec. 7, 48 Stat. 9; 38 U. S. C. 11a, 426, 707)

This regulation is effective January 22, 1952.

[SEAL] O. W. CLARK,
Deputy Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 52-798; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

PART 36—SERVICEMEN'S READJUSTMENT ACT OF 1944

SUBPART A—TITLE III; LOAN GUARANTY SALE OF LOANS

Section 36.4524 is amended to read as follows:

§ 36.4524 *Sale of loans.* In the event a direct loan is purchased from Veterans' Administration at any time pursuant to the provisions of section 512 (d) of the act, Veterans' Administration may issue a guaranty in connection therewith within the maxima contained in section 501 (b) of the act and such loans shall thereafter be subject to the applicable provisions of the regulations governing the guaranty or insurance of loans to veterans, and such part of the regulations concerning direct loans to veterans as may be inconsistent therewith or variant therefrom shall no longer govern the subsequent disposition of the rights and liabilities of any interested parties. (Sec. 504, 58 Stat. 293, as amended; 38 U. S. C. 694d)

This regulation is effective January 22, 1952.

[SEAL] O. W. CLARK,
Deputy Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 52-797; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 39—POSTAL SERVICE

Chapter I—Post Office Department

PART 127—INTERNATIONAL POSTAL SERVICE: POSTAGE RATES, SERVICE AVAILABLE, AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAILING

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

a. In § 127.6 *Printed matter* amend subparagraphs (1), (2), and (3) of paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(1) Prints, including second-class matter mailed by publishers or registered news agents to the countries to which Table No. 2 in § 127.1 applies, must be placed either under wrapper, in rolls, between cardboard, in an open case, or in an unsealed envelope, provided, if need be, with easily removable fasteners offering no danger, or be fastened with a string which is easily untied. Care should be exercised in all instances to see that articles of printed matter are not prepared in such a manner as to allow other articles to slip into them.

(2) Prints of the shape and consistency of a card and either folded or unfolded may be forwarded without wrapper, envelope, or fastener.

(3) The right half, at least, of the front of all prints sent in the form of cards, including illustrated post cards, must be reserved for the address of the addressee and the service notes or labels. The postage stamps or postage-paid impressions are placed in the upper right corner of the cards.

b. Section 127.57 *Licenses covering shipments of firearms or parts thereof, implements of war and other nonexplosive munitions of war* is amended to read as follows:

§ 127.57 *Licenses covering shipments of firearms or parts thereof, implements of war and other nonexplosive munitions of war.* (a) Section 12 of the joint resolution approved by the President on November 4, 1939, provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to export, or attempt to export, from the United States to a foreign country certain arms, ammunition or implements of war without first having obtained a license therefor. Such licenses are issued by the Department of State (Munitions Division). Smooth bore firearms, such as shotguns, and firearms of less than .22 caliber, are exempt from this licensing requirement.

(b) When the sender of a parcel presents a license from the Department of State authorizing the exportation of any mailable firearms or parts thereof, implements of war or other nonexplosive munitions of war, the accepting clerk shall compare the contents of the parcel as shown on the customs declaration with the commodities indicated on the license. If no inconsistency is noted the parcel may be accepted for mailing provided the contents are (1) mailable under the provisions of §§ 36.12 and 35.18 of this chapter, and (2) are not prohibited to the country concerned by the special prohibitions appearing under the relative country item in Subpart D of this part. If the parcel is accepted for mailing the clerk shall place the endorsement "State Department export license No. _____" on the wrapper. When the entire amount authorized to be exported has been mailed the accepting clerk shall take up the license, endorse it "completed", postmark, and return it to the Munitions Division, Department of State, Washington 25, D. C. If the quantity of articles being mailed represents only a portion of the total amount authorized to be exported, the sender shall be required to enter on the back of the license the amount being shipped. The license

is then to be postmarked and handed back to the sender.

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25, 48 Stat. 943; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

[SEAL]

J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 52-773; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:47 a. m.]

**PART 127—INTERNATIONAL POSTAL SERVICE:
POSTAGE RATES, SERVICE AVAILABLE, AND
INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAILING**

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

a. In § 127.264 *Germany* make the following changes:

1. Amend paragraph (a) (8) by adding the following sentence to the text of subdivision (viii): "Shotguns and other weapons for use in hunting are admitted if the addressee possesses an import permit."

2. Amend paragraph (b) (4) to read as follows:

(4) *Observations*—(i) *All zones*. (a) Senders must indicate the zone or sector of occupation as part of the address of all parcels. Parcels for the American, British, and French zones may be addressed "Western zone" if desired, instead of to a specific zone of occupation, provided the number of the postal addressing district is included as a part of the address of such parcels. Parcels for the Soviet zone may be addressed "Eastern zone" if desired. The Western zone comprises postal addressing districts 13, 14, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24. The Eastern zone comprises districts 2, 3, 10, 15, and 19. Parcels for Berlin may, if desired, be addressed "Western sector" or "Eastern sector."

(b) A delivery fee, based on the German domestic parcel post rates, is collected by the German postal service from addressees for delivery of parcels at their homes.

(c) Parcels sent as gifts and the relative customs declarations must be conspicuously marked "Gift Parcel" by the senders, who must itemize the contents and value on the customs declarations.

(ii) *Western zones (including the Western sector of Berlin)*. (a) Addressees of gift parcels may receive duty free each month up to 33 pounds of food-stuffs generally, 1 pound 1½ ounces of coffee, 2 pounds 3 ounces of powdered cocoa, or 2 pounds 3 ounces of chocolate. No parcel is admitted duty free if it contains coffee, powdered cocoa or chocolate amounting to more than half the weight of the parcel, or if the value of such articles exceeds two-thirds of the total value of the contents.

(b) Exemption from duty is not granted for gift shipments of tea, luxury items, such as jewelry, new fur articles, radio equipment, photographic apparatus, perfumes, cosmetics, or any articles whose character and quantity are not in accord with the needs of the addressee and the members of his household.

(c) Gift parcels which prove to be undeliverable are turned over to authorized German relief organizations for distribution to the needy, unless the relative customs declaration and dispatch note bear instructions that the parcels are to be returned to the senders.

(d) Parcels sent for commercial purposes are admitted on condition that the contents are authorized on the basis of a general or specific import license issued by the German authorities. Each such parcel must have enclosed an invoice in duplicate showing the value of the con-

tents, which must agree with the value on the customs declaration.

(iii) *Soviet Zone (including the Soviet sector of Berlin)*. Only gift parcels may be sent. Exemption from duty is granted up to 50 marks per month for gifts addressed to pensioners or recipients of relief.

3. Amend paragraph (b) (5) to read as follows:

(5) *Prohibitions*. (i) The articles prohibited in the regular mails are also prohibited in either gift or commercial parcels.

(ii) Also, gift parcels to the Western zone may not contain any tobacco or tobacco products, cigarette papers, or saccharine.

b. In § 127.283 *Italy (including the Republic of San Marino)* (16 F. R. 11542) amend subdivision (vi) of paragraph (a) (8) by adding the following items to the list shown in clause (f):

Nuts, herb products, and medicinal plants.
Canary grass, soapwort, sumac.
Small dry oranges, and dry orange skins.
Beans, lentils, chick-peas.
Carob seeds and flour made therefrom.
Sulphur.

c. In § 127.361 *Syria* strike out the information appearing under the footnote to subdivision (ii) of paragraph (b) (1), and insert in lieu thereof the following:

Parcels addressed to Chahba and Salkhad are limited to 11 pounds in weight, and parcels for Tel-Ablad and Yabroud to 22 pounds. To other places in Syria the weight limit is 44 pounds.

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25, 48 Stat. 943; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

[SEAL]

J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 52-772; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:46 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

[25 CFR Part 130]

CROW INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT, MONTANA

ORDER FIXING OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CHARGES

Pursuant to section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act approved June 11, 1946, Public Law 404, 79th Congress; the acts of Congress approved August 1, 1914; June 4, 1920; May 26, 1926; and March 7, 1928 (38 Stat. 583, 25 U. S. C. 385; 41 Stat. 751; 44 Stat. 658; 45 Stat. 210; 25 U. S. C. 387) and by virtue of authority delegated by the Secretary of the Interior to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs September 11, 1946 (11 F. R. 10279) and by virtue of authority delegated by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs to the Regional Director September 14, 1946, notice is hereby given

of intention to modify § 130.12 of Title 25, Code of Federal Regulations, dealing with irrigable lands of the Crow Indian Irrigation Project to read as follows:

§ 130.12 *Charges*. In compliance with the provisions of the act of August 1, 1914 (38 Stat. 583; 25 U. S. C. 385), the operation and maintenance charges for irrigable lands under the Crow Indian Irrigation Project and under certain private ditches for the calendar year 1952 and subsequent years until further notice are hereby fixed as follows:

For the assessable area under constructed works on all Government operated units excepting Copurn Ditch, per acre.....	\$2.25
For the assessable area under constructed works on the Two Leggins Unit, per acre.....	2.21
For the assessable area under the Bozeman Trail Unit, per acre.....	.90
For Indian lands under the Bozeman Trail Unit and under constructed works on all Government operated	

units in the Little Big Horn watershed; for non-Indian, non-irrigation district lands, under private ditches, contracting for the benefits, and repayment for the costs of the Willow Creek Storage Works; for operation and maintenance of said works, per acre.....	\$0.10
For certain tracts of irrigable trust patent Indian lands within and benefited by the Two Leggins Drainage District (contract dated June 29, 1932), per acre.....	.75

Interested persons are hereby given opportunity to participate in preparing the proposed amendment by submitting their views and data or arguments in writing to the Area Director, U. S. Indian Service, Billings, Montana, within 30 days from the date of the publication of this notice of intention in the daily issue of the FEDERAL REGISTER.

PAUL L. FICKINGER,
Area Director.

[F. R. Doc. 52-801; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:50 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing
Administration

[P. & S. Docket No. 1211]

ST. PAUL UNION STOCKYARDS CO.

NOTICE OF PETITION FOR MODIFICATION OF
RATE ORDER

Pursuant to the provisions of the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, as amended (7 U. S. C. 181 et seq.), orders have been issued in this proceeding authorizing respondent to assess the current rates and charges to and including April 6, 1952. The latest of these orders is dated April 10, 1951 (10 A. D. 487).

On January 9, 1952, the respondent filed a petition requesting that it be granted authority to modify its current schedule of rates and charges in the following respects and that the current schedule of rates and charges as so modified be continued in effect until April 1, 1954.

(1) By changing its current schedule of rates and charges for yardage to read as follows:

The following charges to cover the use of facilities, handling, and privilege of the market will be collected on all livestock handled in these yards: On livestock arrivals:

	Per head
Cattle (except bulls 700 pounds or over).....	\$0.90
Bulls (700 pounds or over).....	1.40
Calves (300 pounds or under).....	.56
Hogs.....	.31
Sheep.....	.18
Horses and mules.....	.90
Colts.....	.56

The above yardage charges will also apply on resales in the commission division.

EXCEPTIONS

(a) Yardage will not be assessed against through billed livestock stopped by railroads, unloaded for feed, water or rest only, not delivered to selling agency or dealer, not offered for sale and not mixed with other livestock for shipment beyond.

(b) Yardage will not be assessed on livestock arrivals originating at public markets or country points, consigned to or in care of, or guaranteed by a selling agency, billed direct or through, forwarded beyond without official state weighing, or change of livestock or change in ownership, or performance of other stockyards services, or without mixing with other livestock when shipped out from these yards.

(c) On livestock received and handled in these yards (other than through billed rail livestock unloaded for feed, water and rest) for immediate shipment by railroad or truck or local delivery off the market, not delivered to a selling agency or dealer and not offered for sale or weighed, the following rates will apply, subject to a minimum charge of \$2 for any one consignment:

	Cents per head
Cattle (except bulls 700 pounds or over).....	30
Bulls (700 pounds or over).....	50
Calves (300 pounds or under).....	20
Hogs.....	10
Sheep.....	6
Horses.....	30

The above charges will also apply on livestock stopped for dipping, spraying, testing or vaccination in addition to the specific charges for such services as provided under Items 5, 6, 7 and 9 of this tariff. (All such consignments stopped at South St. Paul must be unloaded separately and apart from other livestock.)

(d) On livestock arrivals originating at public markets or country points consigned to and owned by a dealer or order buyer at this market, forwarded to other points without official state weighing, change of livestock or change in ownership, or without mixing with other livestock when shipped out from these yards, the following yardage charges will be collected:

	Cents per head
Cattle.....	45
Bulls.....	70
Calves.....	28
Hogs.....	16
Sheep or goats.....	9

(e) Yardage on reweighs and/or resales in other than the commission division by dealers to buyers on the market will be at the following rates:

	Cents per head
Cattle (including bulls).....	28
Calves (300 pounds or under).....	17
Hogs.....	8
Sheep.....	5

When livestock is purchased by a stocker-feeder dealer from another stocker-feeder dealer for the purpose of filling out a shipment sold to be shipped off the market, the charge prescribed in Exception (f) shall be applicable to both resales if the livestock is not reweighed.

(f) Yardage on reweighs and/or resales in other than the commission division for shipment off the market will be at the following rates:

	Cents per head
Cattle (including bulls).....	12
Calves (300 pounds or under).....	7
Hogs.....	5
Sheep.....	3

A resale carload maximum charge on feeder pigs of \$2 a deck shall apply.

(g) Yardage on direct shipments to Packers located at South St. Paul will be as follows:

	Cents per head
Cattle (except bulls 700 pounds or over).....	45
Bulls (700 pounds or over).....	70
Calves (300 pounds or under).....	28
Hogs.....	16
Sheep.....	9

(2) By changing its current schedule of rates and charges for the stockyard services listed below to the rates set forth under the heading "Proposed Rates".

FEEDING

	Present rates	Proposed rates
Feed charges:		
Hay.....	\$1.65 per cwt.....	\$1.75 per cwt.
Alfalfa.....	\$1.50 per cwt.....	\$2.00 per cwt.
Corn.....	\$2.20 per bu.....	\$2.25 per bu.
Oats.....	\$1.35 per bu.....	\$1.40 per bu.
Ground mixed feeds (processed).....	\$3.75 per cwt.....	\$4.05 per cwt.

BEDDING

	Present rates	Proposed rates
Yarding hogs or calves in bedded pens:		
Carload shipments.....	\$0.50 per deck.....	\$1.60 per deck.
Truck shipments.....	\$0.01 per head.....	\$0.62 per head.
(Maximum per truck).....	\$0.50 per truck.....	\$1.00 per truck.
Mixed carloads or shipments of less than 50 head per car.....	\$0.01 per head.....	\$0.02 per head.

HOV IMMUNIZATION

	Present rates	Proposed rates
Temperaturizing and holding hogs weighing under 175 pounds.....	\$0.12 per head.....	\$0.14 per head.
Additional charge for each 100 pounds or fraction thereof for hogs weighing over 175 pounds.....	\$0.12 per head.....	\$0.14 per head.

If authorized the modifications will produce additional revenue for the respondent and increase the cost of marketing to shippers. Accordingly, it appears that this public notice should be given of the filing of the petition and its contents in order that all interested persons may have an opportunity to be heard in the matter.

All interested persons who desire to be heard upon the matter requested in said petition shall notify the Hearing Clerk, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., within 15 days from the date of publication of this notice.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 16th day of January 1952.

[SEAL] KATHERINE L. MASON,
Hearing Clerk.

[F. R. Doc. 52-781; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[7 CFR Part 982]

[Docket No. AO-238]

HANDLING OF MILK IN CENTRAL WEST
TEXAS MARKETING AREANOTICE OF HEARING ON PROPOSED MARKETING
AGREEMENT AND ORDER

Pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), notice is hereby given of a public hearing to be held at the Wooten Hotel, Abilene, Texas, beginning at 10:00 a. m., c. s. t., February 11, 1952, for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to a proposed order hereinafter set forth, and a proposed marketing agreement, or appropriate modifications thereof. The proposed order

and marketing agreement have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

Proposed by the Central West Texas Cooperative Association, Inc.:

1. Proposed marketing agreement and order regulating the handling of milk in the Central West Texas marketing area:

DEFINITIONS

§ 982.1 *Act*. "Act" means Public Act No. 10, 73d Congress, as amended, and as re-enacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.).

§ 982.2 *Secretary*. "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture or other officer or employee of the United States authorized to exercise the powers or to perform the duties of the said Secretary of Agriculture.

§ 982.3 *Department*. "Department" means the United States Department of Agriculture or such other Federal agency authorized to perform the price regulating functions specified herein.

§ 982.4 *Person*. "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or any other business unit.

§ 982.5 *Cooperative association*. "Cooperative association" means any cooperative marketing association of producers which the Secretary determines, after application by the association:

(a) To be qualified under the provisions of the act of Congress of February 18, 1922, as amended, known as the "Capper-Volstead Act"; and,

(b) To have full authority in the sale of milk of its members and to be engaged in making collective sales or marketing milk or its products for its members.

§ 982.6 *Central West Texas Marketing Area*. "Central West Texas Marketing Area", hereinafter called the marketing area, means all territory included within the limits of Taylor, Brown, Tom Green, Eastland, Jones, Howard, Midland, Scurry, Comanche, Coleman, Runnels, Callahan, Nolan, Mitchell, Dawson, Ector, Fisher, Shackelford, Stephens, Borden, Gaines, Andrews, Haskell, Stonewall, Concho, McCullough and Martin Counties, all within the State of Texas. District Number 1 of the above marketing area shall include Brown, Eastland, Comanche and Stephens Counties. District Number 2 shall include Taylor, Tom Green, Jones, Scurry, Coleman, Runnels, Callahan, Nolan, Mitchell, Fisher, Shackelford, Borden, Haskell, Stonewall, Concho and McCullough Counties. District Number 3 shall include Howard, Martin, Midland, Ector, Gaines, Dawson and Andrews Counties.

§ 982.7 *Approved plant*. "Approved plant" means:

(a) A milk plant approved by any health authority having jurisdiction in the marketing area, whether local, state, or Federal, from which milk, skim milk, buttermilk, flavored milk, flavored milk drinks, or cream are disposed of for fluid consumption in the marketing area on wholesale or retail routes (including plant stores); or,

(b) A milk plant approved by any health authority having jurisdiction in the marketing area which received milk from producers, as herein defined, and which serves as a receiving station for a plant specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 982.8 *Unapproved plant*. "Unapproved plant" means any milk processing or distributing plant which is not an approved plant.

§ 982.9 *Handler*. "Handler" means:

(a) Any person in his capacity as the operator of an approved plant; or,

(b) Any cooperative association with respect to the milk of any producer which it causes to be diverted to an unapproved plant for the account of such cooperative association.

§ 982.10 *Producer*. "Producer" means any person, other than a producer-handler, who produces milk which is received at an approved plant: *Provided*, That such milk is produced under a dairy farm permit or rating issued by any health authority having jurisdiction in the marketing area, whether local, State or Federal, for the production of milk to be disposed of for consumption as Grade A milk. This definition shall include any such person who is regularly classified as a producer, but whose milk is caused to be diverted by a handler to an unapproved plant, and milk so diverted shall be deemed to have been received at an approved plant by the handler who causes it to be diverted. This definition shall not include a person with respect to milk produced by him which is received at a plant operated by a handler who is subject to another Federal marketing order and who is partially exempt from the provisions of this subpart pursuant to § 982.61.

§ 982.11 *Producer milk*. "Producer milk" means all skim milk and butterfat in milk produced by a producer which is purchased or received by a handler, either directly from producers or from other handlers.

§ 982.12 *Other source milk*. "Other source milk" means all milk and butterfat other than that contained in producer milk.

§ 982.13 *Producer-handler*. "Producer-handler" means any person who produces milk and operates an approved plant, but who receives no milk from producers.

§ 982.14 *Producer without base*. "Producer without base" means any person other than a producer-handler who produces milk which is received at approved plants under the same terms and conditions as a producer, but who has not established a base pursuant to the provisions of § 982.90.

§ 982.15 *Excess price*. "Excess price" shall be the price computed by the market administrator to be paid during all months that the established bases are used for computing prices to be paid producers for all milk other than base milk on the basis of a blend of Class I sales in excess of delivered base at the Class I price and Class II milk at the Class II price.

§ 982.16 *Base milk*. "Base milk" means producer milk received by a handler during any of the months when established bases are used for computing payments to producers which is not in excess of such producer's allotted base.

MARKET ADMINISTRATOR

§ 982.20 *Designation*. The agency for the administration of this subpart shall be a market administrator, selected by the Secretary, who shall be entitled to such compensation as may be determined by, and shall be subject to removal at the discretion of, the Secretary.

§ 982.21 *Powers*. The market administrator shall have the following powers with respect to this subpart:

(a) To administer its terms and provisions;

(b) To receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations;

(c) To make rules and regulations to effectuate its terms and provisions; and,

(d) To recommend amendments to the Secretary.

§ 982.22 *Duties*. The market administrator shall perform all duties necessary to administer the terms and provisions of this subpart, including but not limited to the following:

(a) Within 30 days following the date on which he enters upon his duties, or such lesser period as may be prescribed by the Secretary, execute and deliver to the Secretary a bond effective as of the date on which he enters upon such duties and conditioned upon the faithful performance of such duties, in an amount and with surety thereon satisfactory to the Secretary;

(b) Employ and fix the compensation of such persons as may be necessary to enable him to administer its terms and provisions;

(c) Obtain a bond in reasonable amount and with reasonable surety thereon covering each employee who handles funds entrusted to the market administrator;

(d) Pay out of funds provided by § 982.88 the cost of his bond and of the bonds of his employees, his own compensation, and all other expenses (except those incurred under § 982.87) necessarily incurred by him in the maintenance and functioning of his office and in the performance of his duties;

(e) Keep such books and records as will clearly reflect the transactions provided for herein, and upon request by the Secretary, surrender the same to such other person as the Secretary may designate;

(f) Submit his books and records to examination by the Secretary and furnish such information and reports as may be requested by the Secretary;

(g) Audit all reports and payments by each handler by inspection of such handler's records and of the records of any other handler or person upon whose utilization the classification of skim milk or butterfat for such handler depends;

(h) Publicly announce, at his discretion, by posting in a conspicuous place in his office any by such other means as he deems appropriate, the name of any person who, within 10 days after the day

upon which he is required to perform such acts, has not:

(1) Made reports pursuant to § 982.30 and to § 982.32, inclusive;

(2) Maintained adequate records and facilities pursuant to § 982.33; or

(3) Made payments pursuant to § 982.80 to § 982.88, inclusive.

(i) On or before the 12th day after the end of each month, report to each cooperative association which so requests the amount and class utilization of milk caused to be delivered by such cooperative association, either directly or from producers who are members of such cooperative association, to each handler to whom the cooperative association sells milk. For the purpose of this report, the milk caused to be so delivered by a cooperative association shall be pro-rated to each class in the proportion that the total receipts of producer milk by such handler were used in each class;

(j) Publicly announce by posting in a conspicuous place in his office and by such other means as he deems appropriate the prices determined for each month as follows:

(1) On or before the 5th day of each month the minimum prices for Class I milk pursuant to § 982.51 (a) and the Class I butterfat differential pursuant to § 982.52 (a), both for the current month; and the minimum price for Class II milk pursuant to § 982.51 (b) and the Class II butterfat differential pursuant to § 982.52 (b), both for the preceding month; and,

(2) On or before the 12th day of each month, the uniform prices computed pursuant to § 982.71 and the butterfat differential computed pursuant to § 982.81, both applicable to milk delivered during the preceding month; and,

(k) Prepare and disseminate to the public such statistics and information as he deems advisable and as do not reveal confidential information;

(l) Furnish to a cooperative association for its members the data furnished pursuant to § 982.30 (a).

REPORTS, RECORDS AND FACILITIES

§ 982.30 *Reports of receipts and utilization.* On or before the 7th day after the end of each month, each handler, except a producer-handler, shall report to the market administrator in the detail and on forms prescribed by the market administrator as follows:

(a) The quantities of skim milk and butterfat contained in milk received from each producer;

(b) The quantities of skim milk and butterfat contained in (or used in the production of) receipts from other handlers;

(c) The quantities of skim milk and butterfat contained in receipts of other source milk (except Class II products disposed of in the form in which received without further processing, or packaging by the handler);

(d) The utilization of all skim milk and butterfat required to be reported pursuant to this section;

(e) The disposition of Class I products on routes wholly outside the marketing area; and,

(f) Such other information with respect to receipts and utilization as the market administrator may prescribe.

§ 982.31 *Payroll records.* On or before the 20th day of each month, each handler shall submit to the market administrator his producer payroll for deliveries of the preceding month which shall show:

(a) The total pounds of milk received from each producer and cooperative association and the total pounds of butterfat contained in such milk;

(b) The amount of payment to each producer and cooperative association; and

(c) The nature and amount of any deductions or charges involved in such payments.

§ 982.32 *Other reports.* (a) Each producer-handler shall make reports to the market administrator at such time and in such manner as the market administrator may prescribe.

(b) Each handler who causes milk to be diverted to an unapproved plant shall, prior to such diversion, report to the market administrator and to the cooperative association of which such producer is a member, of his intention to divert such milk, the proposed date or dates of such diversion, and the plant to which such milk is to be diverted.

§ 982.33 *Records and facilities.* Each handler shall maintain and make available to the market administrator or to his representatives during the usual hours of business such accounts and records of his operations and such facilities as are necessary for the market administrator to verify or establish the correct data with respect to:

(a) The receipts and utilization of all receipts of producer milk and other source milk;

(b) The weights and tests for butterfat and other content of all milk, skim milk, cream and milk products handled;

(c) Payments to producers and cooperative associations; and,

(d) The pounds of skim milk and butterfat contained in or represented by all milk, skim milk, cream and milk products on hand at the beginning and end of each month.

§ 982.34 *Retention of records.* All books and records required under this subpart to be made available to the market administrator shall be retained by the handler for a period of three years to begin at the end of the month to which such books and records pertain: *Provided*, That if, within such three-year period, the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that the retention of such books and records, or of specified books and records, is necessary in connection with a proceeding under section 8c (15) (A) of the act or a court action specified in such notice, the handler shall retain such books and records, or specified books and records, until further written notification from the market administrator. In either case, the market administrator shall give further written notification to the handler promptly, upon the termination of the litigation or when the records are no longer necessary in connection therewith.

CLASSIFICATION

§ 982.40 *Skim milk and butterfat to be classified.* All skim milk and butterfat received within the month by a handler and which is required to be reported pursuant to § 982.30 shall be classified by the market administrator pursuant to the provisions of §§ 982.41 to 982.46, inclusive.

§ 982.41 *Classes of utilization.* Subject to the conditions set forth in §§ 982.43 and 982.44, the classes of utilization shall be as follows:

(a) Class I milk shall be all skim milk (including reconstituted skim milk) and butterfat disposed of in the form of milk, skim milk, buttermilk, flavored milk drinks, cream, cultured sour cream, aerated products containing milk or cream, any mixture (except bulk ice cream mix) of cream and milk or skim milk, and all skim milk and butterfat not specifically accounted for under paragraph (b) of this section; and any other product containing skim milk or butterfat not specifically accounted for in paragraph (b) of this section which the health regulations shall now or hereafter require to be made from Grade A milk.

(b) Class II milk shall be all skim milk and butterfat:

(1) Used to produce any product other than those specified in paragraph (a) of this section;

(2) Disposed of for livestock feed;

(3) In shrinkage up to 2 percent of receipts from producers;

(4) In shrinkage of other source milk; and,

(5) In inventory variations of milk, skim milk and cream.

§ 982.42 *Shrinkage.* The market administrator shall allocate shrinkage over a handler's receipts as follows:

(a) Compute the total shrinkage of skim milk and butterfat for each handler; and,

(b) Prorate the resulting amounts between the receipts of skim milk and butterfat in producer milk and in other source milk.

§ 982.43 *Responsibility of handlers and reclassification of milk.* (a) All skim milk and butterfat shall be Class I milk unless the handler who first receives such skim milk or butterfat can prove to the market administrator that such skim milk or butterfat should be classified otherwise.

(b) Any skim milk or butterfat (except that transferred to a producer-handler) shall be reclassified if verification by the market administrator discloses that the original classification was incorrect.

§ 982.44 *Transfers.* Skim milk or butterfat disposed of by a handler, either by transfer or diversion, shall be classified:

(a) As Class I milk if transferred or diverted in the form of milk, skim milk or cream, to the approved plant of another handler (except a producer-handler) unless utilization in Class II is mutually indicated in writing to the market administrator by both handlers on or before the 7th day after the end

of the month within which such transaction occurred: *Provided*, That the skim milk or butterfat so assigned to Class II shall be limited to the amount thereof remaining in Class II in the plant of the transferee-handler after the subtraction of other source milk pursuant to § 982.46 and any additional amounts of such skim milk or butterfat shall be assigned to Class I: *And provided further*, That if either or both handlers have received other source milk or butterfat so transferred or diverted shall be classified at both plants so as to allocate the greatest possible Class I utilization to producer milk.

(b) As Class I milk, if transferred or diverted to a producer-handler in the form of milk, skim milk or cream.

(c) As Class I milk, if transferred or diverted in the form of milk or skim milk to an unapproved plant located more than 300 miles from the approved plant by the shortest highway distance, as determined by the market administrator.

(d) As Class I milk, if transferred in the form of cream under Grade A certification to an unapproved plant located more than 300 miles from the marketing area, and as Class II milk if so transferred without Grade A certification.

(e) (1) As Class I milk if transferred or delivered in the form of milk, skim milk or cream to an unapproved plant located not more than 300 miles from the approved plant, and from which fluid milk is disposed of on wholesale or retail routes, unless all the following conditions are met:

(i) The market administrator is permitted to audit the records of such unapproved plant; and,

(ii) Such unapproved plant receives milk from dairy farmers who the market administrator determines constitute its regular source of supply for Class I milk.

(2) If these conditions are met, the market administrator shall classify such milk as reported by the handler, subject to verification as follows:

(i) Determine the use of all skim milk and butterfat at such unapproved plant; and,

(ii) Allocate the skim milk and butterfat so transferred or diverted to the highest use classification remaining after subtracting in series beginning with the highest use classification, the skim milk and butterfat in milk received at the unapproved plant direct from dairy farmers.

(f) As Class II milk, if transferred or diverted in the form of milk, skim milk or cream to an unapproved plant located not more than 300 miles from the approved plant and from which fluid milk is not disposed of on wholesale or retail routes.

§ 982.45 *Computation of the skim milk and butterfat in each class.* For each month, the market administrator shall correct for mathematical and for other obvious errors the monthly report submitted by each handler and shall compute the pounds of skim milk and butterfat in Class I and Class II milk for such handler.

§ 982.46 *Allocation of skim milk and butterfat classified.* After making the

computations pursuant to § 982.43, the market administrator shall determine the classification of milk received from producers as follows:

(a) Skim milk shall be allocated in the following manner:

(1) Subtract from the total pounds of skim milk in Class II the pounds of skim milk determined pursuant to § 982.41 (b) (3).

(2) Subtract from the remaining pounds of skim milk in Class II the pounds of skim milk in other source milk: *Provided*, That if the receipts of skim milk in other source milk are greater than the remaining pounds of skim milk in Class II, an amount equal to the difference shall be subtracted from the pounds of skim milk in Class I;

(3) Subtract from the remaining pounds of skim milk in each class the skim milk received from other handlers according to its classification, as determined pursuant to § 982.44 (a);

(4) Add to the remaining pounds of skim milk in Class II the pounds of skim milk subtracted pursuant to subparagraph (1) of this paragraph; and,

(5) If the remaining pounds of skim milk in both classes exceed the pounds of skim milk received from producers, subtract such excess from the remaining pounds of skim milk in series beginning with Class II milk. Any amount so subtracted shall be called "overage."

(b) Butterfat shall be allocated in accordance with the same procedure outlined for skim milk in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) Determine the weighted average butterfat content of Class I and Class II milk computed pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.

MINIMUM PRICES

§ 982.50 *Basic formula price to be used in determining Class I prices.* The basic formula price to be used in determining the price per hundredweight of Class I milk shall be the highest of the prices computed pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section and § 982.51 (b) for the preceding month.

(a) The average of the basic or field prices per hundredweight reported to have been paid for or to be paid for milk of 3.5 percent butterfat content received from farmers during the month at the following plants or places for which prices have been reported to the market administrator or to the Department, divided by 3.5 and multiplied by 4.0:

Present operator and location

Borden Co., Mount Pleasant, Mich.
Carnation Co., Sparta, Mich.
Pet Milk Co., Hudson, Mich.
Pet Milk Co., Wayland, Mich.
Pet Milk Co., Coopersville, Mich.
Borden Co., Greenville, Wis.
Borden Co., Black Creek, Wis.
Borden Co., Orfordville, Wis.
Borden Co., New London, Wis.
Carnation Co., Chilton, Wis.
Carnation Co., Berlin, Wis.
Carnation Co., Richland Center, Wis.
Carnation Co., Oconomowoc, Wis.
Carnation Co., Jefferson, Wis.
Pet Milk Co., New Glarus, Wis.
Pet Milk Co., Belleville, Wis.
White House Milk Co., Manitowoc, Wis.
White House Milk Co., West Bend, Wis.

(b) The price per hundredweight computed by adding together the plus values pursuant to subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph;

(1) From the simple average as computed by the market administrator of the daily wholesale selling prices (using the mid-point of any price range as one price) per pound of Grade A (92-score) bulk creamery butter per pound at Chicago, as reported by the Department during the month, subtract 3 cents, add 20 percent thereof, and multiply by 4.0.

(2) From the simple average as computed by the market administrator of the weighted averages of carlot prices per pound for non-fat dry milk solids, spray and roller process, respectively, for human consumption, f. o. b. manufacturing plants in the Chicago area, as published for the period from the 26th day of the preceding month through the 25th day of the current month by the Department, deduct 5.5 cents, multiply by 8.5 and then multiply by 0.96.

§ 982.51 *Class prices.* Subject to the provisions of §§ 982.52 and 982.53, the minimum prices per hundredweight to be paid by each handler for milk received at his plant from producers during the month shall be as follows:

(a) *Class I milk.* The basic formula price plus \$2.69 during all months of the year, provided that for each of the months of October, November, December and January, such price shall not be less than that for the preceding month, and that for each of the months of April, May and June such price shall not be more than that for the preceding month.

(b) *Class II milk.* The average of the basic field prices reported to have been paid or to be paid for ungraded milk of 4.0 percent butterfat content received from farmers during the month at the following plants or places for which prices have been reported to the market administrator or to the Department:

Present operator and location

Hill Country Creamery, Brady, Tex.
Ballinger Cheese Plant, Ballinger, Tex.
Fairmont Foods Co., Wichita Falls, Tex.
Borden Milk Co., Waco, Tex.

(c) Or the butter-powder formula price computed pursuant to the provisions of § 982.50 (b) (1), (2), whichever is higher.

§ 982.52 *Butterfat differentials to handlers.* If the average butterfat content of the milk of any handler allocated to any class pursuant to § 982.46 is more or less than 4.0 percent, there shall be added to the respective class price, computed pursuant to § 982.51, for each one-tenth of one percent that the average butterfat content of such milk is above 4.0 percent, or subtracted for each one-tenth of one percent that such average butterfat content is below 4.0 percent, an amount equal to the butterfat differential computed by multiplying the simple average, as computed by the market administrator, of the daily wholesale selling price per pound (using the mid-point of any price range as one price) of Grade A (92-score) bulk creamery butter at Chicago, as reported by the Department during the preceding month, by the ap-

plicable factor listed below and dividing the result by 10:

- (a) Class I milk: Multiply by 1.25;
- (b) Class II milk: Multiply by 1.15.

§ 982.53 *Location adjustment credit to handlers.* In computing the value of each handler's milk there shall be credited, with respect to milk received from producers and classified as Class I milk, the sum of 23 cents per hundredweight if received at an approved plant located in District Number 2 or outside the marketing area and nearer to District Number 2 than to the other two districts; and 46 cents per hundredweight if received at an approved plant located in District Number 1 or outside the marketing area and nearer to District Number 1 than to the other two districts.

APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS

§ 982.60 *Producer-handlers.* Sections 982.40 to 982.46, 982.50 to 982.52, 982.70 to 982.71, 982.81 to 982.88 and 982.90 to 982.92, shall not apply to a producer-handler.

§ 982.61 *Handlers subject to other orders.* In the case of any handler who the Secretary determines disposes of a greater portion of his milk as Class I milk in another marketing area regulated by another milk marketing agreement or order issued pursuant to the act, the provisions of this subpart shall not apply, except as follows:

(a) The handler shall, with respect to his total receipts of skim milk and butterfat, make reports to the market administrator at such time and in such manner as the market administrator may require and allow verification of such reports by the market administrator.

(b) If the price which such handler is required to pay under the other Federal order to which he is subject for skim milk and butterfat which would be classified as Class I milk under this subpart is less than the price provided by this subpart, such handler shall pay to the market administrator for deposit into the producer-settlement fund (with respect to all skim milk and butterfat disposed of as Class I milk within the marketing area) an amount equal to the difference between the value of such skim milk or butterfat as computed pursuant to this subpart and its value as determined pursuant to the other order to which he is subject.

§ 982.62 *Use of prior records for establishment of initial bases.* The market administrator is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to make an administrative determination from the records of the handlers in this marketing area and the producers association in this marketing area of the daily base and monthly base of all producers on the market, if necessary, in order to effect the provisions of § 982.91 during the first year of its operation.

§ 982.63 *Other source milk.* For any other source skim milk or butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to the provisions of § 982.46, the market administrator in determining the net pool obli-

gation of the handler pursuant to this order shall add an amount equal to the difference between the value of such skim milk and butterfat at the Class I and at the Class II price, unless such handler can prove to the satisfaction of the market administrator that such skim milk and butter fat was utilized only to the extent that producer milk was not available.

DETERMINATION OF UNIFORM PRICE

§ 982.70 *Computation of value of milk.* The value of milk received during each month by each handler from producers shall be a sum of money computed by the market administrator by multiplying the pounds of such milk in each class by the applicable class prices, adding together the resulting amounts: *Provided*, That if the handler had overage of either skim milk or butterfat, there shall be added to the above values an amount computed by multiplying the pounds of overage deducted from each class pursuant to § 982.46 by the applicable class prices.

§ 982.71 *Computation of uniform prices.* For each month the market administrator shall compute the uniform prices per hundredweight for milk of 4.0 percent butterfat content received from producers as follows:

(a) Combine into one total the values computed pursuant to § 982.70 for all handlers who made the reports prescribed in § 982.30 and who made payments pursuant to §§ 982.80 and 982.83, less location adjustment credit due handlers computed pursuant to § 982.53.

(b) Add not less than one-half of the cash balance on hand in the producer-settlement fund less the total amount of the contingent obligations to handlers pursuant to § 982.84.

(c) Subtract if the average butterfat content of the milk included in these computations is greater than 4.0 percent, or add if such average butterfat content is less than 4.0 percent, an amount computed by multiplying the amount by which the average butterfat content of such milk varies from 4.0 percent by the butterfat differential computed pursuant to § 982.82 and multiplying the resulting figure by the total hundredweight of such milk;

(d) Subtract not less than 4 cents nor more than 5 cents per hundredweight of milk included in these computations.

(e) For each of the months of October through January, divide the resulting amount by the total hundredweight of milk included in these computations. The resulting figure shall be the uniform price for milk of 4.0 percent butterfat content received from producers.

(f) For each of the months of February through September, compute a uniform price for base milk and a uniform price for excess milk as follows:

(1) Compute the total quantity of milk which represents the delivered bases of producers and which is included in the computation made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section.

(2) Compute the total value of the milk which is in excess of the delivered base of producers computed pursuant to subparagraph (1) of this paragraph and

which is included in the computation pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section as follows:

(i) Determine the classification of milk in excess of base by allocating such milk first to Class II and then to Class I until all such milk has been classified;

(ii) Multiply the total pounds of excess milk allocated to each class by the appropriate class prices provided in § 982.51; and,

(iii) Add together the resulting amounts.

(3) Compute the total value of the milk represented by the delivered bases of producers by subtracting the value obtained in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph from the value obtained in paragraph (a) of this section.

(4) Divide the result obtained in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph by the quantity of milk represented by the delivered bases of producers as determined by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph. This result will be known as the uniform price per hundredweight for such month for base milk of producers containing 4.0 percent butterfat.

(5) Divide the result obtained in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph by the total hundredweight of milk in excess of the delivered base of producers. This result shall be known as the "excess price" for such month.

(g) On or before the 12th day after the end of each month, notify all handlers of these computations, of the uniform price per hundredweight of base milk and the excess price per hundredweight, computed pursuant to this paragraph.

PAYMENTS

§ 982.80 *Time and method of payment.* Each handler shall make payment to producers as follows:

(a) On or before the 15th day after the end of the month during which the milk was received after deducting the amount of the payments made pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section, subject to the butterfat differential computed pursuant to § 982.81, for milk purchased or received from producers by each handler during such month, such handler shall make payment as follows:

(1) To each producer, except as set forth in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph, not less than the uniform price per hundredweight, computed pursuant to § 982.71 (f) (4) for that quantity of milk received from such producer not in excess of such producer's base; and,

(2) To each producer, except as set forth in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph, not less than the excess price, computed pursuant to § 982.71 (f) (5), for that quantity of milk received from such producer in excess of such producer's base; and,

(3) To a cooperative association for milk which it caused to be delivered to a handler from producers and for which such cooperative association is authorized to collect payments, if the cooperative association so requests, a total amount equal to not less than the sum of the individual payments otherwise payable to such producers under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph.

(b) On or before the last day of each month, each handler shall make payment for milk purchased or received from producers during the first 15 days of the month to each producer at not less than the Class II price for the preceding month: *Provided*, That with respect to producers whose milk was caused to be delivered to such handler by a cooperative association, which is authorized to collect payments for such milk, if the cooperative association so requests, the handler shall pay such cooperative association an amount equal to the sum of the individual payments otherwise payable to such producers in accordance with this paragraph.

(c) In making payments to producers pursuant to this section, an amount not to exceed 23 cents per hundredweight may be deducted with respect to base milk (for the months of October through January, with respect to all milk) received from producers at an approved plant located in District Number 2 or outside the marketing area and nearer to District Number 2 than to the other two districts, and an amount not to exceed 46 cents per hundredweight may be deducted with respect to base milk (for the months of October through January, with respect to all milk) received from producers at an approved plant located in District Number 1 or outside the marketing area and nearer to District Number 1 than to the other two districts.

§ 982.81 Producer-butterfat differential. In making payments pursuant to § 982.80, there shall be added to or subtracted from the uniform price for each one-tenth of one percent that the average butterfat content of the milk received from the producer is above or below 4.0 percent, an amount computed by multiplying by 1.2 the simple average, as computed by the market administrator of the daily wholesale selling prices per pound (using the midpoint of any price range as one price) of Grade A (92-score) bulk creamery butter at Chicago as reported by the Department during the month, dividing the resulting sum by 10, and rounding to the nearest one-tenth of a cent.

§ 982.82 Producer-settlement fund. The market administrator shall establish and maintain a separate fund known as the "producer-settlement fund", into which he shall deposit all payments made by handlers pursuant to §§ 982.61 (b), 982.83 and 982.85, and out of which he shall make all payments to handlers pursuant to § 982.84 and 982.85.

§ 982.83 Payments to the producer-settlement fund. On or before the 13th day after the end of the month during which the milk was received, each handler, including a cooperative association which is a handler, shall pay to the market administrator the amount, if any, by which the value of the milk received by such handler from producers as determined pursuant to § 982.70 is greater than the amount required to be paid producers by such handler pursuant to § 982.80.

§ 982.84 Payments out of the producer-settlement fund. On or before

the 14th day after the end of the month during which the milk was received, the market administrator shall pay to each handler, including a cooperative association which is a handler, the amount, if any, by which the value of the milk received by such handler from producers during the month as determined pursuant to § 982.70 is less than the amount required to be paid producers by such handler pursuant to § 982.80: *Provided*, That if the balance in the producer-settlement fund is insufficient to make all payments pursuant to this paragraph, the market administrator shall reduce uniformly such payments and shall complete such payments as soon as the necessary funds are available. No handler who has not received the balance of such payment from the market administrator shall be considered in violation of § 982.80 if he reduces his payments to producers by not more than the amount of the reduction in payment from the producer-settlement fund. The handlers shall complete such payments to producers not later than the date for making such payments next following after the receipt of the balance from the market administrator.

§ 982.85 Adjustments of accounts. Whenever audit by the market administrator of any handler's reports, books, records, or accounts discloses errors resulting on moneys due:

(a) The market administrator from such handler;

(b) Such handler from the market administrator; or,

(c) Any producer or cooperative association from such handler, the market administrator shall promptly notify such handler of any amount so due and payment thereof shall be made on or before the next date for making payments set forth in the provisions under which error occurred.

§ 982.86 Marketing services. (a) Except as set forth in paragraph (b) of this section, each handler, in making payments to producers (other than himself) pursuant to § 982.80, shall deduct 5 cents per hundredweight as may be prescribed by the Secretary, and shall pay such deductions to the market administrator on or before the 15th day after the end of each month. Such moneys shall be used by the market administrator to sample, test, and check the weights of milk received and to provide producers with market information.

(b) In the case of producers for whom a cooperative association is actually performing the services set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, each handler shall make, in lieu of the deduction specified in paragraph (a) of this section, such deductions from the payments to be made to such producers as may be authorized by the membership agreement or marketing contract between such cooperative association and such producers on or before the 15th day after the end of each month pay such deduction to the cooperative association rendering such services.

§ 982.87 Expenses of administration. As his pro rata share of the expense of administration of this subpart, each

handler shall pay to the market administrator on or before the 15th day after the end of the month, 4 cents per hundredweight, or such amount not exceeding 4 cents per hundredweight as the Secretary may prescribe, with respect to all receipts within the month of (a) other source milk which is classified as Class I milk, and (b) milk from producers, including such handler's own production.

§ 982.88 Termination of obligation. The provisions of this section shall apply to any obligation under this subpart for the payment of money.

(a) The obligation of any handler to pay money required to be paid under the terms of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, terminate two years after the last day of the calendar month during which the market administrator receives the handler's utilization report on the milk involved in such obligation, unless within such two-year period the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that such money is due and payable. Service of such notice shall be complete upon mailing to the handler's last known address, and it shall contain but need not be limited to, the following information:

(1) The amount of the obligation;
(2) The month(s) during which the milk, with respect to which the obligation exists, was received or handled; and,

(3) If the obligation is payable to one or more producers or to an association of producers, the name of such producer(s) or association of producers, or if the obligation is payable to the market administrator, the account for which it is to be paid.

(b) If a handler fails or refuses, with respect to any obligation under this subpart, to make available to the market administrator or his representatives all books and records required by this subpart to be made available, the market administrator may, within the two-year period provided for in paragraph (a) of this section, notify the handler in writing of such failure or refusal. If the market administrator so notifies a handler, the said two-year period with respect to such obligation shall not begin to run until the first day of the calendar month following the month during which all such books and records pertaining to such obligation are made available to the market administrator or his representatives.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, a handler's obligation under this subpart to pay money shall not be terminated with respect to any transaction involving fraud or willful concealment of a fact material to the obligation, on the part of the handler against whom the obligation is sought to be imposed.

(d) Any obligation on the part of the market administrator to pay a handler any money which such handler claims to be due him under the terms of this subpart shall terminate two years after the end of the calendar month during which the milk involved in the claim was received if an underpayment is claimed, or two years after the end of the calen-

dar month during which the payment (including deduction or set-off by the market administrator) was made by the handler if a refund on such payment is claimed, unless such handler, within the applicable period of time, files, pursuant to section 8 (e) (15 (A) of the act, a petition claiming such money.

BASE RATING

§ 982.90 *Determination of monthly base.* For each month during which payments to producers are made pursuant to established bases, the monthly base of each producer shall be a quantity of milk calculated by the market administrator by multiplying the number of days in such month that a producer delivers by the daily base of each producer which has been determined pursuant to the provisions of § 982.91.

§ 982.91 *Determination of daily base.* Effective February 1, 1952, through September 30, 1952, and for all months of each succeeding year except those months used for establishing bases, the daily average base of each producer shall be a quantity of milk calculated by the market administrator in the following manner: Divide the total pounds of milk sold or delivered to a handler from October 1, 1951 through January 31, 1952, and the same months of each succeeding year by the total number of days in this period that a producer delivers, or 90, whichever is more. This quantity of milk shall be known as a producer's daily average base.

§ 982.92 *Base rules.* (a) Any producer who ceases to deliver milk to a handler for a period of more than 30 consecutive days, except as provided for in paragraph (e) of this section, shall forfeit his base. In the event such producer thereafter commences to deliver milk to a handler, he shall be allotted a daily base computed in the manner provided in § 982.91.

(b) A landlord who rents on a share basis shall be entitled to the entire daily base to the exclusion of the tenant if the landlord owns the entire herd. A tenant who rents on a share basis shall be entitled to the entire daily base to the exclusion of the landlord if the tenant owns the entire herd. If the cattle are jointly owned by the tenant and the landlord, the daily base shall be terminated when such share basis is terminated, provided that if an agreement in writing specifying the exact percentage of the base owned by each party is filed with the office of the market administrator prior to the end of the base setting period. Such an agreement shall remain in full force and effect until cancelled or modified by the parties thereto.

(c) A producer, whether a landlord or a tenant, may retain his base when moving his entire herd of cows from one farm to another.

(d) Base may not be transferred except:

(1) In the case of the death (or retirement) of a producer, in which case his base may be transferred to a surviving member or members of his family who carry on the same dairy operation;

(2) In case a producer goes out of the business of producing milk and sells 100

percent of his dairy herd, in which case the entire base may be transferred to the purchaser; and,

(3) A producer who has established a base pursuant to the provisions of § 982.90 and who goes into active military service shall, upon his discharge from the armed forces, be given the daily average base which he had earned prior to entering military service for use until the next base setting period after his discharge from the armed forces. Such a producer must make regular application to the market administrator for determination of his eligibility under this provision.

(e) For the purposes of this section only, the term "producer" shall include any person who has been a producer as defined in § 982.10, but whom the appropriate health officer or his authorized representative has suspended temporarily for failure to produce milk in conformity with the applicable health regulations.

EFFECTIVE TIME, SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION

§ 982.100 *Effective time.* The provisions of this subpart or any amendment to this subpart shall become effective at such time as the Secretary may declare and shall continue in force until suspended or terminated, pursuant to § 982.101.

§ 982.101 *Suspension or termination.* The Secretary may suspend or terminate this subpart or any provision of this subpart whenever he finds this subpart or any provision of this subpart obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act. This subpart shall terminate in any event whenever the provisions of the act authorizing it cease to be in effect.

§ 982.102 *Continuing power and duty of the market administrator.* If, upon the suspension or termination of any or all provisions of this subpart, there are any obligations thereunder, the final accrual or ascertainment of which requires further acts by any person (including the market administrator), such further acts shall be performed notwithstanding such suspension or termination.

§ 982.103 *Liquidation.* Upon the suspension or termination of the provisions of this subpart, except this section, the market administrator, or such other liquidating agent as the Secretary may designate, shall, if so directed by the Secretary, liquidate the business of the market administrator's office, dispose of all property in his possession or control, including accounts receivable, and execute and deliver all assignments or other instruments necessary or appropriate to effectuate any such disposition. If a liquidating agent is so designated, all assets, books and records of the market administrator shall be transferred promptly to such liquidating agent. If, upon such liquidation, the funds on hand exceed the amounts required to pay outstanding obligations of the office of the market administrator and to pay necessary expenses of liquidation and distribution, such excess shall be distributed to contributing han-

dlers and producers in an equitable manner.

2. Make such changes in the provisions of this order as are necessary to make the provisions of all parts of this order consistent with all other provisions of the order.

Proposed by Tennessee Dairies, Inc.:

3. Add to § 982.61 the following paragraph:

(c) Notwithstanding the contents of this section and other sections in this subpart, if the price which any handler pays for skim milk and butterfat (which would be classified as Class I milk under this subpart) is less than the price provided in this subpart, such handler shall pay to the market administrator for deposit into the producer-settlement fund, with respect to all skim milk and butterfat disposed of as Class I milk an amount equal to the difference between the value of such skim milk of butterfat (determined according to the purchase price of such skim milk or butterfat at the point of purchase regardless of from whom it is purchased) and its value as determined pursuant to the formula for determining the price for Class I milk under this subpart.

Proposed by Tennessee Dairies. (As edited by the Dairy Branch):

4. Add to § 982.61 the following paragraph:

(d) Payments pursuant to this section shall not exceed the amount necessary to equalize the cost of milk under the two orders after hauling charges have been taken into consideration.

Copies of this notice of hearing may be procured from the Hearing Clerk, Room 1353, South Building, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., or may be there inspected.

Dated: January 16, 1952.

[SEAL] ROY W. LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 52-249; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:54 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

[29 CFR Part 522]

SHOE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

EMPLOYMENT OF LEARNERS; SUBMINIMUM RATES

Pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, the Administrator has heretofore issued regulations (§§ 522.250 to 522.260), providing for the employment of learners in the shoe manufacturing industry at wages lower than the minimum wage applicable under section 6 of the act.

All relevant information indicates that it is necessary to amend the learner regulations for this industry by increasing the minimum learner wage rates as follows: From 65 cents per hour to 68½ cents per hour for the first 240 hours of the learning period, and from 70 cents

per hour to 72½ cents per hour for the remaining 240 hours.

This proposal is made as the result of a careful reexamination of the regulations in the light of recent changes in wage levels, and administrative experience in the operation of the regulations. All relevant information has been carefully considered including data and information submitted by labor and industry representatives at informal conferences. The views of the interested parties diverge from each other and vary somewhat from the proposal made above; all these views have been carefully evaluated.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001), that under the authority provided in section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, proposes to amend § 522.253 to read as follows:

§ 522.253 *Subminimum rates.* (a) The subminimum rates which may be authorized in special certificates issued in the shoe manufacturing industry shall be not less than 68½ cents per hour for the first 240 hours of the learning period and not less than 72½ cents per hour for the remaining 240 hours.

(b) In establishments where experienced workers are paid on a piece rate basis, learners shall be paid the same piece rates that experienced workers engaged in the same occupation are paid and earnings shall be based on those piece rates if in excess of the subminimum rates provided in paragraph (a) of this section.

Prior to final adoption of this proposed amendment, consideration will be given to any data, views, or arguments pertaining thereto which are submitted

in writing to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, Washington 25, D. C., within 15 days from publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 17th day of January, 1952.

WM. R. McCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour and Public
Contracts Divisions.

[F. R. Doc. 52-803; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:50 a. m.]

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

Home Loan Bank Board

[24 CFR Part 163]

[No. 4901]

OPERATIONS

LIFTING RESTRICTIONS ON LENDING BEYOND FIFTY MILES AS TO LOANS INSURED BY FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATOR

JANUARY 16, 1952.

Resolved that, pursuant to Part 108 of the general regulations of the Home Loan Bank Board (24 CFR Part 108), an amendment to § 163.9 of the rules and regulations for Insurance of Accounts (24 CFR 163.9), revising paragraph (b) thereof to read in the form hereinafter set forth is hereby proposed.

Resolved further that a hearing will be held on February 26, 1952, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon in Room 827, Federal Home Loan Bank Board Building, 101 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before the Home Loan Bank Board, a member thereof, or a hearing officer designated by the Board, for the

purpose of receiving evidence, oral views and arguments on said proposed amendment of the rules and regulations for Insurance of Accounts, if written notice of intention to appear at said hearing is received by the Secretary to the Home Loan Bank Board at least five days before said date. If no such written notice of intention to appear has been received by the Secretary to the Board at least five days before the date set for the hearing, the hearing will be dispensed with. Whether or not a hearing is held, written data, views or arguments on said proposed amendment which are received by the Secretary to the Home Loan Bank Board on or before February 21, 1952, or prior to the conclusion of the hearing, if held, will be considered by the Home Loan Bank Board in connection with its consideration of the proposed amendment of the said rules and regulations.

(b) Any insured institution may, without approval of the Corporation, to the extent it has legal power to do so, make, or invest its funds in, loans secured by real estate located in other territory more than fifty miles from its principal office, which are insured, or as to which such institution is insured, or as to which a commitment for any such insurance has been made under Title I, or any other title or provision of the National Housing Act, as heretofore, now, or hereafter in force: *Provided*, That the total amount so invested shall not exceed fifteen percent of its assets.

(Sec. 402, 48 Stat. 1256, as amended; 12 U. S. C. 1725).

By the Home Loan Bank Board.

[SEAL]

H. CAULSEN,
Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-796; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:49 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

GILA NATIONAL FOREST

REMOVAL OF TRESPASSING HORSES, MULES, AND BURROS

Whereas a number of horses, mules, and burros are trespassing and grazing on the Copper Creek Allotment of the Frisco-Mogollon Ranger District in the Gila National Forest, located in Catron County, State of New Mexico; and

Whereas these horses, mules, and burros are consuming forage needed for permitted livestock, are causing extra expense to established permittees, and are injuring national-forest lands;

Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture by the act of June 4, 1897 (30 Stat. 35; 16 U. S. C. 551), and the act of February 1, 1905 (33 Stat. 628, 16 U. S. C. 472), the following order is issued for the occupancy, use, protection, and administration of land as designated in the

Frisco-Mogollon Ranger District of the Gila National Forest:

Temporary closure from livestock grazing. (a) That portion of the Gila National Forest beginning at the northwest corner of T. 10 S., R. 19 W.; thence in a northeasterly direction following the Gila-Apache Forest boundary to the Negrito allotment; thence southeasterly along the Copper Creek-Negrito allotment fence to the Corner Mountain allotment; thence southerly along the Copper Creek-Corner Mountain allotment fence to Corner Mountain; thence along the Copper Creek-T-Bar allotment fence to Bearwallow Mountain; thence down divide in a southerly direction to head of Mineral Creek; thence down Mineral Creek to near quarter corner west line to Sec. 30, T. 10 S., R. 19 W.; thence northerly to place of beginning; is hereby closed for the period February 1, 1952 to January 31, 1953, to the grazing of horses, mules, and burros, excepting those that are lawfully grazing on or crossing land in such area pursuant to

the regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture, or that are used in connection with operations authorized by such regulations, or that are used as riding, pack, or draft animals by persons traveling over such land.

(b) Officers of the United States Forest Service are hereby authorized to dispose of, in the most humane manner, all horses, mules, and burros, found trespassing or grazing in violation of this order.

(c) Public notice of intention to dispose of such horses, mules, and burros shall be given by posting notices in public places or advertising in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality in which the Gila National Forest is located.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 16th day of January, 1952. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL]

CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 52-780; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:48 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Secretary

GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAINS NATIONAL PARK,
IN TENNESSEEACCEPTANCE OF EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION
OVER CERTAIN LANDS AND HIGHWAYS

Take notice that effective as of the third day of December 1951, at 12 m., c. s. t., the United States accepted exclusive jurisdiction over certain lands and highways within the Tennessee portion of the Great Smoky Mountains. Acceptance of such jurisdiction was effected by notifying the Governor of the State of Tennessee thereof through a letter reading as follows:

NOVEMBER 30, 1951.

Registered Mail
Return Receipt Requested

MY DEAR GOVERNOR BROWNING:

The United States has acquired, under authority of section 5 of the act of February 12, 1938 (52 Stat. 28, 29; 16 U. S. C., 1946 ed., sec. 4031), the lands needed to complete the Great Smoky Mountains National Park in the State of Tennessee in accordance with the act of May 22, 1926 (44 Stat. 616; 16 U. S. C., 1946 ed., secs. 403-403c), providing for the establishment of that Park in the States of North Carolina and Tennessee.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 355 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended (40 U. S. C., 1946 ed., sec. 255), and section 10 of the act of April 29, 1942 (56 Stat. 258, 261; 16 U. S. C., 1946 ed., sec. 403h-10), that the United States accepts the cession of exclusive jurisdiction from the State of Tennessee and assumes police jurisdiction over the lands so acquired, effective as of the first day of December 1951, at 12 m., c. s. t.¹ The transfer of such jurisdiction has been authorized by section 1, chapter 57, Public Acts of Tennessee, 1951, approved February 23, 1951, extending the provisions of chapter 99, Public Acts of Tennessee, 1929, approved April 12, 1929, ceding to the United States exclusive jurisdiction, subject to certain reservations, in and over lands conveyed to it by the Tennessee Great Smoky Mountains Park Commission, an agency of the State of Tennessee, for the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, to all lands in the State of Tennessee theretofore acquired by the United States for the said Park from sources other than the State of Tennessee or its agencies.

The lands covered by the foregoing notice are those acquired by the United States under and by virtue of the deeds of conveyance and judgments in condemnation proceedings listed in the schedule marked "Exhibit A" and attached as a part hereof, which shows the place of recordation of these documents in the records of Blount, Cocke, and Sevier Counties, Tennessee.

Notice is also given that the United States will assume police jurisdiction, on December 1, 1951, at 12 m., c. s. t.,¹ over the former State highways within the Tennessee portion of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, subject to the reservations in the State of Tennessee contained in chapter 99, Public Acts of Tennessee, 1929, *supra*, and to the further reservations contained in section 2, chapter 57, Public Acts of Tennessee, 1951. All right, title, and interest of the State

of Tennessee in and to these highways was conveyed to the United States by deed dated June 1, 1951, executed by the Commissioner of Highways and Public Works of the State of Tennessee pursuant to the authority of said section 2, of Chapter 57, Public Acts of Tennessee, 1951. This deed was recorded in the Register's Office of Blount County, Tennessee, on August 25, 1951, in Deed Book 172, at page 55; in the Register's Office of Cocke County, Tennessee, on October 10, 1951, in Deed Book 71, at page 491; and in the Register's Office of Sevier County, Tennessee, on August 6, 1951, in Deed Book 106, at page 440.

It is requested that you endorse the enclosed duplicate original of this notice, indicating the date and hour of its receipt, and return it to this Department. A return

envelope requiring no postage is enclosed for your convenience.

Sincerely yours,

R. D. SPARLES,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

The Hon., GORDON BROWNING,
Governor of Tennessee,
Nashville, Tennessee.
Enclosure.

Received this 3d day of December 1951,
at — m.

GORDON BROWNING,
Governor of Tennessee.

Done at Washington, D. C. this 14th
day of January 1952.

[SEAL] CONRAD L. WIRTH,
Director, National Park Service.

EXHIBIT A.—SCHEDULE OF DEEDS AND CONDEMNATION JUDGMENTS COVERING LANDS IN TENNESSEE ACQUIRED BY THE UNITED STATES FOR THE GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAINS NATIONAL PARK FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN THE STATE OF TENNESSEE OR ITS AGENCIES

[To accompany notice from the Secretary of the Interior to the Governor of Tennessee of the assumption by the United States of exclusive jurisdiction over the said lands]

NPS deed No.	Former owner	Acres	Date of deed or judgment	County	Book	Page
22	Andy K. Gregory and wife	15.00	Oct. 11, 1935	Blount	D. B. 116	105
23	Myrtle Mitchell Johnson and husband	.17	Apr. 3, 1935	do	D. B. 103	81
26	Tennessee Federation of Women's Clubs	.25	Feb. 12, 1935	Sevier	D. B. 72	1
27	Bruce Kocner, Jr., et al.	183.75	May 3, 1935	do	D. B. 72	51
31	Morton Butler Timber Co., et al.	23,194.20	Nov. 23, 1940	Blount	Misc. 6	119
35	Wiley Boring, et al.	833.75	Mar. 18, 1939	do	Misc. 6	34
36	M. M. Whitte, et al.	70.30	Mar. 16, 1939	Sevier	Misc. 2	551
37	Moss Yater, et al.	83.00	do	do	Misc. 2	557
41-A	State of Tennessee	65.40	Jan. 25, 1933	do	D. B. 77	413
42	Evans Chapel M. E. Church, et al.	4.01	Oct. 4, 1939	Blount	Misc. 5	490
43	Margaret Jane Walker, et al.	122.80	Oct. 25, 1939	Sevier	D. B. 77	397
44	Horace L. Murphy, et al.	221.49	Oct. 27, 1939	do	D. B. 77	461
45	Sanford Realty Co., et al.	185.00	Dec. 4, 1939	Blount	Misc. 6	473
46	J. V. Geisler, et al.	9.05	Nov. 27, 1939	Sevier	D. B. 77	574
47	W. H. Boring Heirs, et al.	333.40	do	Blount	Misc. 6	578
49	Wiley W. Boring, et al.	333.40	Oct. 20, 1939	do	Misc. 6	556
50	Mary Etta Cochran, et al.	9.20	Jan. 17, 1940	Sevier	D. B. 77	453
51	Martha Ogle, et al.	9.00	Feb. 25, 1940	do	D. B. 77	463
52	L. H. Garland, et al.	33.80	Jan. 17, 1940	Blount	Misc. 6	597
53	S. W. Ownby and wife	1.84	Mar. 23, 1940	Sevier	D. B. 78	568
54	R. E. Price and wife	20.25	May 10, 1940	do	D. B. 77	540
55	S. W. Ownby and wife	1.05	Mar. 23, 1940	do	D. B. 78	14
56	R. A. McMahan, et al., and W. W. Moody Heirs	123.80	July 29, 1940	do	D. B. 78	64
57	Cred Spurgeon and wife	6.16	June 10, 1940	do	D. B. 78	12
58	J. W. Montgomery and wife	33.10	May 29, 1940	do	D. B. 78	3
59	James L. Shults and wife	34.60	do	do	D. B. 78	6
60	T. Z. McCarter and wife	32.80	do	do	D. B. 78	1
61	W. P. Cardwell and wife	31.00	June 23, 1940	do	D. B. 78	25
62	Charles H. Hoffman and wife	39.80	May 31, 1940	do	D. B. 78	8
63	Campbell Wallace, et al.	3.00	Oct. 8, 1940	do	D. B. 78	85
64	Aluminum Co. of America, et al.	16,147.60	Oct. 21, 1940	Blount	Misc. 6	94
65	Knoxville Power Co., et al.	239.33	Oct. 19, 1940	do	Misc. 6	103
66	Levator Ownby and Polly Williams	129.20	Sept. 23, 1940	Sevier	D. B. 80	274
68	O. L. Conner and wife	26.00	Oct. 20, 1940	do	D. B. 78	63
69	Joel E. Payne, et al.	6.20	Oct. 23, 1939	Blount	D. B. 124	82
70	Amos Clabo and wife	6.30	Oct. 20, 1940	Sevier	D. B. 78	95
71	Boy Boring Heirs, et al.	83.40	Nov. 23, 1940	Blount	Misc. 6	137
72	Gladys Scagle, et al.	43.30	Nov. 27, 1940	Sevier	D. B. 78	106
74	B. B. Montgomery	67.00	Mar. 22, 1941	do	D. B. 78	164
75	Litha Franklin, et al.	12.00	Mar. 31, 1941	do	D. B. 78	174
76	Knoxville Power Co.	4.31	July 17, 1940	Blount	D. B. 127	179
77	do	72.00	Nov. 23, 1939	do	D. B. 127	251
78	do	152.00	do	do	D. B. 127	280
79	Albert J. McCarter, et al.	94.20	July 15, 1941	Sevier	Misc. 3	401
80	Ennis D. Ownby, et al.	20.20	July 19, 1941	do	D. B. 78	202
81	Isaac Essinger, et al.	19.10	Oct. 20, 1941	do	D. B. 78	279
82	John B. Buchanan and wife	1.73	Sept. 15, 1941	Blount	D. B. 127	478
83	Len Brown, et al.	9.63	Sept. 25, 1941	Cocke	D. B. 63	9
84	Homer Thurman, et al.	18.20	Dec. 9, 1941	Sevier	D. B. 78	306
85	John Williams and wife	5.00	Jan. 9, 1942	do	D. B. 78	314
86	Larkin Brown	7.32	do	Cocke	D. B. 63	77
87	W. J. Black and wife	62.20	do	do	D. B. 63	78
88	Leonard R. McMahan, et al.	83.80	Nov. 29, 1941	Sevier	D. B. 78	296
89	E. F. Ames, Trustee, et al.	1.81	Apr. 3, 1942	Blount	Misc. 6	423
90	Worland Park Co., et al.	83.20	Apr. 22, 1942	Sevier	D. B. 85	162
91	George A. Smith	.40	Jan. 9, 1942	Cocke	D. B. 63	119
92	John P. Valentine, et al.	10.00	May 27, 1942	do	D. B. 63	211
93	James F. Shields, et al.	.75	May 15, 1942	Blount	Misc. 6	474
94	David Baxter, et al.	64.42	June 15, 1942	Cocke	D. B. 63	170
95	Hamp Garland	25.10	July 13, 1942	Blount	Misc. 6	504
96	W. D. Messer	73.64	July 2, 1942	Cocke	D. B. 63	243
97	Matilda Brown, et al.	11.63	June 1, 1942	do	D. B. 63	272
98	R. A. Williams, et al.	45.77	Sept. 1, 1942	Sevier	Misc. 3	595
99	G. B. Messer, et al.	33.70	June 15, 1942	Cocke	D. B. 63	280
100	Warner and Spurlock, et al.	1,629.00	May 8, 1942	Blount	D. B. 6	439
101	W. Warren Whitte, et al.	633.80	Apr. 16, 1942	Sevier	D. B. 78	373
102	Spence Phillips, et al.	13.80	June 3, 1942	do	D. B. 78	402
103	W. C. Williams and wife	17.74	Oct. 19, 1942	do	D. B. 78	539
104	do	19.00	do	do	D. B. 78	537
105	Doyle B. Williams and wife	4.03	Aug. 20, 1942	do	D. B. 78	541
106	Warren Valentine and wife	2.00	Oct. 19, 1942	Cocke	D. B. 78	535
107	Allen Ownby, et al.	1.40	Nov. 9, 1942	Sevier	D. B. 85	510

¹ Since the notice was not actually received by the Governor of Tennessee until December 3, 1951, the transfer of jurisdiction did not become effective until that date.

EXHIBIT A.—SCHEDULE OF DEEDS AND CONDEMNATION JUDGMENTS COVERING LANDS IN TENNESSEE ACQUIRED BY THE UNITED STATES FOR THE GREAT SMOKY MOUNTAINS NATIONAL PARK FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN THE STATE OF TENNESSEE OR ITS AGENCIES—Continued

[To accompany notice from the Secretary of the Interior to the Governor of Tennessee of the assumption by the United States of exclusive jurisdiction over the said lands]

NPS deed No.	Former owner	Acres	Date of deed or judgment	County	Book	Page
108	Cleta Lunsford Thompson, et al.	5.22	Oct. 27, 1942	Cocke	D. B. 63	489
109	Otto W. Bahl, et al.	8.02	Dec. 15, 1942	Sevier	D. B. 63	542
110	Lottie Baxter, et al.	1.45	Mar. 19, 1943	Cocke	D. B. 85	563
111	William Ford, et al.	53.20	Feb. 18, 1943	Sevier	D. B. 65	6
112	Robert Griffith, et al.	106.00	do	do	D. B. 65	12
113	Cocke County Board of Education, et al.	16.44	do	do	D. B. 63	114
114	Roxie Dorsey	.96	May 26, 1943	do	D. B. 63	117
115	Burleson McGaha and wife	.09	May 28, 1943	Sevier	D. B. 65	24
116	Southern Slate Co., et al.	2,247.20	Apr. 30, 1942	Blount	D. B. 89	44
118	L. A. Ramsey, et al.	6.00	Aug. 28, 1943	Cocke	Misc. 6	176
119	M. E. Webb, executor of Alexander Webb estate	1.00	Oct. 11, 1943	do	D. B. 65	71
120	Laura Moore, et al.	23.00	May 29, 1943	Sevier	D. B. 65	79
121	The New Appalachian Club	.91	Aug. 12, 1943	do	D. B. 89	116
122	Margaret Sherrod, et al.	2.00	Oct. 9, 1942	Blount	D. B. 89	78
125	A. (Albert) F. Renaker, et al.	3.60	Aug. 1, 1947	do	D. B. 130	384
				do	D. B. 151	185

[F. R. Doc. 52-769; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce

[Case No. 113]

SIEGEL CHEMICAL CO., INC., ET AL.

DECISION OF APPEALS BOARD

In the matter of Siegel Chemical Company, Incorporated, Robert Siegel, Thomas A. Arnholz, One Hanson Place, Brooklyn 17, New York, on appeal; Docket FC-13, O. I. T. Case No. 113.

Upon reading the transcript of the hearings held in Washington, D. C., November 9, 1950, by Raymond A. Kirby, Compliance Commissioner, together with the exhibits introduced in evidence at said hearing, the report and recommendations dated October 29, 1951, of said Commissioner to John C. Borton, Assistant Director for Export Supply, Office of International Trade, the order revoking and denying license privileges, dated November 15, 1951, issued by said John C. Borton thereon (16 F. R. 11742) and upon oral arguments of counsel for the Office of International Trade and appellants before the Appeals Board in Washington, D. C., December 11, 1951, upon appeal from said order revoking and denying license privileges, The Appeals Board finds as follows:

(1) That an order suspending license privileges was justified by the evidence.

(2) That the findings of the order revoking and denying license privileges, dated November 15, 1951, are appropriate as to the acts of the appellants in violation of an order suspending license privileges, dated February 23, 1950 (15 F. R. 1122, 3-1-50), in that the appellant, Arnholz, was continued in a position of responsibility in the employ of appellant, Robert Siegel (and, accordingly, Siegel Chemical Company, Inc.), in violation of the order of February 23, 1950.

(3) That while the findings of the order revoking and denying license privileges, dated November 15, 1951, as regards violations of export control regulations, were in fact directed to vio-

lations of a nature which alone would not warrant the severe penalties ordered, the fact that these violations were very similar to violations which had already caused the appellants' suspension by the suspension order, dated February 23, 1950, and which occurred during the suspension period of the appellant, Arnholz, clearly shows that the appellants had little regard for compliance with export control regulations and for a long time should only be permitted to continue in any business where they are involved in operations subject to export control regulations while on specific notice that severe and summary penalties may be applied should they violate these regulations at a later date.

(4) That all the appellants are equally culpable.

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That: The order of November 15, 1951 (16 F. R. 11742) (hereinafter referred to as the "OIT Order") be, and it is, hereby amended and modified as follows:

(1) Said OIT Order shall become effective on January 18, 1952.

(2) Said OIT Order shall be effective in full for a period of six months from its effective date and shall be suspended for the ensuing 18-month period as to each respondent who, during said initial 6-month period and the following 18-month suspension period, shall have fully complied with said order and with any law or regulation relating to Export Control as defined in § 382.1 of the Comprehensive Export Schedule subject, however, to the ensuing provisions of this Appeals Order.

(3) Nothing in this Appeals Order shall be construed to prohibit OIT from imposing further or additional suspensions or taking any other action as to any respondent with respect to any violations of said OIT Order.

(4) If, during the initial 6-month period immediately following the effective date of said OIT Order, any respondent shall in the opinion of the Assistant Director for Export Control, OIT, violate said OIT Order or any law or regulation relating to Export Control as defined in § 382.1 of the Com-

prehensive Export Schedule, then and in that event, upon summary order issued by OIT, the OIT Order shall thereupon stand in full force and effect as originally issued, as to such respondent, for the entire 2-year period therein mentioned commencing on the effective date of said OIT Order, with the same force and effect as if this Appeals Order had affirmed said OIT Order in full.

(5) If, during the 18-month period immediately following the initial 6-month period after the effective date of said OIT Order, any respondent for whom said OIT Order has been suspended under paragraph (2) of this section of the Appeals Order shall in the opinion of the Assistant Director for Export Control, OIT, violate any provision of said OIT Order still applicable to him or any law or regulation relating to Export Control as defined in § 382.1 of the Comprehensive Export Schedule, then and in that event OIT may summarily issue an order as to such respondent, reinstating and making effective said OIT Order for the balance of said 18-month period.

(6) Should any violation as stated in paragraph (4) hereof be discovered by OIT during the 18-month period covered by paragraph (5) hereof the provision of paragraph (5) shall apply.

(7) The provisions of this Appeals Order shall not be exclusive and shall not be construed to limit OIT thereto, but shall be in addition to any other or further remedy by way of additional suspension or otherwise which OIT may be entitled to impose by reason of any violations described in paragraphs (4) and (5) above of this Appeals Order.

It is further ordered, That, except as modified herein, said OIT Order is in all respects sustained.

FREDERIC W. OLMSTEAD,
Chairman, Appeals Board.

JANUARY 14, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-820; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:53 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1058, as amended; 29 U. S. C. and Sup. 214), and Part 522 issued thereunder (29 CFR, Part 522), special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms listed below. The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 522. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners, and learning period for certificates issued under the general learner regulations (§§ 522.1 to 522.14) are as indicated below; conditions provided in certificates issued under special

industry regulations are as established in these regulations.

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear, Rainwear and Other Odd-Outerwear, Robes and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.160 to 522.166, as amended December 31, 1951; 16 F. R. 12043).

Barnesville Manufacturing Co., Inc., 315-319 Gardner Street, Barnesville, Ohio, effective 1-10-52 to 7-9-52; 30 learners for expansion purposes (ladies' pajamas).

Barnesville Manufacturing Co., Inc., 315-319 Gardner Street, Barnesville, Ohio, effective 1-10-52 to 1-9-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' pajamas).

Big-Dad Manufacturing Co., Inc., Starke, Fla., effective 1-14-52 to 1-13-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dungarees, pants, sport shirts).

Carwood Manufacturing Co., Lavonia, Ga., effective 1-11-52 to 1-10-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (work clothing).

Carwood Manufacturing Co., Cornelia, Ga., effective 1-11-52 to 1-10-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton work shirts).

Carwood Manufacturing Co., Monroe, Ga., effective 1-11-52 to 1-10-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (overall, dungarees, etc.).

Carwood Manufacturing Co., Baldwin, Ga., effective 1-11-52 to 1-10-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' work pants and shirts).

Carwood Manufacturing Co., Winder, Ga., effective 1-11-52 to 1-10-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton work pants).

The H. D. Lee Co., Inc., Box 455, Boaz, Ala., effective 1-10-52 to 7-9-52; 50 learners for expansion purposes (men's work clothing and overalls).

R. Lowenbaum Mfg. Co., 100 South Minnesota, Cape Girardeau, Mo., effective 1-10-52 to 7-9-52; 15 learners for expansion purposes (dresses).

Lucky Dress Co., 1638 Irving Street, Rahway, N. J., effective 1-9-52 to 1-8-53; five learners (cotton and silk dresses).

Mode O'Day Corp., 401 West Twenty-third Street, Fremont, Neb., effective 1-14-52 to 1-13-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (wash dresses).

Model Blouse Co., Landisville, N. J., effective 1-10-52 to 1-9-53; 10 learners (dress shirts, collars and sleeping wear).

Myles Manufacturing Co., Inc., Pennsboro, W. Va., effective 1-12-52 to 1-11-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (children's play-clothes).

Nettleton Garment Co., Inc., Nettleton, Miss., effective 1-9-52 to 1-8-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton work pants).

The Roswell Co., Roswell, Ga., effective 1-14-52 to 1-13-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's work pants).

Silver Manufacturing Co., 1405 East Columbus Drive, Indiana Harbor, Ind., effective 1-14-52 to 1-13-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's, young men's and boys' slacks).

Solomon Bros. Co., Camden, Ala., effective 1-11-52 to 1-10-53; 10 learners (men's sport shirts).

Solomon Bros. Co., Butler, Ala., effective 1-8-52 to 1-7-53; 10 learners (men's sport shirts).

Soperton Manufacturing Co., Soperton, Ga., effective 1-11-52 to 1-10-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dress shirts, collars and sleeping wear).

Levi Strauss & Co., 501 Travis Street, Wichita Falls, Tex., effective 1-16-52 to 1-15-53;

10 percent of the productive factory force (overall).

The Ward-Stilson Co., Bainbridge, Ga., effective 1-16-52 to 1-15-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (women's dresses).

Ben Welsberg & Co., 54-56 North Main Street, Carbondale, Pa., effective 1-8-52 to 1-7-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (children's cotton dresses).

Weldon Manufacturing Co., Muncy, Pa., effective 1-14-52 to 1-13-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' pajamas).

Glove Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.220 to 522.231, as amended October 26, 1950; 15 F. R. 6888).

Model Glove Co., 404 East Harris Street, Greenville, Ill., effective 1-10-52 to 1-9-53; seven learners (knit fabric and work gloves).

Hosiery Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.40 to 522.51, as revised November 19, 1951; 16 F. R. 10733).

Adams-Millis Corp., Bodenheimer Street, Kernersville, N. C., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Adams-Millis Corp., Tryon, N. C., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Albany Manufacturing Co., Albany, Ga., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Brownhill & Kramer, Inc., Potter County, Coudersport, Pa., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; five learners.

Delaware Knitting Mills, Elkton, Md., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Durham Hosiery Mills, 109 South Corcoran Street, Durham, N. C., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Fieldcrest Mills, Division of Marshall Field & Co., Fieldale, Va., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Glen Raven Knitting Mills, Inc., Altamahaw, N. C., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Humboldt Full Fashioned Hosiery Mills, Humboldt, Tenn., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

O. E. Kearns & Son, Inc., High Point, N. C., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Lansdale Silk Hosiery Co., Line and Penn Streets, Lansdale, Pa., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Pennsylvania Knitting Mills Co., Spring Grove, Pa., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; two learners.

Pilot Full Fashion Mills, Inc., Valders, Burke County, N. C., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Renfro Hosiery Mills Co., 134 Willow Street, Mount Airy, N. C., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Trenton Hosiery Mill, Trenton, Ga., effective 1-10-52 to 9-9-52; five learners.

The Vaughan Corp., Spruce Pine, Mitchell County, N. C., effective 1-11-52 to 3-22-52; 10 additional learners for expansion purposes.

Veitel Hosiery Co., 26 West Main Street, LeRoy, N. Y., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; five learners.

Virginia Maid Hosiery Mills, Inc., Pulaski, Va., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Wilkes Hosiery Mills Co., 401 F Street, North Wilkesboro, N. C., effective 1-25-52 to 1-24-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.63 to 522.79, as amended January 25, 1950; 15 F. R. 393).

Allendale Mills, Inc., Mount Airy, N. C., effective 1-7-52 to 4-19-52; eight additional learners for expansion purposes only (tee shirts, sport shirts, and pajamas).

Shoe Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.250 to 522.260; 15 F. R. 6546).

Maine Shoes, Spring Street Extension, Auburn, Maine, effective 1-10-52 to 1-9-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force.

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.14).

American Hat Manufacturing Co., 160 Trinity Avenue SW, Atlanta, Ga., effective 1-10-52 to 1-9-53; 10 learners; sewing machine operators; 240 hours at 65 cents per hour (ladies' hats).

English-American Tailoring Co., Inc., 901 North Milton Avenue, Baltimore 5, Md., effective 1-9-52 to 1-8-53; 7 percent of the productive factory force to be engaged in the manufacture of men's and boys' clothing only, machine operating (except cutting), pressers, handsewers; 480 hours each, 60 cents per hour for the first 240 hours and not less than 65 cents per hour for the remaining 240 hours (men's suits, sport coats, overcoats, etc.).

Hampstead Clothing Division, Webster Clothes, Inc., Hampstead, Md., effective 1-11-52 to 1-10-53; 7 percent of the productive factory force; machine operating (except cutting), pressing, handsewing; 480 hours each, 60 cents per hour for the first 240 hours and not less than 65 cents per hour for the remaining 240 hours (men's sack coats).

Each certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that employment of learners at subminimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided in the regulations and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of Part 522.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 15th day of January 1952.

MILTON BROOKE,
Authorized Representative
of the Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 52-802; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. SA-250]

ACCIDENT OCCURRING NEAR COBOURG,
ONTARIO, CANADA

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of investigation of the accident involving aircraft of United States Registry N-59437 which occurred near Cobourg, Ontario, Canada, on December 20, 1951.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly section 702 of said act, in the above-entitled proceeding

that hearing is hereby assigned to be held on Thursday, January 24, 1952, at 9:00 a. m. (local time) at the Public Services Administration Building, 164 North Magnolia, Burbank, California.

Dated at Washington, D. C., January 16, 1952.

[SEAL] VAN R. O'BRIEN,
Presiding Officer.

[F. R. Doc. 52-823; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:53 a. m.]

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION

[D. P. A. Request 10]

BALDWIN & CARTER ET AL.

WITHDRAWAL OF COMPANIES FROM MEMBERSHIP IN COORDINATED MANUFACTURERS OF SANTA CLARA COUNTY, INC.

Pursuant to section 708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, the following list of companies is herewith published which have withdrawn from membership and participation in Coordinated Manufacturers of Santa Clara County, Inc., a small business enterprise production pool. The entire list of participating companies was published on July 4, 1951, at 16 F. R. 6545.

Baldwin & Carter, 50 West McClellan Avenue, San Jose, Calif.

Bean Rubber Manufacturing Co., 1623 South Tenth Street, San Jose, Calif.

Electronic Applications Co., 1086 Martin Avenue, Santa Clara, Calif.

Garden Mill & Supply Co., 967 Wistar Street, Santa Clara, Calif.

Meyer-Robertson, Inc., P. O. Box 1021, Evelyn Avenue, Mountain View, Calif.

Palo Alto Foundry, 3295 Third Street, Palo Alto, Calif.

Issued: January 21, 1952.

MANLY FLEISCHMANN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 52-911; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
10:41 a. m.]

ECONOMIC STABILIZATION AGENCY

Office of Price Stabilization

[Region II, Redelegation of Authority 1,
Revised]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION II

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER
SECTIONS 39B, 39D, 39E, 39F AND 39G OF
CPR 7

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. 2, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 5, Revised (17 F. R. 98), this revision of Redelegation of Authority No. 1, as amended, is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the New York City, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, and Albany, New York; and the Newark and Trenton, New Jersey, Offices of Price Stabilization to act under sections 39b, 39d, 39e, 39f, 39g of Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

This redelegation of authority is effective January 18, 1952.

JAMES G. LYONS,
Director of Regional Office II.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-845; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
5:01 p. m.]

[Region II, Redelegation of Authority 6,
Revised]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION II

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS
REPORTS OF PROPOSED PRICE-DETERMINING
METHODS PURSUANT TO SECTION 5
OF CPR 67

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. II, pursuant to delegation of authority No. 22, revised (17 F. R. 219), this revised redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the New York City, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, and Albany, New York; and the Newark and Trenton, New Jersey, Offices of Price Stabilization to approve, pursuant to section 5, CPR 67, a price-determining method for sales at wholesale or retail proposed by a reseller under CPR 67, disapprove such a proposed price-determining method, establish a different price-determining method by order, or request further information concerning such a price-determining method.

This redelegation of authority is effective January 18, 1952.

JAMES G. LYONS,
Director of Regional Office II.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-846; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
5:01 p. m.]

[Region III, Redelegation of Authority 22]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION III

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS
REPORTS OF PROPOSED CEILING PRICES FOR
SALES OF FARM EQUIPMENT PURSUANT TO
SECTION 5 OF CPR 100

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. III, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 37 (16 F. R. 12299) this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to each of the District Directors of the Office of Price Stabilization in Region III to approve, pursuant to section 5 of CPR 100, a ceiling price for sales of farm equipment proposed by a seller under CPR 100, disapprove such a proposed ceiling price, establish a different ceiling price by order, or request further information concerning such a ceiling price.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 11, 1952.

JOSEPH J. MCBRYAN,
Director of Regional Office III.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-843; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
5:01 p. m.]

[Region III, Redelegation of Authority 23]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION III

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS
APPLICATIONS FOR ADJUSTMENT FILED BY
MANUFACTURERS HAVING YEARLY SALES
VOLUME OF \$250,000 OR LESS, UNDER GOR
10

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization No. III, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 43 (16 F. R. 12747) this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority to act under GOR 10. Authority is hereby redelegated to each of the District Directors of the Office of Price Stabilization in Region III to process and act on applications for adjustments, filed by manufacturers having a yearly sales volume of \$250,000 or less, under GOR 10.

2. Authority to act under GOR 10. Authority is hereby redelegated to each of the District Directors of the Office of Price Stabilization in Region III to process and act on all applications for adjustments filed under GOR 10 by manufacturers having a yearly sales volume exceeding \$250,000, where the applications have been referred to the district offices by the regional offices.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 11, 1952.

JOSEPH J. MCBRYAN,
Director of Regional Office III.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-844; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
5:01 p. m.]

[Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 2,
Revised]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION
VI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER
SECTIONS 39B, 39D, 39E, 39F, AND 39G OF
CPR 7

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, No. VI, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 5, Revised (17 F. R. 98), this revision of Redelegation of Authority No. 2 (16 F. R. 6639) and Redelegation of Authority No. 2, Supplement No. 1 (16 F. R. 9114), both as amended by Redelegation of Authority No. 2, Amendment 1 (16 F. R. 11876), is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Cincinnati, Ohio; Cleveland, Ohio; Columbus, Ohio; Detroit, Michigan; Grand Rapids, Michigan; Louisville, Kentucky and Toledo, Ohio District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to act under sections 39b, 39d, 39e, 39f and 39g of Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 15, 1952.

SYDNEY A. HESSE,
Director of Regional Office VI.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-830; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
4:59 p. m.]

[Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 6, Revised]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION VI
DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS
REPORTS OF PROPOSED PRICE-DETERMINED
METHODS PURSUANT TO SECTION 5 OF
CPR 67

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, No. VI, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 22, Revised (17 F. R. 219) this Revised Delegation of Authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Cincinnati, Ohio; Cleveland, Ohio; Columbus, Ohio; Detroit, Michigan; Grand Rapids, Michigan; Louisville, Kentucky and Toledo, Ohio District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to approve, pursuant to section 5, CPR 67, a price-determining method for sales at wholesale or retail proposed by a reseller under CPR 67, disapprove such a proposed price determining method, establish a different price-determining method by order, or request further information concerning such a price-determining method.

This delegation of Authority shall take effect as of January 15, 1952.

SYDNEY A. HESSE,
Director of Regional Office VI.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-831; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
 4:59 p. m.]

[Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 17, Correction]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION VI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON
APPLICATIONS FOR ADJUSTED CEILING
PRICES UNDER GOR 21

Due to a clerical error, section 1 (a) of Redelegation of Authority No. 17 refers to "section 5 (d) of GOR 21". This should read instead, "section 5 (e) of GOR 21". Accordingly, section 1 (a) of Redelegation of Authority No. 17 is corrected to read as follows:

(a) To direct applicants to broaden the scope of their applications as provided in section 5 (e) of GOR 21.

SYDNEY A. HESSE,
Director of Regional Office VI.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-832; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
 4:59 p. m.]

[Region VIII, Redelegation of Authority 6, Revised]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION VIII

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS
REPORTS OF PROPOSED PRICE-DETERMINING
METHODS PURSUANT TO SECTION 5
OF CPR 67, AS AMENDED

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of

Price Stabilization, Region VIII, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 22, Revised, dated January 7, 1952 (17 F. R. 219), this revised redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the District Directors, Office of Price Stabilization, Eighth Region, to approve, pursuant to section 5, CPR 67, as amended, a price-determining method for sales at wholesale or retail proposed by a reseller under CPR 67, disapprove such a proposed price-determining method, established a different price-determining method by order, or request further information concerning such a price-determining method.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 12, 1952.

PHILIP NEVILLE,
Regional Director, Region VIII.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-833; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
 4:59 p. m.]

[Region VIII, Redelegation of Authority 11, Amdt. 1]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION VIII

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ADJUST
CEILING PRICES UNDER CPR 34

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, Region VIII, pursuant to Amendment 1 to Delegation of Authority 28, dated January 9, 1952 (17 F. R. 330), this Amendment 1 to Redelegation of Authority No. 11 (16 F. R. 12525) is hereby issued.

Redelegation of Authority No. 11 is amended by adding a new paragraph 5 to read as follows:

5. *Authority under section 20 (a) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended.* Authority is hereby redelegated to District Directors, Office of Price Stabilization, Eighth Region, to adjust ceiling prices under the provisions of section 20 (a) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 14, 1952.

PHILIP NEVILLE,
Regional Director, Region VIII.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-834; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
 4:59 p. m.]

[Region IX, Redelegation of Authority 3, Revised]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION IX

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER
SECTIONS 39 (B), 39 (D), 39 (E), 39 (F)
AND 39 (G) OF CPR 7

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, Region IX, pursuant

to the provisions of Delegation of Authority No. 5, Revised, dated December 29, 1951 (17 F. R. 98), this revision of Redelegation of Authority No. 3 (16 F. R. 7951), as amended (16 F. R. 11576), is hereby issued.

Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization, Region IX, to act under sections 39 (b), 39 (d), 39 (e), 39 (f) and 39 (g) of Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 9, 1952.

M. A. BROOKS,
Acting Regional Director, Region IX.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-840; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
 5:00 p. m.]

[Region X, Redelegation of Authority 1, Revision 1]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION X

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER
SECTIONS 39B, 39D, 39E, 39F, AND 39G OF
CPR 7

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. X, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 5, Revised (17 F. R. 98), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Little Rock, Arkansas; Tulsa, Oklahoma; Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Shreveport, Louisiana; New Orleans, Louisiana; Lubbock, Texas; Fort Worth, Texas; Dallas, Texas; Houston, Texas; and San Antonio, Texas, District Offices of Price Stabilization to act under sections 39b, 39d, 39e, 39f, and 39g of Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 15, 1952.

ALFRED L. SEELYE,
Director of Regional Office.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-842; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
 5:00 p. m.]

[Region X, Redelegation of Authority 8, Revision 1]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION X

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS
REPORTS OF PROPOSED PRICE-DETERMINING
METHODS PURSUANT TO SECTION 5 OF
CPR 67, AS AMENDED

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. X, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 22, Revised (17 F. R. 219), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Little Rock, Arkansas; Tulsa, Oklahoma; Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Shreveport, Louisiana; New Orleans, Louisiana; Lubbock, Texas; Fort Worth, Texas; Dallas, Texas; Hous-

NOTICES

ton, Texas; and San Antonio, Texas, District Offices of Price Stabilization to approve, pursuant to section 5, CPR 67, as amended, a price-determining method for sales at wholesale or retail proposed by a reseller under CPR 67, disapprove such a proposed price-determining method, establish a different price-determining method by order, or request further information concerning such a price-determining method.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect on January 21, 1952.

ALFRED L. SEELYE,
Director of Regional Office X.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-841; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
5:00 p. m.]

[Region XI, Redelegation of Authority 27]

DIRECTORS OF ALL DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION XI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER SECTIONS 39B, 39D, 39E, 39F, AND 39G OF CPR 7, RETAIL CEILING PRICES FOR CERTAIN CONSUMER GOODS

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, Region XI, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 5, Revised (17 F. R. 98), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to each of the District Directors of the Office of Price Stabilization in Region XI to act under sections 39b, 39d, 39e, 39f, and 39g of Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

2. This redelegation revises and supplements Redelegations of Authority No. 1, 5, and 9 of Region XI, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 5, Revised. This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 15, 1952.

ALLEN MOORE,
Deputy Regional Director.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-836; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
5:00 p. m.]

[Region XII, Redelegation of Authority 22]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION XII

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER SECTIONS 39B, 39D, 39E, 39F, AND 39G OF CPR 7

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. XII, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 5, Revised (17 F. R. 98), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority to act under CPR 7. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Los Angeles, San Francisco, Phoenix, San Diego, Fresno, and Sacramento District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to act under sections 39b, 39d, 39e, 39f, and 39g of Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 11, 1952.

JOHN H. TOLAN, JR.,
Director of Regional Office XII.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-838; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
5:00 p. m.]

[Region XII, Redelegation of Authority 23]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION XII

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ISSUE AREA MILK PRICE REGULATIONS

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. XII, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 41 (16 F. R. 12679), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to each of the Directors of the District offices of the Office of Price Stabilization, Region XII, to issue area milk price regulations adjusting ceiling prices in accordance with the provisions of Supplementary Regulation 63 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation for areas lying wholly or in major part thereof within his district and to perform all the other functions provided for in Supplementary Regulation 63.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 11, 1952.

JOHN H. TOLAN, JR.,
Director of Regional Office, XII.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-837; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
5:00 p. m.]

[Region XII, Redelegation of Authority 24]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION XII

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS REPORTS OF PROPOSED PRICE-DETERMINING METHODS PURSUANT TO SECTION 5 OF CPR 67

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Acting Director of the Regional office of Price Stabilization, No. XII, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 22, Revised (17 F. R. 219), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization, Region XII, to approve, pursuant to section 5, CPR 67, a price-determining method for sales at wholesale or retail proposed by a reseller under CPR 67, disapprove such a proposed price-determining method, establish a different price-determining method by order, or request further information concerning such a price-determining method.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 14, 1952.

EARL I. CLOUD,
Acting Director of Regional Office XII.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-839; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
5:00 p. m.]

[Region XIII, Redelegation of Authority 1, Revised]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION XIII

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER SECTIONS 39B, 39D, 39E, 39F, AND 39G OF CPR 7

By virtue of authority vested in me as Acting Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. XIII, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 5, Revised (17 F. R. 98), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Boise, Portland, Seattle and Spokane Offices of Price Stabilization, respectively, to act under sections 39b, 39d, 39e, 39f, and 39g of Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

This redelegation of authority shall be effective January 19, 1952.

EARL C. HALD,
Acting Regional Director, Office of Price Stabilization, Region XIII.

JANUARY 17, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-835; Filed, Jan. 17, 1952;
4:50 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 151, Amdt. 3]

AMERICAN GIRL SHOE CO.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. Special Order 151 under section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7 established ceiling prices for sales at retail of women's and misses' shoes manufactured by American Girl Shoe Company.

This amendment permits the establishment of a cost bracket to the retailer, which bracket applies to a specific retail price. The costs of the articles purchased by the retailer should, on the average, fall evenly between the polar ends of each cost bracket and will thus maintain the general historical markup pattern. The establishment of such cost bracket permits minor changes in costs without influencing the general level of retail prices of the articles in question.

The Director has determined, on the basis of information available to him, that the retail ceiling prices requested are in line with those already granted and are no higher than the level of prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

This amendment also extends the date by which the applicant was required to mark, tag, or ticket the articles covered by the special order. The extension is granted on applicant's demonstration of its inability to preticket by the date specified in the amended special order.

Amendatory provisions. Special Order 151, as amended, under section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7 is amended in the following respects:

1. Delete paragraph 1 and substitute therefor the following:

1. The following ceiling prices are established for sales after the effective date of this special order by any seller at

retail of women's and misses' shoes distributed by American Girl Shoe Company, 120 Kingston Street, Boston, Massachusetts, having the brand name "American Girl Shoe" and described in the distributor's application dated September 26, 1951.

Supplier's selling price (per pair):	Ceiling price at retail (per pair)
\$3.60-\$3.80	\$5.95
\$4.10-\$4.30	6.95
\$4.70-\$4.90	7.95
\$5.15-\$5.35	8.95

2. In paragraph 3, substitute for the date "December 31, 1951," the date "January 31, 1952."

3. In paragraph 3, substitute for the date "January 31, 1952," wherever it appears, the date "March 1, 1952."

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective January 16, 1952.

MICHAEL V. DiSALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 16, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-745; Filed, Jan. 16, 1952;
4:58 p. m.]

[Delegation of Authority 50]

DIRECTORS OF REGIONAL OFFICES

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER GOR 24

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of Price Stabilization pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (64 Stat. 812), and Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105) and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this delegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby delegated to the Directors of the Regional Offices, Office of Price Stabilization, to issue adopting orders as authorized by GOR 24 and to grant, deny, or revoke the reclassification provided for under section 7 of GOR 24.

2. The authority hereby delegated may be redelegated to the Directors of District Offices, Office of Price Stabilization.

3. If the area for which it is deemed appropriate to fix community dollars-and-cents ceiling prices lies within the jurisdiction of more than one regional or district office of the Office of Price Stabilization, the office for the area in which the majority of the sellers to be covered by the order is located shall be the office to issue an order fixing community dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for all sellers in that area.

This delegation of authority shall take effect on January 18, 1952.

EDWARD F. PHELPS, Jr.,
Acting Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 18, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-889; Filed, Jan. 18, 1952;
4:19 p. m.]

ORGANIZATIONAL STATEMENT

Pursuant to section 3 (a) (1) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1002), this description of the central and field organization of the Office of Price Stabilization is hereby issued.

ARTICLE I—GENERAL PLAN OF ORGANIZATION

Sec.

1. Creation and authority.
2. Purpose.
3. Organization.
4. Location.

ARTICLE II—NATIONAL OFFICE ACTIVITIES

11. Office of the Director of Price Stabilization.
12. Office of Price Operations.
13. Office of Chief Counsel.
14. Office of Economic Policy.
15. Office of Management.
16. Office of Enforcement.
17. Office of Public Information.
18. Office of Field Operations.
19. Office of Accounting.
20. Cooperation with Other Government Agencies.

ARTICLE III—FIELD ORGANIZATION AND ACTIVITIES

30. Basic Field Organization.
31. Regional Offices.
32. District Offices.
33. Location of Field Offices.

ARTICLE IV—DELEGATIONS OF FINAL AUTHORITY

41. Table I—Director of Price Operations.
42. Table II—Commodity Division Directors.
43. Table III—Commodity Branch Chiefs.
44. Table IV—National Office Miscellaneous.
45. Table V—Regional Directors.
46. Table VI—District and Territorial Directors.
47. Table VII—Field Miscellaneous.

ARTICLE I.—GENERAL PLAN OF ORGANIZATION

SECTION 1. Creation and authority. The Office of Price Stabilization was created by General Order 2 of the Economic Stabilization Administrator on January 24, 1951 (16 F. R. 738). General Order 2 was issued pursuant to Executive Order 10161 of September 9, 1950 (15 F. R. 6105) which provided for the position of Director of Price Stabilization. Executive Order 10161 was issued by virtue of the authority vested in the President by the Defense Production Act of 1950 as amended (64 Stat. 798, 65 Stat. 131).

SEC. 2. Purpose. The chief purpose of the Office of Price Stabilization is to promote the national defense by reducing the effects of inflation and preserving the value of the national currency. The major function of the Office is to establish price ceilings to stabilize the cost of living and the cost of production, both civilian and military, to eliminate and prevent profiteering, hoarding, manipulation, speculation, and other disruptive practices, resulting from abnormal market conditions or scarcities, and to protect consumers, wage earners, investors, and persons with relatively fixed incomes from undue impairment of their living standards. In addition, the Office is charged with the maintenance of a reasonable balance between purchasing power and the supply of consumer goods and services, the protection of the national economy against future loss of needed purchasing power by dissipation of individuals' savings, and the prevention of a future collapse of values.

SEC. 3. Organization. The Office of Price Stabilization consists of a National Office, located in Washington, D. C., and 14 regional and approximately 90 district offices located in the principal cities of the United States, its Territories and possessions.

Within the National Office there are eight Assistant Directors of Price Stabilization designated as follows: Director of Price Operations, Chief Counsel, Economic Adviser, Director of Management, Director of Enforcement, Director of Public Information, Director of Field Operations, and Director of Accounting.

SEC. 4. Location. The National Office of the Office of Price Stabilization is located in Temporary E Building, 4th Street and Adams Drive SW., Washington 25, D. C. The locations of the various field offices are set forth in section 33.

ARTICLE II—NATIONAL OFFICE ACTIVITIES

SEC. 11. Office of the Director of Price Stabilization. The Office of the Director of Price Stabilization consists of the Director of Price Stabilization and assistants and officers designated by the Director. The functions of the Office of the Director are to plan and develop both short and long range price stabilization policies and advise the Economic Stabilization Administrator on stabilization policies; to promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the functions of price stabilization as outlined by statute, Executive Order, or General Order of the Economic Stabilization Administrator; and to administer, coordinate and direct the National Office and field organization of the Office of Price Stabilization. It is also the responsibility of the Office of the Director to inform industry, agriculture, labor, consumers and others of the need for price stabilization and promote and solicit their cooperation in this respect; and to consult and advise with other Government agencies responsible for procurement, production, manpower, exports and imports, and monetary policies. The Office of the Director maintains close relationship with the Congress, and consults with and advises that body on questions concerning price stabilization.

(a) Office of the Recording Secretary. Under the direction of the Recording Secretary, the Office of the Recording Secretary systematizes, maintains, and services the official records of all formal price actions. This office docket and coordinates all incoming protests and petitions for amendment, accepts service of legal process on behalf of the Office of Price Stabilization, certifies documents, reviews each formal price regulation for category, style and consistency with the over-all regulatory pattern, issues all rules, regulations and orders of external applicability, and edits and maintains the "Office of Price Stabilization Price Controls Service", prepared for internal use only. It is the responsibility of the Office of the Recording Secretary to prepare the history of the Office of Price Stabilization and intra-agency reports and analyses based on the formal price records, to establish and administer, in cooperation with the Office of the Chief Counsel, all procedures requisite to Office

of Price Stabilization's compliance with the Federal Register Act, and all regulations and directives issued thereunder, and to maintain a check on compliance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(b) *Office for Industry Advisory Committees.* This Office, headed by the Director of the Office for Industry Advisory Committees, is responsible for the establishment and operation of formal industry advisory committees, and for all industry consultation held to satisfy the requirements of the Defense Production Act and the needs of the Office of Price Stabilization in formulating its regulations. It is responsible for arranging meetings of all such industry groups, for the maintenance of official files and records of membership, meetings, attendance, agenda, for the preparation and distribution of all minutes and other information pertaining to the work of committees. It is responsible for assuring that industry advice and help are adequately recognized in the statements of consideration accompanying price regulations. The Office for Industry Advisory Committees is also responsible for developing policies and procedures for the establishment and operation of trade cooperating committees in the field offices. The Office works closely with other Government agencies on matters relating to industry consultation.

(c) *Office for Boards of Review.* Under the supervision of the Director of the Office for Boards of Review, the Office formulates and administers procedures and standards regulating the conduct of proceedings in cases transferred to it for consideration by Boards of Review, and which govern the disposition of protests filed for such consideration.

The Office exercises continuing supervision of the Boards of Review in considering protests, conducting hearings, reaching prompt decisions on issues involved, and submitting reports and recommendations to the Director of Price Stabilization.

In addition, this Office docket and maintains files on all cases pending before the Boards of Review, and a closed file on cases disposed of by such Boards; registers and nominates members of Boards of Review from the National and field offices.

SEC. 12. Office of Price Operations. Headed by the Director of Price Operations, the Office of Price Operations is authorized to prepare regulations, orders and standards governing allocations, distributions and prices; entertains and approves or disapproves requests for establishment of ceiling prices, and applications for individual adjustments to existing ceiling prices; collects and analyzes data on costs, prices, and business practices which may be necessary to the formulation and operation of the price program; and consults with industry with respect to the preparation of and compliance with rules and regulations of the Office of Price Stabilization.

The commodity divisions of the Office of Price Operations are as follows:

Food and Restaurant Division, covering dairy products, fats and oils, fruits and vegetables, feeds and grain, grocery

products, livestock, meats and fish, poultry, restaurants, and food distribution.

Industrial Materials and Manufactured Goods Division, covering automobiles and parts, building materials, machinery, and metals.

Consumer Goods Distribution, Textile and Apparel Division, covering apparel, fibers, furs, leather, textiles, and distribution of consumer goods other than food.

Forest Products Division, covering lumber and wood products, pulp paper, and paperboard.

Transportation, Public Utilities, and Fuels Division, covering petroleum, public utilities, solid fuels, and transportation.

Rubber, Chemicals and Drugs Division, covering chemicals, chemical products, agricultural chemicals, drugs, drug products, rubber, and rubber products.

Consumer Durable Goods Division, covering appliances and equipment, home furnishings, and housewares and accessories.

Services, Export-Import Division, covering exports and imports, and services.

The commodity divisions develop and administer price regulations governing commodities and services within their jurisdiction, and otherwise administer price control policies and programs as they relate to such commodities and services.

SEC. 13. Office of Chief Counsel. The responsibilities of the Office of Chief Counsel are to advise on all legal matters relating to the Office of Price Stabilization functions; represent OPS in the Emergency Court of Appeals or any other court whenever the validity or applicability of any regulation or order is challenged or contested; prepare opinions on all legal problems with which OPS may be confronted; prepare and analyze proposed legislation; perform legal functions, including drafting, involved in the preparation of ceiling price and other regulations, and with respect to orders granting individual adjustments; prepare and issue interpretations of the rules, orders, and regulations issued by OPS; intervene in transportation and public utility rate proceedings; and establish procedures and practices governing petitions for amendment and formal protests, and the general conduct of hearings by Boards of Review; in conjunction with the Assistant Director for Price Operations and the Economic Adviser, review all proposed regulatory actions and make recommendations to the Director of Price Stabilization with respect thereto; direct and coordinate the activities of Regional and District Counsel with respect to legal functions in the field, particularly in connection with interpretations and adjustments; prepare and issue legal opinions interpreting the statutes, executive orders and directives covering the operations of OPS, and all rules and regulations issued by OPS; represent OPS in liaison with and before other agencies on legal matters affecting the work of OPS.

In addition, the Chief Counsel is charged with the study of the legal implications of price stabilization programs and makes recommendations concerning

immediate or long-range courses of action to be followed. Lawyers are assigned to various legal divisions and branches into which the Office of Chief Counsel is organized. Those assigned to the price legal division counsel price executives on all legal phases involved in their respective areas of operations.

SEC. 14. Office of Economic Policy. Headed by the Economic Adviser, the Office of Economic Policy advises the Director of Price Stabilization on general economic policy and trends; formulates and develops standards for price stabilization policies, and recommends general priorities of action; conducts such economic and financial research and analysis as the Director may require; in conjunction with the Director of Price Operations and the Chief Counsel reviews proposed regulatory actions and advises the Director with respect to their issuance; maintains close liaison with other Federal agencies so as to obtain integration of price stabilization objectives and policies with production, defense, and general stabilization requirements; collects, collates, analyzes and tabulates economic and statistical data derived from various sources; and makes such data available to other Federal agencies and for general research consistent with requirements for statistical security.

SEC. 15. Office of Management. Headed by the Director of Management, the Office of Management is authorized to discharge the responsibilities of the Director of Price Stabilization in all matters concerning the budget, internal accounting, personnel management, organization, and general administration. The Distribution Branch of the Administrative Services Division supplies copies of the orders and regulations issued by the Office of Price Stabilization. A distribution center is located in each regional office to service requests for regulatory material made to the appropriate regional or district office.

The Office of Management maintains liaison on management functions with the Bureau of the Budget, the Civil Service Commission, the General Accounting Office, the General Services Administration, and other Federal Agencies with general management responsibilities.

SEC. 16. Office of Enforcement. Headed by the Director of Enforcement, the Office of Enforcement plans and conducts programs to determine compliance with OPS regulations and orders and collects evidence for use in legal proceedings against alleged violators. In addition, the office recommends sanctions to be applied to alleged violators of price control regulations, and represents OPS in litigation for the prosecution of such violators.

SEC. 17. Office of Public Information. Headed by the Director of Public Information, the Office of Public Information formulates and executes the public information policies and programs of the Office of Price Stabilization in collaboration with other operating officials, and assists in the planning of agency policies and programs with respect to public information implications, and appraises

public attitude and reaction to such programs.

The Office of Public Information originates and executes national information programs by preparing and issuing information material for all media of communication, by working with organized groups and by obtaining the contribution of time, talent and facilities from public-spirited citizens and private agencies.

The Office assists OPS officials in scheduling and preparing public statements concerning the agency, reviews public statements in order to assure accuracy and conformance with agency policy, and maintains liaison with information officials of other Federal agencies.

SEC. 18. Office of Field Operations. Headed by the Director of Field Operations, the Office of Field Operations exercises general administrative supervision over the field offices of OPS, and coordinates all phases of the field program, making recommendations for improvement policies, programs and procedures affecting the field. In addition, the office informs the field on all matters necessary for the proper operation of all field offices, examines and appraises field office operations, and acts as liaison between the regional directors and the National Office, and promotes proper interchange of information and proper channeling to and from regional directors on matters of policy, program, and operations and management.

SEC. 19. Office of Accounting. The Office of Accounting is headed by the Director of Accounting. It is authorized to secure financial and cost accounting data from business establishments for use in establishing price ceilings, making adjustments, adjudicating protests, and in enforcement proceedings; formulate and prescribe types of accounting data required of business establishments in order to conform with compliance requirements of pertinent orders and regulations; prescribe types of accounting data to be maintained in business establishments; and assist the Office of Enforcement in investigating tasks requiring accounting analysis.

SEC. 20. Cooperation with Other Government Agencies. The Office of Price Stabilization cooperates with other governmental agencies and representatives in the national defense effort, including, among others, the Office of Defense Mobilization, the National Production Authority, the Salary Stabilization Board, the Wage Stabilization Board, and the Office of Rent Stabilization.

ARTICLE III—FIELD ORGANIZATION

SEC. 30. Basic Field Organization. The basic field organization of OPS consists of the regional and district offices, the territorial jurisdictions of which are defined and established by the National Office of OPS. (See map at end of this organizational statement.)

SEC. 31. Regional Offices. Each regional office is headed by a regional director who is responsible to and appointed and removed by the Director of Price Stabilization, subject to applicable Civil Service rules and procedures. The regional director provides leadership, co-

ordination, evaluation, and general supervision of the OPS activities within the region in accordance with policies established by the National Office of OPS.

The regional offices supervise and coordinate the program activities and operations of district offices in accordance with the standards and instructions

issued by the National Office of OPS, and perform only such operational functions as may not be performed feasibly by the district offices.

Regional directors are charged with establishing the internal organization of the regional offices in accordance with the following basic plan:

REGIONAL OFFICE	
Division	Title of Division Head
Price Operations Division	Regional Price Executive.
Legal Division	Regional Counsel.
Management Division	Regional Executive Officer.
Accounting Division	Regional Accounting Executive.
Enforcement Division	Regional Director for Enforcement.
Public Information Division	Regional Information Officer.

Regional directors have full supervisory authority over all personnel in their respective regions and appoint, change the status of, discipline, and remove personnel, subject to applicable Civil Service Commission rules and procedures, except that actions to appoint or transfer responsible supervisory personnel as defined by National Office Standards must have prior National Office approval. In general the regional director has full authority necessary for the proper discharge of his responsibilities within the framework of the written standards and policies issued by the National Office.

All other regional executives are responsible to their regional director for all activities within their program jurisdiction and assignments.

SEC. 32. District Offices. Each district office is headed by a District Director who is responsible to a Regional Director and who is appointed and removed by

the Director of Price Stabilization on the recommendation of the Regional Director, subject to applicable Civil Service rules and procedures.

District offices are primarily operating offices to perform the detailed work of the OPS under the supervision of the regional office. In general, district offices execute and effectuate OPS programs by administering the specific operational functions assigned or delegated to them, in accordance with the standards and instructions issued by the National Office and the Regional Director, and supervise the operations of subordinate offices in the districts.

The District Directors are charged with establishing the internal organization of the district and subordinate offices in accordance with the following basic plan, under the guidance of the regional directors and subject to the limitations of funds allocated by them:

DISTRICT OFFICES	
Branch	Title of Branch Head
Price Operations Branch	District Price Executive.
Legal Branch	District Counsel.
Management Branch	District Executive Officer.
Accounting Branch	District Accounting Executive.
Enforcement Branch	District Enforcement Director.
Public Information Branch	District Information Officer.

The District Directors have supervisory authority over personnel and operations within their respective districts and within the framework of the written instructions, standards and policies issued by the national and respective regional offices.

District offices located in the territories and possessions of the United States are also known as Territorial Offices, and the District Directors thereof are also known as Territorial Directors.

SEC. 33. Locations of Field Offices. The locations of the regional and district offices of the Office of Price Stabilization, are as follows:

REGIONAL OFFICES—OFFICE OF PRICE STABILIZATION

Region I

Regional Office—Boston, Massachusetts.
District Offices—
Providence, Rhode Island.
Hartford, Connecticut.
Portland, Maine.
Montpelier, Vermont.
Manchester, New Hampshire.
Springfield, Massachusetts.
Boston, Massachusetts.

Region II

Regional Office—New York City.
District Offices—
New York City.

Buffalo, New York.
Rochester, New York.
Newark, New Jersey.
Trenton, New Jersey.
Syracuse, New York.
Albany, New York.

Region III

Regional Office—Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
District Offices—
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
Wilmington, Delaware.
Erie, Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
Camden, New Jersey.

Region IV

Regional Office—Richmond, Virginia.
District Offices—
Baltimore, Maryland.
Charlotte, North Carolina.
Washington, District of Columbia.
Charleston, West Virginia.
Raleigh, North Carolina.
Norfolk, Virginia.
Richmond, Virginia.

Region V

Regional Office—Atlanta, Georgia.
District Offices—
Atlanta, Georgia.
Birmingham, Alabama.
Columbia, South Carolina.
Jackson, Mississippi.
Jacksonville, Florida.
Memphis, Tennessee.
Miami, Florida.

Montgomery, Alabama.
Nashville, Tennessee.
Savannah, Georgia.

Region VI

Regional Office—Cleveland, Ohio.

District Offices—

Cincinnati, Ohio.
Detroit, Michigan.
Louisville, Kentucky.
Toledo, Ohio.
Columbus, Ohio.
Grand Rapids, Michigan.
Cleveland, Ohio.

Region VII

Regional Office—Chicago, Illinois.

District Offices—

Indianapolis, Indiana.
Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
Peoria, Illinois.
Green Bay, Wisconsin.
Springfield, Illinois.
Chicago, Illinois.

Region VIII

Regional Office—Minneapolis, Minnesota.

District Offices—

Sioux Falls, South Dakota.
Helena, Montana.
 Fargo, North Dakota.
St. Paul, Minnesota.
Duluth, Minnesota.

Region IX

Regional Office—Kansas City, Missouri.

District Offices—

Kansas City, Missouri.
Omaha, Nebraska.
Wichita, Kansas.
Des Moines, Iowa.
St. Louis, Missouri.

Region X

Regional Office—Dallas, Texas.

District Offices—

Dallas, Texas.
Houston, Texas.
New Orleans, Louisiana.
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.
Little Rock, Arkansas.
San Antonio, Texas.
Fort Worth, Texas.
Shreveport, Louisiana.
Tulsa, Oklahoma.
Lubbock, Texas.

Region XI

Regional Office—Denver, Colorado.

District Offices—

Salt Lake City, Utah.
Albuquerque, New Mexico.
Cheyenne, Wyoming.
Denver, Colorado.

Region XII

Regional Office—San Francisco, California.

District Offices—

Los Angeles, California.
Phoenix, Arizona.
Reno, Nevada.
San Diego, California.
San Francisco, California.
Fresno, California.
Sacramento, California.

Region XIII

Regional Office—Seattle, Washington.

District Offices—

Portland, Oregon.
Boise, Idaho.
Spokane, Washington.
Seattle, Washington.

Region XIV

Regional Office—Washington, District of Columbia.

District Offices—

Juneau, Alaska.
Honolulu, Hawaii.
San Juan, Puerto Rico.
St. Thomas, Virgin Islands.
Agana, Guam.

ARTICLE IV—DELEGATIONS OF FINAL AUTHORITY

SEC. 41. TABLE I—Director of Price Operations.

Subject	Citation
1. Authority to act as Director of Price Stabilization when the Director of Price Stabilization is not in the City of Washington, D. C.	16 F. R. 3594.
2. Authority to disapprove proposed ceiling prices, to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices, and to establish ceiling prices upon application.	16 F. R. 3672.
3. Authority to establish ceiling prices after disapproval of proposed prices or pending obtaining of further information.	16 F. R. 5659.
4. Authority to grant or deny certain applications under DR 1.	16 F. R. 6478.
5. Authority to make adjustments under CPRs 13, 17 and 32.	16 F. R. 7432.

SEC. 42. TABLE II—Commodity Division Directors.

Division	Subject	Citation
1. All.	Authority to disapprove proposed ceiling prices, to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices, and to establish ceiling prices upon application.	16 F. R. 3672.
2. All.	Authority to establish ceiling prices after disapproval of proposed prices or pending the obtaining of further information.	16 F. R. 7187.
3. All.	Authority to disapprove or request further information regarding changes in coupon exchange plans pursuant to SR 5 to GPCR.	16 F. R. 6640.
4. Food and Restaurant.	Authority to grant or deny certain applications under DR 1.	16 F. R. 6478.
5. Transportation, Public Utilities and Fuels.	Authority to make adjustments of ceiling prices under CPRs 13, 17 and 32.	16 F. R. 7432.

SEC. 43. TABLE III—Commodity Branch Chiefs.

Branch	Subject	Citation
1. All in Transportation, Public Utilities and Fuels Division.	Authority to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices.	16 F. R. 4163.
2. All in Consumer Durable Goods Division.	Authority to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices.	16 F. R. 4163.
3. All in Services, Export-Import Division.	Authority to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices.	16 F. R. 4163.
4. All in Food and Restaurant Division.	Authority to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices.	16 F. R. 4163.
5. All in Forest Products Division.	Authority to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices.	16 F. R. 4603.
6. All in Consumer Goods Distribution, Textile and Apparel Division.	Authority to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices.	16 F. R. 4623, 5890.
7. All in Rubber, Chemical and Drug Division.	Authority to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices.	16 F. R. 5143.
8. All in Industrial Materials and Manufactured Goods Division.	Authority to request further information concerning proposed ceiling prices.	16 F. R. 5307.
9. Livestock and Meat Distribution (Food and Restaurant Division).	Authority to grant or deny certain applications under DR 1.	16 F. R. 8000.

SEC. 45. TABLE IV—National Office—Miscellaneous.

Officer	Subject	Citation
1. Chief Counsel.	Authority to act as Director of Price Stabilization when the Director of Price Stabilization and the Director of Price Operations are absent from the City of Washington, D. C.	16 F. R. 3594.
2. Chief Counsel.	Authority to issue official interpretations.	16 F. R. 3595.
3. Economic Adviser.	Authority to act as Director of Price Stabilization when the Director of Price Stabilization, the Director of Price Operations and the Chief Counsel are absent from the City of Washington, D. C.	16 F. R. 8663.
4. Director of Management.	Authority to act with respect to budget, personnel, management, organization and general administration.	16 F. R. 3594.
5. Director of Enforcement.	Authority to act with respect to enforcement functions.	16 F. R. 3595.
6. Recording Secretary.	Authority to issue official collations of price regulations and similar documents.	16 F. R. 5660.
7. Division Counsel.	Authority to issue official interpretations.	16 F. R. 4260.
8. Federal Trade Commission.	Authority to require reports in connection with statistical surveys or programs.	16 F. R. 8863.

SEC. 45. TABLE V—Regional Directors.

Region	Subject	Citation
1. All.	Authority to authorize markup in excess of Appendix E of OPR 7, and to permit pricing methods for sets (groups of articles) to which services have been added and for repaired or reconditioned articles.	16 F. R. 3672.
2. All.	Authority to act on applications pertaining to certain food and restaurant commodities.	16 F. R. 5659, 6640, 6806.
3. All.	Authority to act on certain applications under DR 1.	16 F. R. 7431.
4. All.	Authority to act on applications for adjustment of prices relating to ice.	16 F. R. 7431.
5. All.	Authority to process initial reports filed by certain restaurant operators under OPR 11.	16 F. R. 8163.
6. 14.	Authority to approve, disapprove, revise or issue orders establishing ceiling prices in accordance with the provisions of sections 6 and 7 of CPR 9.	16 F. R. 4603.

District (or Territory)	Subject	Citation
6. Certain District Offices (Regions I, II, III, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII).	Authority to act on all applications for price action and adjustments under certain sections of OPR 14, 15 and 16.	10 F. R. 10326 (Region I); 10 F. R. 6039 (Region II); 10 F. R. 11407 (Region VII); 10 F. R. 10328 (Region VIII); 10 F. R. 10018, 11788 (Region IX); 10 F. R. 10688, 11407 (Region XI); 10 F. R. 10092, 10327 (Region XII).
8. Certain District Offices (Regions I, II, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XIV).	Authority to process initial reports filed by certain restaurant operators under OPR 11.	10 F. R. 10077, 10700, 10807 (Region I); 10 F. R. 9116 (Region VI); 10 F. R. 11407 (Region VII); 10 F. R. 10327, 10328 (Region VIII); 10 F. R. 7051, 10092 (Region IX); 10 F. R. 10092 (Region X); 10 F. R. 10018 (Region XI); 10 F. R. 10327, 11407 (Region XII).
9. Certain District Offices (Regions VII and IX).	Authority to act on applications for adjustment under OPR 13.	10 F. R. 11407 (Region VII); 10 F. R. 7839 (Region IX).
10. Certain District Offices (Regions VII and IX).	Authority to act on all applications for adjustment under OPR 15 and 16.	10 F. R. 7839 (Region IX).
11. All District Directors.	Authority to act on schedules of rates filed by warehouses under SR 5 to OPR 34.	10 F. R. 11406.
12. All District Directors.	Authority to act under OPR 70.	10 F. R. 11703.
13. Certain District Offices (Regions I, II, V, VI, VIII, IX, XII, XIV).	Authority to process reports under section 5 of OPR 7.	10 F. R. 10077 (Region I); 10 F. R. 10327 (Region II); 10 F. R. 10077 (Region VI); 10 F. R. 10077 (Region VII); 10 F. R. 10077 (Region IX); 10 F. R. 10077 (Region XII); 10 F. R. 10077 (Region XIV).

SEC. 47. TABLE VII—Field—Miscellaneous.

Position	Subject	Citation
1. Regional counsel.	Authority to issue official interpretations.	10 F. R. 4292.
2. District Enforcement Directors.	Authority with respect to enforcement functions.	10 F. R. 4322.

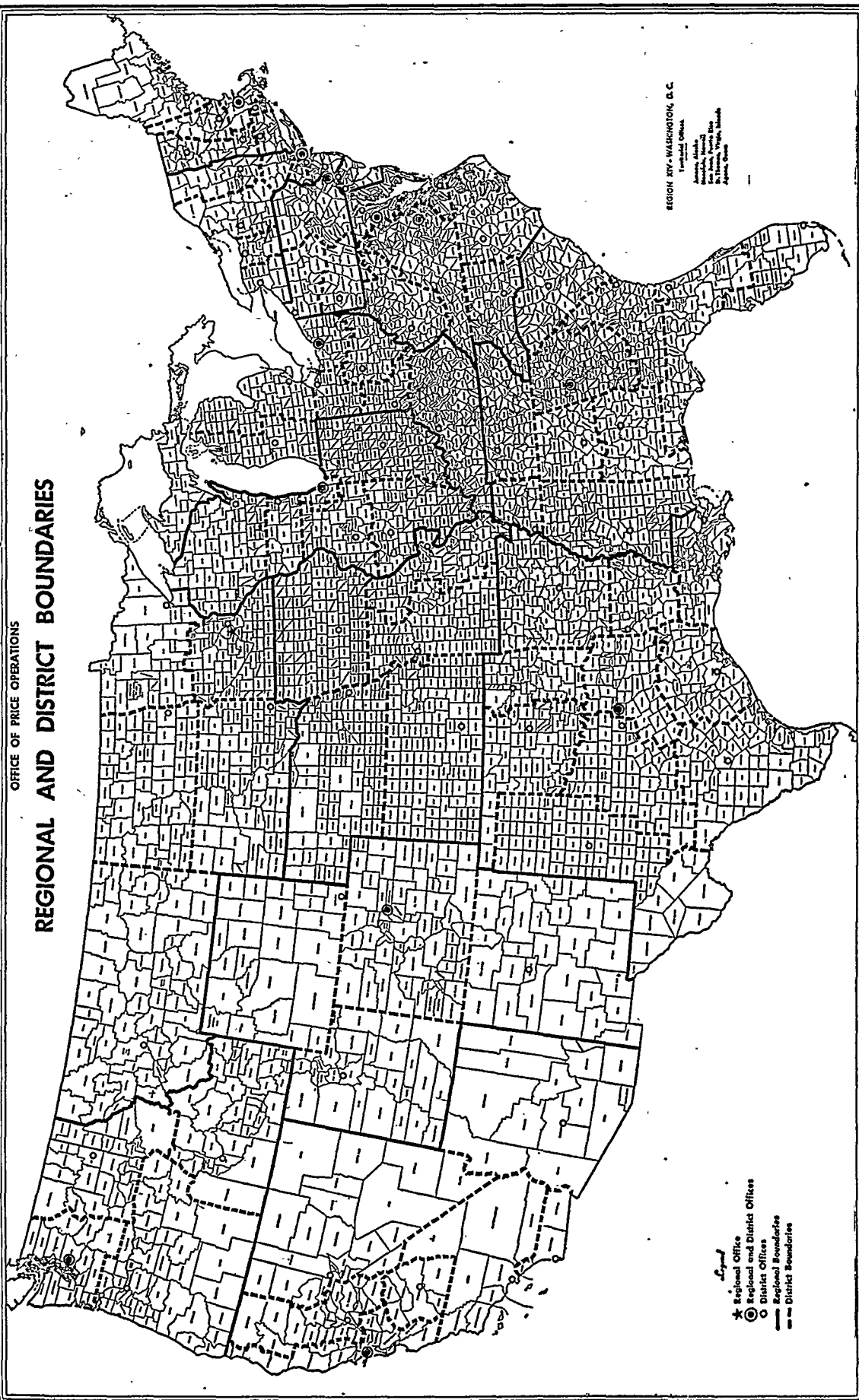
MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 21, 1952.

Region	Subject	Citation
7. 14.	Authority to approve, disapprove, or revise ceiling prices in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of OPR 14.	10 F. R. 5503.
8. 12.	Authority to establish group adjustment of certain contract carrier rates in accordance with the provisions of section 5 (d) of SR 39 to OPR.	10 F. R. 7527, 9177.
9. 13, 7, 0, 11.	Authority to establish group adjustment of certain contract carrier rates.	10 F. R. 8150, 9790, 10476, 11891.
10. All.	Authority to process reports of proposed ceiling prices for sales at retail by resellers pursuant to section 5 of OPR 7.	10 F. R. 10010.
11. 12.	Authority to authorize ceiling prices for dried apricots.	10 F. R. 11240.
12. All.	Authority to make adjustments under OPR 35.	10 F. R. 11406.
13. All.	Authority to process certain statements filed pursuant to OPR 92.	10 F. R. 11403.
14. All.	Authority to act on pricing and reports under OPR 34.	10 F. R. 11703.
15. All.	Authority to act under OPR 70.	10 F. R. 11703.
16. 13.	Authority to approve and disapprove graders and scalers.	10 F. R. 11762.
17. All.	Authority to act on applications for exemptions filed by non-profit clubs under OPR 11.	10 F. R. 11762, 11891.
18. All.	Authority to act on applications for authority pertaining to certain items of sausage.	10 F. R. 11762.
19. All.	Authority to act on applications for adjusted ceiling prices under OPR 30.	10 F. R. 12025.
20. All.	Authority to act on applications for adjusted ceiling prices under OPR 30.	10 F. R. 12025.

SEC. 46. TABLE VI—District and Territorial Directors.

District (or Territory)	Subject	Citation
1. Puerto Rico.	Authority to approve, disapprove, or revise ceiling prices in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of OPR 14.	10 F. R. 6800.
2. All Territorial Directors.	Authority to act on applications pertaining to certain food and restaurant commodities.	10 F. R. 7187, 10078.
3. All Territorial Directors.	Authority to approve, disapprove, revise or issue orders under sections 6 and 7 of OPR 9.	10 F. R. 6200.
4. Certain District Offices (Regions I, II, V, VI, IX, X, XI, XII).	Authority to authorize markup in excess of or reduce markups under Appendix E of OPR 7, and to permit pricing methods for sets to which services have been added and for repaired or reconditioned articles.	10 F. R. 7535, 8331, 10320 (Region I); 10 F. R. 6339, 7222, 11573 (Region II); 10 F. R. 9114 (Region V); 10 F. R. 6339, 11573, 9144 (Region VI); 10 F. R. 7031, 11573 (Region IX); 10 F. R. 7539 (Region X); 10 F. R. 6731 (Region II); 10 F. R. 10327 (Region VII); 10 F. R. 10018, 11573 (Region IX); 10 F. R. 11530, 10328, 11467, 11530 (Region XII); 10 F. R. 7539, 7539, 8331, 10320 (Region I); 10 F. R. 7539 (Region II); 10 F. R. 7539 (Region IX); 10 F. R. 9144 (Region V); 10 F. R. 6339, 7539, 7539, 9144 (Region VI); 10 F. R. 6339, 7539, 7539, 9144 (Region VII); 10 F. R. 7539 (Region X); 10 F. R. 7539 (Region XII); 10 F. R. 11530 (Region IX); 10 F. R. 8260, 10327 (Region I); 10 F. R. 9723 (Region II); 10 F. R. 11039 (Region V); 10 F. R. 7783, 9115 (Region VI); 10 F. R. 11407 (Region VII); 10 F. R. 10327 (Region IX); 10 F. R. 7051 (Region X); 10 F. R. 10340, 11892 (Region XI); 10 F. R. 7787 (Region XIV).
5. Certain District Offices (Regions I, II, III, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII).	Authority to act on applications pertaining to certain food and restaurant commodities.	
6. Certain District Offices (Regions I, II, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, XI, XII).	Authority to act on applications for adjustment of prices relating to ice.	



[F. R. Doc. 52-919; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 11:56 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43,
Special Order 799]

DAWNELLE, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. In accordance with section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, the applicant named in the accompanying special order, Dawnelle, Inc., 16 East 34th Street, New York 16, N. Y. (hereafter called wholesaler), has applied to the Office of Price Stabilization for maximum resale prices for retail sales of certain of its articles. Applicant has submitted the information required under this section and has produced evidence which in the judgment of the Director indicates that the applicant has complied with other stated requirements.

The Director has determined on the basis of information available to him, including the data and certified conclusions of fact submitted by the applicant, that the retail ceiling prices requested and which are established by this special order are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

The special order contains provisions requiring each article to be marked by the applicant with the retail ceiling price established by the accompanying special order. The applicant is required to send purchasers of the articles a copy of this special order, a notice listing retail ceiling prices for each cost line and, in specified cases, of subsequent amendments of this special order.

The special order also requires applicant to file with the Distribution Price Branch regular reports setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which applicant has delivered during the reporting period. This requirement conforms with the provisions of section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the statement of considerations and pursuant to section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, this special order is hereby issued.

1. The ceiling prices for sales at retail of women's and children's fabric gloves sold at wholesale by Dawnelle, Inc., 16 East 34th Street, New York 16, N. Y. (hereafter called wholesaler), having the brand name(s) "Dawnelle" shall be the proposed retail ceiling prices listed by Dawnelle, Inc., in its application dated November 5, 1951, and filed with the Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C. (and supplemented and amended in the manufacturer's applications dated December 11 and 19, 1951).

A list of such ceiling prices will be filed by the Office of Price Stabilization with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. On and after the date of receipt of a copy of this special order, with notice of prices annexed, but in no event later than March 17, 1952, no seller at retail may offer or sell any article covered by this special order at a price higher than the ceiling price established

by this special order. Sales may, of course, be made at less than the ceiling prices.

2. The retail ceiling price of an article fixed by paragraph 1 of this special order shall apply to any other article of the same type which is otherwise priceable under Ceiling Price Regulation 7 by retailers subject to that regulation, having the same selling price and terms of sale to the retailer, the same brand or company name and first sold by the wholesaler after the effective date of this special order.

3. On and after March 17, 1952, Dawnelle, Inc., must mark each article for which a ceiling price has been established in paragraph 1 of this special order with the retail ceiling price under this special order, or attach to the article a label, tag or ticket stating the retail ceiling price. This mark or statement must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price \$-----

On and after April 16, 1952, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is marked or tagged in the form stated above. Prior to April 16, 1952, unless the article is marked or tagged in this form, the retailer shall comply with the marking, tagging, and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special order.

Upon issuance of any amendment to this special order which either adds an article to those already listed in the wholesaler's application or changes the retail ceiling price of a listed article, the applicant named in this special order must comply, as to each such article, with the preticketing requirements of this paragraph within 30 days after the effective date of the amendment. After 60 days from the effective date, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is ticketed in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Prior to the expiration of the 60-day period, unless the article is so ticketed, the retailer shall comply with the marking, tagging, and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special order.

4. Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, the wholesaler shall send a copy of this special order to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, the wholesaler had delivered any article covered in paragraph 1 of this special order. Copies shall also be sent to all other purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery of any such article subsequent to the effective date of this special order, and shall be accompanied by copies of each amendment thereto (if any) issued prior to the date of the delivery. The wholesaler shall annex to the special order a notice, listing the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling price fixed by this special order for an article of that cost. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
Price to retailers	Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1
\$----- per----- (unit, dozen, etc.)	\$-----
Terms (net, etc.) percent F.O.M.	

Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, two copies of this notice must also be filed by the wholesaler with the Distribution Price Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C. Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this special order, the wholesaler shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, the wholesaler had delivered any article the sale of which is affected in any manner by the amendment.

5. Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, the wholesaler shall file with the Distribution Price Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which he has delivered in that 6-month period.

6. The provisions of this special order establish the ceiling price for sales at retail of the articles covered by it regardless of whether the retailer is otherwise subject to Ceiling Price Regulation 7 or any other regulation.

7. This special order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended, or amended by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

8. The provisions of this special order are applicable to the United States and the District of Columbia.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective January 17, 1952.

MICHAEL V. DiSALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 16, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-750; Filed, Jan. 16, 1952;
5:00 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43,
Special Order 188, Amdt. 3]

JULIUS KAYSER & Co.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This amendment to Special Order 188 establishes new retail ceiling prices for certain of the applicant's branded articles. These new retail ceiling prices are listed in paragraph 1 of the special order and marked with an asterisk. The ceiling prices established prior to this amend-

ment and still in effect are listed without an asterisk.

The Director has determined, on the basis of information available to him, that the retail ceiling prices requested are in line with those already granted and are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Amendatory provisions. Special Order 188 under Ceiling Price Regulation 7, section 43, is amended in the following respects:

1. Delete paragraph 1 of the special order and substitute therefor the following:

1. The following ceiling prices are established for sales by any seller at retail of women's and children's underwear, hosiery and gloves manufactured or distributed by Julius Kayser & Co., having the brand names "Kayser" and "Kneelast" and described in the manufacturer's or wholesaler's application dated April 17, 1951, and supplemented and amended by the manufacturer's or wholesaler's applications, dated August 10, 1951, October 22, 1951 and November 26, 1951.

The ceiling prices listed below which are marked with an asterisk shall become effective on receipt of a copy of this order by the retailer, but in no event later than 30 days after the effective date of this order. Ceiling prices not marked with an asterisk are effective upon the effective date of this order. Sales may, of course, be made below the retail ceiling prices.

The ceiling prices to retailers listed below are subject to terms of 1 percent, 10 days E. O. M. or Net 60 days from date of invoice.

GLOVES

Selling price to retailers (per dozen):	Ceiling price at retail (per unit)
\$7.25	\$1.00
\$8.50	1.25
\$10.00 through \$10.50	1.50
\$11.50	1.65
\$13.50 through \$14.00	2.00
\$15.50	2.25
\$17.00 through \$17.25	2.50
\$20.50 through \$21.00	3.00
\$23.50	3.50
\$27.00	4.00
\$31.50	4.50
\$35.00	5.00
\$38.50	5.50
\$42.00	6.00
\$45.50	6.50
\$49.00	7.00
\$52.50	7.50
\$56.00	8.00
\$59.50 through \$61.00	9.00

HOSIERY

\$8.50	*\$1.15
\$8.85 through \$9.10	1.25
\$9.65 through \$9.75	1.35
\$10.35	1.45
\$10.50 through \$10.80	1.50
\$11.50	*1.65
\$11.75 through \$11.85	1.65
\$12.25 through \$12.60	1.75
\$13.00 through \$13.15	1.85
\$13.50 through \$14.00	1.95
\$14.75	*2.15
\$15.50 through \$15.75	2.25
\$17.25	2.50
\$20.50	2.95

ANKLETS

\$2.85	\$0.39
\$3.50	.49
\$4.25	.59
\$4.75	.65
\$5.75	.79

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR

Selling price to retailers (per dozen):	Ceiling price at retail (per unit)
\$5.25	\$0.75
\$5.50	.79
\$5.90	.85
\$6.25	.89
\$7.00	1.00
\$8.00	1.15
\$8.75	1.25
\$9.00	1.29
\$9.25	1.35
\$10.50	1.50
\$11.50 through \$11.75	1.65
\$12.00	1.75
\$14.00 through \$14.25	2.00
\$15.50 through \$15.75	2.25
\$17.50	2.50
\$19.25	2.75
\$21.00 through \$21.25	3.00
\$24.00	3.50
\$28.00	4.00
\$31.50	4.50
\$34.50	5.00
\$38.00	5.50
\$41.00	6.00
\$45.00	6.50
\$48.00	7.00
\$51.00	7.50
\$55.00	8.00
\$58.00	8.50
\$62.00	9.00
\$65.00	9.50
\$69.00	10.00
\$72.00	10.50
\$75.00	11.00
\$78.00	11.50
\$82.00	12.00
\$85.00	12.50
\$90.00	13.00
\$93.00	13.50
\$96.00	14.00
\$99.00	14.50
\$102.00	15.00

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR

\$3.50	\$0.49
\$4.25	.59
\$4.95	.69
\$5.65	.79
\$6.35	.89
\$7.20	1.00
\$8.25	1.15
\$8.50	1.19
\$8.75	1.25
\$9.25	1.29
\$10.00	1.39
\$10.50	1.49
\$10.75	1.50
\$11.75	1.69
\$12.25	1.75
\$12.75	1.79
\$13.50	1.89
\$14.25	2.00
\$15.50	2.25
\$17.50	2.50
\$24.00	3.50

2. Delete paragraph 4 of the special order and substitute therefor the following:

4. Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order the supplier shall send a copy of this special order to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, the supplier had delivered any article covered in paragraph 1 of this special order. Copies shall also be sent to all other purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery of any such article subsequent to the effective date of this special order, and shall be accompanied by copies of each amendment thereto issued prior to the date of the delivery.

Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this special order, the supplier shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, the supplier had delivered any article the sale of which is affected in any manner by the amendment.

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective January 16, 1952.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 16, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-746; Filed, Jan. 16, 1952;
4:59 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43,
Special Order 403, Amdt. 2]

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP.,
TELEVISION-RADIO DIVISION

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. Special Order 403 under section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7 established ceiling prices for sales at retail of television and radio home receivers manufactured by Westinghouse Electric Corporation, Television-Radio Division, having the brand name "Westinghouse."

This amendment to Special Order 403 issued under section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7 to Westinghouse Electric Corporation, Television-Radio Division adds new models to those for which ceiling prices at retail were established by the special order. These new models are listed in subparagraph 1 (c) of the special order.

The Director has determined, on the basis of information available to him, that the retail ceiling prices requested are in line with those already granted and are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Amendatory provisions. Special Order 403 under Ceiling Price Regulation 7, section 43, is amended in the following respects:

1. In paragraph 1 of the special order insert the sub-paragraph designation "(a)" after the paragraph designation "1".

2. Following paragraph 1 (b) now appearing in the special order, insert the following:

(c) The following ceiling prices are established for sales after the effective date of the special order by any seller at retail of television and radio home receivers manufactured by Westinghouse Electric Corporation, Television-Radio Division having the brand name "Westinghouse" and described in the manufacturer's application dated December 7, 1951.

Different ceiling prices are established for Zone 1 and Zone 2. Zone 2 is comprised of the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, West Texas, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. Zone 1 includes the remainder of the United States.

TELEVISION RECEIVERS

Model No.	Zone 1 ceiling price at retail ¹	Zone 2 ceiling price at retail ¹	Warranty for zones 1 and 2
H-689T16	\$272.25	\$282.25	\$10.00
H-667T17	271.41	281.41	10.00
H-668T17	283.98	293.98	10.00
H-676T21	322.66	332.66	15.00
H-678K17	341.32	351.32	10.00
H-679K17	356.94	366.94	10.00
H-673K21	495.81	505.81	15.00
H-690K21	430.44	440.44	15.00
H-691K21	433.00	443.00	15.00
H-686K21	457.90	467.90	15.00
H-688K24	665.85	675.85	20.00

¹ Including excise tax, but excluding warranty.

3. Delete paragraph 3 of the special order and substitute therefor the following:

3. *Notification to resellers*—(a) *Notice to be given by applicant.* (1) After receipt of this special order, a copy of this special order shall be sent by the applicant to each purchaser for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered in paragraph 1 of this special order.

(2) Within fifteen days after the effective date of this special order, the applicant shall send a copy of this special order to each purchaser for resale to whom within two months immediately prior to the receipt of this special order the applicant had delivered any article covered by paragraph 1 of this special order.

(3) The applicant must notify each purchaser for resale of any amendment to this special order in the same manner.

(4) The applicant must supply each purchaser for resale (other than a retailer) with sufficient copies of this special order and any amendment to permit such purchasers for resale to comply with the notification requirements of this special order.

(b) *Notice to be given by purchasers for resale (other than retailers).*

(1) A copy of this special order shall be sent by each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) to each of his purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery after receipt of a copy of this special order.

(2) Within fifteen days of receipt of the special order, each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) shall send a copy of the order to each of his purchasers to whom, within two months prior to receipt of this special order, his records indicate he had delivered any article covered by paragraph 1 of this special order.

(3) Each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) must notify each purchaser of any amendment to this special order in the same manner.

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective January 16, 1952.

MICHAEL V. DiSALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 16, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-747; Filed, Jan. 16, 1952; 4:59 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 752, Amdt. 1]

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, RCA VICTOR DIVISION

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. Special Order 752 under section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7 establishes ceiling prices for sales at retail of television receivers, radios, and record playing equipment manufactured by Radio Corporation of America, RCA Victor Division having the brand name "RCA Victor."

This amendment to Special Order 752 issued under section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7 to Radio Corporation of America, RCA Victor Division establishes new retail ceiling prices for certain of the applicant's branded articles. These new retail ceiling prices are listed in subparagraph 1 (b) of the special order.

In addition, this amendment adds, to those articles for which ceiling prices for sales at retail, were established by the special order, television bases.

The Director has determined, on the basis of information available to him, that the retail ceiling prices requested are in line with those already granted and are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Amendatory provisions. Special Order 752 under Ceiling Price Regulation 7, section 43, is amended in the following respects:

1. In paragraph 1 of the special order insert the subparagraph designation "(a)" after the paragraph designation "1."

2. Following paragraph 1, now appearing in the special order, insert the following:

(b) The following ceiling prices are established for sales after the effective date of the special order by any seller at retail of television receivers, radios and record playing equipment manufactured by Radio Corporation of America, RCA Victor Division having the brand name "RCA Victor" and described in the manufacturer's application dated December 20, 1951.

Different ceiling prices are established for Zone I and Zone II. Zone II is comprised of the states of North Carolina (except the following counties: Granville, Vance, Warren, Halifax, North Hampton, Hertford, Gates, Pasquotank, Camden, Currituck, Chowan, Perquimans, Bertie, Franklin, Nash, Edgecomb, Martin, Washington, Tyrrell, Dare, Wilson, Pitt, Beaufort, Hyde, Wayne, Greene, Lenoir, Craven, Duplin, Jones, Pamlico, Onslow, Pender, Carteret, Brunswick, and New Hanover), South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Virginia (including seven counties only: Grayson, Smyth, Washington, Russell, Wise, Scott, and Lee), Kentucky (including twelve counties only: Harlan, Bell, Leslie, Clay, Knox, Laurel, Whitley, Simpson, Logan, Todd, Christian, and Trigg), Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas (except: Fulton, Baxter, Marion, Boone, Carroll, and Benton), Missouri (Includ-

ing two counties only: Pemiscot and Dunklin), Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas (including six counties only: Logan, Wallace, Thomas, Sherman, Rawlins, and Cheyenne), New Mexico, Colorado, Nebraska (including eleven counties only: Deuel, Cheyenne, Kimball, Banner, Scotts Bluff, Box Butte, Garden, Morrill, Sioux, Dawes, and Sheridan), South Dakota (including nine counties only): Shannon, Fall River, Custer, Pennington, Lawrence, Butte, Harding, Perkins, and Meade), Wyoming, Montana (except Daniels, Sheridan, Roosevelt, and Richland), Utah, Arizona, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, Nevada, and California. Zone I includes the remainder of the United States.

TELEVISION RECEIVERS

Model No.	Zone 1 ceiling price at retail (including tax and warranty) ¹ (per unit)	Zone 2 ceiling price at retail (including tax and warranty) ¹ (per unit)
17T150—Metal-maroon	\$259.95	\$259.95
17T151—Metal-mahogany grain	279.95	279.95
17T163—Wood mahogany Walnut	339.50	339.50
17T173—Wood mahogany Walnut	339.50	339.50
21T163—Wood mahogany Walnut	379.50	379.50
21T165—Wood mahogany Walnut	425.00	425.00
21T165—Wood mahogany Oak	445.00	445.00

RADIO RECEIVERS

PX600—Battery AC-DC	39.50	39.50
---------------------	-------	-------

RECORD PLAYERS

43J2	16.75	16.75
43EY2	34.95	34.95
43EY3	39.95	39.95
43EY4	49.95	49.95

TELEVISION BASES

70B-S— Wood maroon	18.95	19.95
Mahogany grain	18.95	19.95
Black grain	18.95	19.95
210B-2— Wood base mahog- any	20.00	20.00
Wood walnut	20.00	20.00
Wood oak	22.50	22.50

¹ Included in the retail price is a warranty as to any parts, including the kinescope, which may be found to be defective within 90 days from the date of the original sale at retail.

3. Delete paragraph 3 of the special order and substitute therefor the following:

3. *Notification to resellers*—(a) *Notice to be given by applicant.* (1) After receipt of this special order, a copy of this special order shall be sent by the applicant to each purchaser for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered in paragraph 1 of this special order.

(2) Within fifteen days after the effective date of this special order, the applicant shall send a copy of this special order to each purchaser for resale to whom within two months immediately

prior to the receipt of this special order the applicant had delivered any article covered by paragraph 1 of this special order.

(3) The applicant must notify each purchaser for resale of any amendment to this special order in the same manner.

(4) The applicant must supply each purchaser for resale (other than a retailer) with sufficient copies of this special order and any amendment to permit such purchasers for resale to comply with the notification requirements of this special order.

(b) *Notice to be given by purchasers for resale (other than retailer).* (1) A copy of this special order shall be sent by each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) to each of his purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery after receipt of a copy of this special order.

(2) Within fifteen days of receipt of this special order, each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) shall send a copy of the order to each of his purchasers to whom, within two months prior to receipt of this special order, his records indicate he had delivered any article covered by paragraph 1 of this special order.

(3) Each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) must notify each purchaser of any amendment to this special order in the same manner.

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective January 16, 1952.

MICHAEL V. DiSALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 16, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-749; Filed, Jan. 16, 1952;
4:59 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43,
Special Order 483, Amdt. 2]

MACKIE-LOVEJOY MANUFACTURING CO.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This amendment to Special Order 483 establishes new retail ceiling prices for certain of the applicant's branded articles. These new retail ceiling prices are listed in paragraph 2 of the special order and marked with an asterisk. The ceiling prices established prior to this amendment and still in effect are listed without an asterisk.

The Director has determined, on the basis of information available to him, that the retail ceiling prices requested are in line with those already granted and are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Amendatory provisions. Special Order 483 under Ceiling Price Regulation 7, section 43, is amended in the following respects:

1. Delete paragraph 2 of the special order and substitute therefor the following:

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* The following ceiling prices are established for sales after the effective date of this special order by any seller at retail of garment hangers manufactured or distributed by Mackie-Lovejoy

Manufacturing Co., having the brand name "The Setwell Warranted" and described in the suppliers application dated June 22, 1951, as supplemented and amended by the suppliers applications dated September 25, 1951 and December 18, 1951.

The ceiling prices listed below which are marked with an asterisk shall become effective on receipt of a copy of this order by the retailer, but in no event later than 30 days after the effective date of this order. Ceiling prices not marked with an asterisk are effective upon the effective date of this order. Sales may, of course, be made below the retail ceiling prices.

The selling prices to retailers listed below are subject to terms of 2 percent 30 days, net 60, with freight allowance of 50¢ cwt. on orders of \$25.00 and over. All prices F. O. B. Chicago or Beulah, Michigan.

Selling price to retailers (per dozen):	Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)
\$2.05-----	*\$0.29
\$3.08 through \$3.10-----	*.45
\$3.75 through \$3.90-----	*.55
\$5.62 through \$6.00-----	*.85
\$7.12 through \$7.92-----	*1.15
Per dozen sets of 4: \$15.80-----	Per set of 4: *\$2.20

2. In paragraph 7 of the special order delete subparagraph (a) and substitute therefor the following:

(a) *Sending order to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

3. In paragraph 7 of the special order delete subparagraph (b) and substitute therefor the following:

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

4. In paragraph 7 of the special order delete subparagraph (d).

5. Delete paragraph 8 and insert the word "Deleted" after the paragraph designation "8".

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective January 16, 1952.

MICHAEL V. DiSALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 16, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-748; Filed, Jan. 16, 1952;
4:59 p. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. G-1772, G-1847, G-1849, G-1852,
G-1853, G-1869]

TEXAS GAS TRANSMISSION CORP. ET AL.

ORDER CONSOLIDATING PROCEEDINGS, PROVIDING FOR HEARING, AND DIRECTING THAT A PREHEARING CONFERENCE BE HELD

JANUARY 15, 1952.

In the matters of Texas Gas Transmission Corporation, Docket No. G-1847;

Ohio River Pipeline Corporation, Docket No. G-1772; Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Docket No. G-1849; Louisiana Natural Gas Corporation, Docket No. G-1852; Texas Northern Gas Corporation, Docket No. G-1853; United Gas Pipe Line Company, Docket No. G-1869.

On December 3, 1951, Texas Gas Transmission Corporation (Texas Gas), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at Owensboro, Kentucky, filed an application at Docket No. G-1847 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, authorizing the construction and operation, among other things, of approximately 407.62 miles of 26-inch main line loops, two new compressor stations with an aggregate of 11,840 horsepower, and an additional compressor capacity of 14,980 horsepower, all as more fully described in the application and in the notice thereof published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on December 10, 1951 (16 F. R. 12730-31).

On August 22, 1951, Ohio River Pipeline Corporation, an Indiana corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Indiana Gas & Water Company, Inc. (Indiana Gas), with its principal place of business at Indianapolis, Indiana, filed an application at Docket No. G-1772 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of pipeline facilities to connect the facilities of Texas Gas in Kentucky with those of Indiana Gas in the Jeffersonville, Indiana, area and for the sale of natural gas to the latter, all as more fully described in the application and in the notice thereof published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on September 6, 1951 (16 F. R. 9058).

On December 4, 1951, Louisville Gas and Electric Company (Louisville Gas), a Kentucky corporation with its principal place of business at Louisville, Kentucky, filed an application at Docket No. G-1849 pursuant to section 7 (b) for permission and approval to abandon its present natural-gas service to Indiana Gas in the Jeffersonville area, all as more fully described in the application, and in the notice thereof published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on December 28, 1951 (16 F. R. 13107). Louisville Gas receives a substantial portion of its supply from Texas Gas.

On December 11, 1951, Louisiana Natural Gas Corporation (Louisiana Natural), a Louisiana corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Texas Gas, and Texas Northern Gas Corporation (Texas Northern), a Delaware corporation and also a wholly-owned subsidiary of Texas Gas, with their principal places of business at Lake Charles, Louisiana, filed applications at Docket No. G-1852 and G-1853, respectively, for certificates of public convenience and necessity authorizing the operation of existing natural-gas transmission pipe-line facilities to be used to transport volumes of natural gas to Texas Gas in the North Tepehate Field, Louisiana, all as more fully described in the applications and in the notices thereof published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on December 22, 1951 (16 F. R. 12917-18).

On January 3, 1952, United Gas Pipe Line Company (United), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at Shreveport, Louisiana, filed an application at Docket No. G-1869 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity to operate facilities certificated in the Matter of United Gas Pipe Line Company, Docket No. G-1447, for the transportation and sale of natural gas to Texas Gas, all as more fully described in the application and in the notice thereof published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By order issued December 26, 1951, at Docket No. G-1847, the Commission directed that a prehearing conference be held for the purpose set forth therein on January 22, 1952, in Washington, D. C., notice of such prehearing conference was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on January 3, 1952 (17 F. R. 95-96).

On January 9, 1952, Louisville Gas filed a motion at Docket No. G-1849 requesting the Commission to consolidate the proceeding at the aforesaid docket with those at Docket Nos. G-1847 and G-1772, and to direct that a prehearing conference be held at Docket No. G-1849 simultaneously with the prehearing conference heretofore ordered by the Commission at Docket No. G-1847.

The Commission finds:

(1) Orderly procedure requires that the Commission, upon the request of Louisville Gas and further on its own motion, consolidate the applications filed at Docket Nos. G-1847, G-1772, G-1849, G-1852, G-1853, and G-1869 for purpose of hearing.

(2) To aid in expediting the orderly conduct and disposition of the required hearing in these proceedings, it is appropriate and in the public interest that a prehearing conference be held as hereinafter ordered in the proceedings at Docket Nos. G-1772, G-1849, G-1852, G-1853, and G-1869 at the date and place fixed and for the purposes stated in the order of the Commission issued December 26, 1951, at Docket No. G-1847.

The Commission orders:

(A) The said applications at Docket Nos. G-1847, G-1772, G-1849, G-1852, G-1853 and G-1869, be and they are hereby consolidated for purpose of hearing to be held at a date and place to be fixed by further order of the Commission.

(B) Pursuant to the provisions of § 1.18 of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a prehearing conference be held in Docket Nos. G-1772, G-1849, G-1852, G-1853, and G-1869, simultaneously with the prehearing conference scheduled to be held on January 22, 1952, at Docket No. G-1847.

(C) All parties to these consolidated proceedings, including counsel for the Staff of the Commission, may participate at such prehearing conference as provided by § 1.18 of said rules.

Date of issuance: January 16, 1952.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-770; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1861]

MISSISSIPPI GAS CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

JANUARY 15, 1952.

Take notice that Mississippi Gas Company (Applicant), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at Meridian, Mississippi, filed on December 26, 1951, an application, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing it to lease and operate certain facilities used in the transportation and sale of natural gas in interstate commerce, as hereinafter set forth.

Applicant proposes to lease and operate a pipe line from 2 to 8 inches in diameter extending approximately 99 miles in a northerly direction from a point on the main line of Southern Natural Gas Company near its Louisville compressor station in Winston County, Mississippi, to the town of Bruce in Calhoun County, Mississippi, together with lateral lines and facilities for the distribution of natural gas in 12 communities comprised within the North Central Natural Gas District. The District will construct and own such facilities.

Applicant requests that its application be heard under the shortened procedure provided by the Commission's rules. Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 4th day of February 1952. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-771; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:45 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 26705]

PIG LEAD FROM RICHMOND, VA., TO NEW
JERSEY AND PENNSYLVANIA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 17, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Boin, Agent, for carriers parties to tariffs named in exhibit A of the application, pursuant to fourth-section order No. 9800.

Commodities involved: Lead in pigs, and antimonial lead in pigs, carloads.

From: Richmond, Va.

To: Carney's Point, N. J., Crescentville and Philadelphia, Pa.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes. Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other

than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-794; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26706]

SODA ASH FROM BATON ROUGE AND NORTH
BATON ROUGE, LA., TO TENNESSEE AND
GEORGIA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 17, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1167.

Commodities involved: Soda ash, carloads.

From: Baton Rouge and North Baton Rouge, La.

To: Chattanooga and North Chattanooga, Tenn., and Rossville, Ga.

Grounds for relief: Competition with water carriers.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-795; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:48 a. m.]

[Sec. 5a, Application 38]

CALIFORNIA HOUSEHOLD GOODS CARRIERS'
BUREAU

APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF AGREEMENT

JANUARY 17, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered applica-

tion for approval of an agreement under the provisions of section 5a of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed January 14, 1952 by: Columbia Van Lines, Inc., 5851 South Hoover Street, Los Angeles, Calif.

Agreement involved: An agreement between and among common carriers by motor vehicle relating to rates and charges and rules and regulations pertaining thereto, applicable to the transportation in interstate or foreign commerce of household goods, and related articles, between points in California, and procedures for the joint initiation, consideration, and establishment thereof.

The complete application may be inspected at the office of the Commission in Washington, D. C.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 20 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTELL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-821; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:53 a. m.]

[Sec. 5a, Application 39]

**WESTERN STATES MOVERS' CONFERENCE
APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF AGREEMENT
JANUARY 17, 1952.**

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for approval of an agreement under the provisions of section 5a of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed January 14, 1952, by: Woodrow W. DeWitt and Margaret DeWitt, d/b/a DeWitt Transfer and Storage Company, 6060 North Figueroa Street, Los Angeles 42, Calif.

Agreement involved: An agreement between and among common carriers by motor vehicle relating to rates and charges and rules and regulations pertaining thereto applicable to the transportation of household goods between points in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming, and procedures for the joint initiation, consideration, and establishment thereof.

The complete application may be inspected at the office of the Commission in Washington, D. C.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 20 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, persons other than ap-

plicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTELL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-822; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:53 a. m.]

**OFFICE OF DEFENSE
MOBILIZATION**

[CDHA 33]

**FINDING AND DETERMINATION OF CRITICAL
DEFENSE HOUSING AREAS UNDER DE-
FENSE HOUSING AND COMMUNITY FA-
CILITIES AND SERVICES ACT OF 1951**

JANUARY 21, 1952.

Upon a review of the construction of new defense plants and installations, and the reactivation or expansion of operations of existing defense plants and installations, and the in-migration of defense workers or military personnel to carry out activities at such plants or installations, and the availability of housing and community facilities and services for such defense workers and military personnel in each of the areas set forth below, I find that all of the conditions set forth in section 101 (b) of the Defense Housing and Community Facilities and Services Act of 1951 (Public Law 139, 82d Cong., 1st sess.) exist.

Accordingly, pursuant to section 101 of the Defense Housing and Community Facilities and Services Act of 1951 and by virtue of the authority vested in me by paragraph number 1 of Executive Order 10296 of October 2, 1951, I hereby determine that each of said areas is a critical defense housing area.

Warner Robins, Georgia Area. (The area consists of Houston County, Georgia).

Baraboo, Wisconsin Area. (The area includes Sauk County; and the towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi, Newport, West Point, Pacific and the cities of Lodi, Portage and Wisconsin Dells and the village of Poynette, in Columbia County; Wisconsin).

C. E. WILSON,
Director,

Office of Defense Mobilization.

[F. R. Doc. 52-910; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
10:23 a. m.]

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE
COMMISSION**

[File No. 1-1412]

NORTH AMERICAN OIL CONSOLIDATED

**NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM
LISTING AND REGISTRATION, AND OF
OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING**

JANUARY 16, 1952.

The San Francisco Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12D2-1 (b) promulgated thereunder,

has made application to strike from registration and listing the Capital Stock, \$10 Par Value, of North American Oil Consolidated.

The application alleges that the reasons for striking this security from registration and listing on this exchange are as follows:

(1) An offer was made by Harker & Co., of Los Angeles, California, on behalf of one Tevis F. Morrow, of Los Angeles, California, to purchase all of the outstanding shares of the above security at a price of \$80 per share net to shareholders.

(2) As of February 27, 1951, all but about 3,000 shares of the approximately 271,000 shares outstanding had been acquired pursuant to the above offer.

(3) Thereafter the issuer sold its properties and approved a voluntary plan of dissolution.

(4) The above security was suspended from dealings on applicant exchange at the opening of business March 2, 1951.

Upon receipt of a request, prior to February 20, 1952, from any interested person for a hearing in regard to terms to be imposed upon the delisting of this security, the Commission will determine whether to set the matter down for hearing. Such request should state briefly the nature of the interest of the person requesting the hearing and the position he proposes to take at the hearing with respect to imposition of terms or conditions. In addition, any interested person may submit his views or any additional facts bearing on this application by means of a letter addressed to the Secretary of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D. C. If no one requests a hearing on this matter, this application will be determined by order of the Commission on the basis of the facts stated in the application, and other information contained in the official file of the Commission pertaining to this matter.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-776; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2767]

**UNITED GAS CORP. AND UNITED GAS PIPE
LINE CO.**

**ORDER REGARDING ISSUANCE AND SALE OF
PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF BONDS AND RE-
LATED TRANSACTIONS**

JANUARY 16, 1952.

United Gas Corporation ("United"), a gas utility, subsidiary of Electric Bond and Share Company, a registered holding company, and United's wholly-owned subsidiary, United Gas Pipe Line Company ("Pipe Line"), having filed an application-declaration pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, particularly sections 6 (a), 7, 9 (a) (1), 10, and 12 thereof, and Rule U-50 of the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder with respect to the following proposed transactions:

On June 21, 1951, the Commission issued its Findings and Opinion and Order concerning the over-all financing program of United and Pipe Line to meet their construction program (Holding Company Act Release No. 10636). Pursuant to the authorization there granted, United issued and sold 1,065,330 shares of common stock pursuant to a rights offering, and \$50,000,000 principal amount of First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Bonds, 3½ percent Series, due 1971, pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50. Proceeds from the sales of these securities, together with treasury cash were used by United to acquire from Pipe Line, for cash at par, \$25,000,000 principal amount of Pipe Line's 4 percent First Mortgage Bonds, due June 1971, and \$45,000,000 principal amount of Pipe Line's 4½ percent Sinking Fund Debentures, due 1971.

As the second step in its over-all program, United proposes to issue and sell pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, \$50,000,000 principal amount of its First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Bonds -- Percent Series, due 1972. Such bonds will be issued under and secured by United's Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of October 1, 1944, as supplemented by the First, Second, Third and Fourth Supplemental Indentures, and to be supplemented by a Fifth Supplemental Indenture.

Proceeds from the sale of the bonds, together with treasury cash, will be used by United to purchase from Pipe Line for cash, at par, plus accrued interest \$45,000,000 principal amount of Pipe Line's First Mortgage Bonds, 4 percent Series, due 1971, and \$10,000,000 principal amount of Pipe Line's 4½ percent Sinking Fund Debentures, due 1971. The bonds proposed to be issued and sold to United by Pipe Line will be issued under Pipe Line's Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of September 25, 1944, as supplemented and to be supplemented by the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Supplemental Indentures, and will be pledged under United's Mortgage and Deed of Trust. The debentures proposed to be issued and sold by Pipe Line will be issued under its Debenture Agreement dated as of June 25, 1951.

Proceeds from the sale of securities by Pipe Line to United will be used in connection with Pipe Line's construction program and for other general corporate purposes. The application-declaration states that United and Pipe Line will have expended \$91,000,000 towards their over-all construction program by December 31, 1951, and that it is contemplated that the remaining \$82,500,000 will be expended during the year 1952.

Notice of the filing of said application-declaration having been given in the form and manner required by Rule U-23 promulgated pursuant to said act, the Commission not having received a request for hearing within the time specified in said notice or otherwise, and the Commission not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission finding that the proposed transactions are in compliance with the applicable standards of the act,

that no adverse findings are necessary in connection therewith and that it is appropriate that said application-declaration be granted and permitted to become effective subject to the terms and conditions hereinafter stated, and the Commission also deeming it appropriate to grant applicants'-declarants' request that the order herein become effective forthwith upon its issuance:

It is ordered, Pursuant to said Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act that said application-declaration be, and the same hereby is, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions contained in Rule U-24 and subject to the following additional conditions:

(1) That the issuance and sale of said bonds shall not be consummated until the results of competitive bidding pursuant to Rule U-50 shall have been made a matter of record in these proceedings and a further order shall have been entered by the Commission in the light of the record as so completed; and

(2) That jurisdiction be, and the same hereby is, reserved with respect to the payment of fees and expenses incurred or to be incurred in connection with the proposed transactions.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-777; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 1-1652]

HORDER'S, INC.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION, AND OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING

JANUARY 15, 1952.

The Midwest Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12D2-1 (b) promulgated thereunder, has made application to strike from registration and listing the Common Stock, No Par Value, of Horder's, Incorporated.

The application alleges that the reasons for striking this security from registration and listing on this exchange are as follows:

(1) There were no shares of this security traded on the Midwest Stock Exchange during the period from January 1, 1951, to November 1, 1951.

(2) As a result of the cessation of trading in this security on this exchange, the security has been placed on the inactive list of applicant exchange.

(3) The issuer has advised the exchange that 123,000 shares are issued and outstanding, of which 36,000 are held by the issuer's officers, directors and members of their families as holders of record, 3,000 shares are held by employees of the issuer as holders of record, and 29,000 shares are held by 13 other individuals and one securities dealer as holders of record, with the result that 75 of the 540 shareholders own approximately 53 percent of the shares outstanding.

(4) The Board of Directors of the issuer on October 24, 1951, adopted reso-

lutions authorizing its officers to take action necessary to effect the withdrawal of the above security from registration and listing on applicant exchange, and the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the issuer, pursuant to this authority, requested applicant exchange to file application with the Commission to terminate the registration and listing of this security on that exchange.

(5) In the opinion of the Executive Committee of applicant exchange, data set forth above with respect to volume of trading in this security on this exchange, and data set forth hereinabove with respect to the distribution of this security among stockholders, indicates that this security is no longer adaptable to an auction market such as is maintained on applicant exchange.

Upon receipt of a request, prior to February 13, 1952, from any interested person for a hearing in regard to terms to be imposed upon the delisting of this security, the Commission will determine whether to set the matter down for hearing. Such request should state briefly the nature of the interest of the person requesting the hearing and the position he proposes to take at the hearing with respect to imposition of terms or conditions. In addition, any interested person may submit his views or any additional facts bearing on this application by means of a letter addressed to the Secretary of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D. C. If no one requests a hearing on this matter, this application will be determined by order of the Commission on the basis of the facts stated in the application, and other information contained in the official file of the Commission pertaining to this matter.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-774; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 812-741]

INVESTORS DIVERSIFIED SERVICES, INC.

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION

JANUARY 15, 1952.

Investors Diversified Services, Inc., a registered investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, has filed an application pursuant to Rule N-17D-1 of the general rules and regulations under the Investment Company Act of 1940, regarding a proposed incentive pay plan under which payments are to be made on or about October 1, 1952, based on business done during the year 1951, to members of its sales organization designated as district managers and sales representatives whose remuneration is on a commission basis and also divisional office secretaries, all of whom are engaged directly and indirectly in the sale of securities for which the applicant is underwriter. The plan is of similar purport, terms and conditions as a like plan for the year 1950.

Said application having been filed on August 17, 1951; said notice of filing of said application having been duly given in the manner and form prescribed by Rule N-5 under the act; the Commission not having received a request for hearing within the period prescribed in such notice; and a hearing not appearing necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors;

Wherefore, the Commission having considered said application finds that participation in the proposed plan by the applicant is not substantially different from or less advantageous than that of other participants therein; that the provisions of the plans are consistent with the policy and purpose set forth in section 1 (b) of the Investment Company Act of 1940; and that the provisions of the plans are not in contravention of sections 18 and 23 (a) or any other provisions of the act.

It is therefore ordered, That said application of Investors Diversified Services, Inc. be and the same is hereby granted.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-775; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:47 a. m.]

UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION

[Investigation 8]

CANDIED, CRYSTALLIZED OR GLACE
CHERRIES

NOTICE OF HEARING

A public hearing has been ordered by the United States Tariff Commission in the Hearing Room, Tariff Commission Building, 8th and E Streets NW., Washington, D. C., beginning at 10 a. m. on March 10, 1952, in the investigation with respect to cherries, candied, crystallized, or glace, instituted on October 31, 1951, under section 7 of the Trade Agreements Extension Act of 1951 (16 F. R. 11399).

Request to appear: Parties desiring to appear, to produce evidence, and to be heard at the public hearing should file request in writing with the Secretary, United States Tariff Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in advance of the date of the hearing.

I certify that the above public hearing was ordered by the Tariff Commission on the 16th day of January 1952.

[SEAL] DONN N. BENT,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-800; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

[Vesting Order 18703]

SAM SUGATA ET AL.

In re: Rights of Sam Sugata et al. under insurance contract. File No. F-39-4833-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Sam Sugata, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Sam Sugata, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Japan, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

3. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Policy No. 7 963 467 A issued by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Lyda M. Sugata, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Sam Sugata, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 15, 1952.

For the Attorney General,

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-804; Filed, Jan. 21, 1951;
8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18704]

ASSECURANZ-UNION VON 1865 ET AL.

In re: Funds owned by Assecuranz-Union von 1865 and others. F-28-7527, F-28-14422.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451;

Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR, 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR, 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the persons whose names are set forth in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, whose last known addresses were on February 15, 1951, Germany, were, if individuals, on February 15, 1951, and on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, residents of Germany and were, if corporations, partnerships, associations, or other business organizations, on February 15, 1951, and on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, organized under the laws and had had their principal places of business in Germany, and were on February 15, 1951, and prior to January 1, 1947, nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the sum of \$1,773.04 was paid to the Attorney General of the United States by American Foreign Insurance Association, New York, New York, agent for Great American Insurance Company, pursuant to an order of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, entered July 24, 1950, in the matter of Companhia De Navegacao Lloyd Brasileiro for limitation of or exemption from liability, as owner of the S. S. "Mandu", A-12172;

3. That the said sum of \$1,773.04 was accepted by or on behalf of the Attorney General of the United States on February 15, 1951, pursuant to the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, and

4. That the said sum of \$1,773.04 is presently in the possession of the Attorney General of the United States and on February 15, 1951, and prior to January 1, 1947, was property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the persons named in said Exhibit A, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

5. That the national interest of the United States required on February 15, 1951, that such persons be treated as persons, who prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The vesting order is issued nunc pro tunc to confirm the vesting of the said property by acceptance as aforesaid.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 15, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Name of Company or Individual and Address

Albingia, Germany.
Jduna Transport und Ruckversicherungs A. G., Germany.
Jultus Kern, Jr., Germany.
Nordisches Assekuranz-Kontor, Germany.
Assecuranz-Union von 1865, Germany.
Acos Roehling-Buderus do Brazil, Ltda., Germany.
Allgemeine Versicherungs Gesellschaft "Helvetia", Germany.
Gerhard Bagelmann, Germany.
Albingia, V. A. G., Germany.
Die Danzig, V. A. G., Germany.
National Allgemeine V. A. G., Germany.
Oberrheinische V. G., Germany.
Roland V. A. G., Germany.
Sachsische, V. A. G., Germany.
C.-Heinr. F. Meyer, Germany.
Allianz & Stuttgarter Verein V. A. G., Germany.
Nord-Deutsche V. G., Germany.
Schroeder, Sudeck & Duve, Germany.
Hamburger Phoenix V. G., Germany.
Carl C. Peiner, Germany.
J. Heinr. Schmidt, Germany.
Gustav Ziegler, Germany.
N. V. Ollenfabrieken T. Duyvis Jz, Germany.
Mannheim Insurance Company, Germany.
Wurtembergische T. V. G. zu Heilbronn, Germany.

[F. R. Doc. 52-805; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18705]

DEUTSCHER FREIDENKER-VERBAND

In re: Bonds owned by and debt owing to Deutscher Freidenker-Verband.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR, 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR, 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Deutscher Freidenker-Verband, the last known address of which is Branchweig, Germany, is a corporation, partnership, association, or other business organization, which on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, was organized under the laws of and had its principal place of business in Germany and is, and prior to January 1, 1947, was, a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain United States Savings Bonds presently in the custody of The Amalgamated Bank of New York, 11-15 Union Square, New York City, in an account for "Denise Wanquier or Max Sievers, Attorney", together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto, and

b. That certain debt or other obligation of The Amalgamated Bank of New York, 11-15 Union Square, New York City, arising out of a Demand Deposit account in the name of Denise Wanquier or Max Sievers, Attorney, maintained with the aforesaid bank, together with any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Deutscher Freidenker-Verband, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That the national interest of, the United States requires that such person be treated as a person who is and prior to January 1, 1947, was a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 15, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-806; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18706]

IIICHI MATSUDA

In re: Stock owned by Iihichi Matsuda. D-39-17770.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Iihichi Matsuda whose last known address is Yamaguchi, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: Ten (10) shares \$100 par value common stock of I. Matsuda Company Ltd., in dissolution, c/o Ernest C. Gonsalves, Trustee for the Creditors and Stockholders, Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, said shares registered in the name of Iihichi Matsuda, together with all declared and unpaid dividends and any and all rights in dissolution,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on ac-

count of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 15, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-807; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17647, Amdt.]

DR. CARL ALEXANDER OHLIGSCHLAEGER

In re: Securities and bank account of Dr. Carl Alexander Ohligschlaeger. F-28-31412.

Vesting Order 17647, dated April 11, 1951, is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise: By deleting from said Vesting Order 17647 wherever it appears therein the name "Dr. Carl Alexander Ohligschlaeger" and substituting therefor the name "Dr. Carl Alexander Ohligschlaeger".

All other provisions of said Vesting Order 17647 and all actions taken by or on behalf of the Attorney General of the United States in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 15, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-815; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18707]

YUMI MATSUZAKI

In re: Stock owned by Yumi Matsuzaki. F-39-6999-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Yumi Matsuzaki, whose known address is 3894 Himegi-machi, Miyakonoji, Miyazaki-ken, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: Twenty (20) shares of no par value common stock of the West Penn Electric Company, 50 Broad Street New York City, evidenced by certificate number CO 15348, registered in the name of Yumi Matsuzaki, and presently in the custody of J. A. Hogle & Co., 507 West 6th Street, Los Angeles 14, California, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 15, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-808; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7153, Amdt.]

F. E. WERNER KOHL

In re: Stock owned by F. E. Werner Kohl.

Vesting Order 7153, dated July 17, 1946 is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise:

By deleting from subparagraph 2 of Vesting Order 7153 the Certificate Number "NYO 91" and substituting therefor the Certificate Number "NYO 1218".

All other provisions of said Vesting Order 7153 and all actions taken by or on behalf of the Alien Property Custodian or the Attorney General of the United States in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 15, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-813; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 8231, Amdt.]

HARTMAN HECKER

In re: Debt owing to and bonds owned by Hartman Hecker.

Vesting Order 8231, dated February 17, 1947, is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise:

a. By deleting from Exhibit A of said Vesting Order 8231 the bond number "352308" listed with regard to United States of America Savings Bond Series G and substituting therefor the bond number "3523308".

b. By deleting from said Exhibit A of Vesting Order 8231 the numbers "46432" and "65325" and the face amount "\$1,500" set forth with regard to United States of America 2% Treasury bonds and by adding to said Exhibit A of Vesting Order 8231 the following:

Name of issuer	Type of bond	Certificate No.	Face value
The United States of America.	United States of America 2½-percent Treasury Bond.	46432 and 65325	\$1,500

All other provisions of said Vesting Order 8231 and all actions taken by or on behalf of the Attorney General of the United States in reliance thereon pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 15, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-814; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18709]

ARTHUR WUNDERWALD

In re: Debt owing to the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Arthur Wunderwald, deceased. F-28-31673.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR, 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR, 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Arthur Wunderwald, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947 were residents of Germany and are, and prior to January 1, 1947 were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation of Robert G. Closterman, 320 Lumbermans Building, Portland, Oregon, arising out of the collection and receipt as attorney-in-fact of the distributive shares of the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of the Estate of Arthur Wunderwald, deceased, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Arthur Wunderwald, deceased, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as persons who are and prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 15, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-810; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952;
8:51 a. m.]